

From: [KKMTRAVEL](#)
To: [FLANAGAN, PATRICK S](#); [MCALEENAN, KEVIN K](#)
Subject: RE: VPOTUS - Event for Next Week
Date: Saturday, May 06, 2017 2:13:55 AM

Few key charts and TPs. I've already got this, but would like to see what the team pulls together.
Succinct.

From: FLANAGAN, PATRICK S
Sent: Friday, May 05, 2017 10:29:21 PM
To: MCALEENAN, KEVIN K
Subject: FW: VPOTUS - Event for Next Week

Don't fight the test. Or how it got routed to OPA. Will deal with that later.

VPOTUS brief next week. What do you want your brief to look like?

PPT or a few key charts and talking points.

We

V/R
Patrick

Patrick Flanagan
(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

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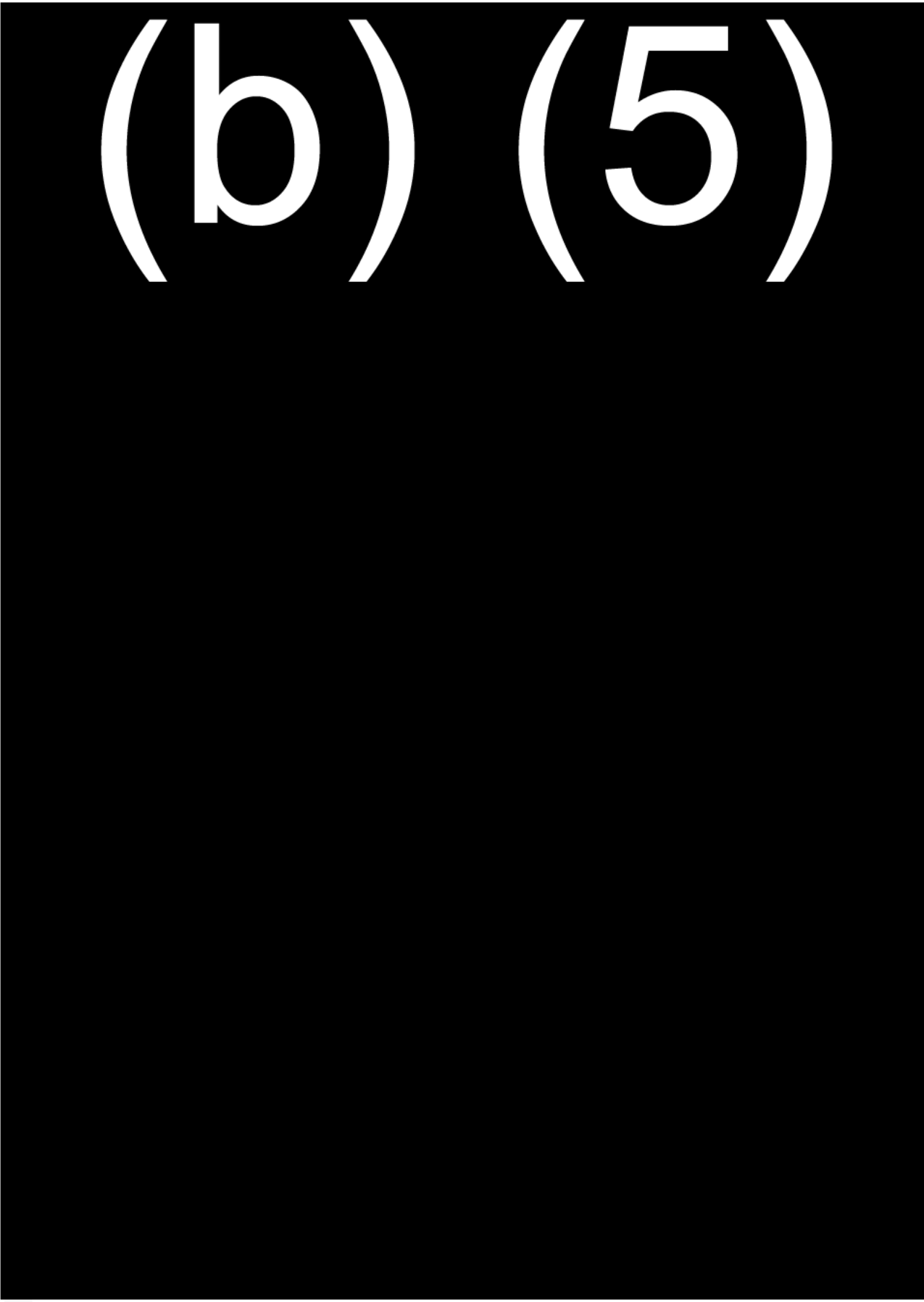
From: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
Sent: Friday, May 05, 2017 7:26 PM
To: FRIEL, MICHAEL J <(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)>; FLANAGAN, PATRICK S <(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)>; KOLBE, KATHRYN <(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)>; (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) <(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)>; BORKOWSKI, MARK S <(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)>; (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) <(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)>
Cc: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
Subject: VPOTUS - Event for Next Week

Good evening,
We were tasked by DHS to prepare a C1 briefing on the Wall and Southwest Border Migration (decline).
The attached and below is provided for your review/approval.
Very respectfully,

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
Director, Media Division
Office of Public Affairs
U.S. Customs and Border Protection
Office: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
iPhone: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

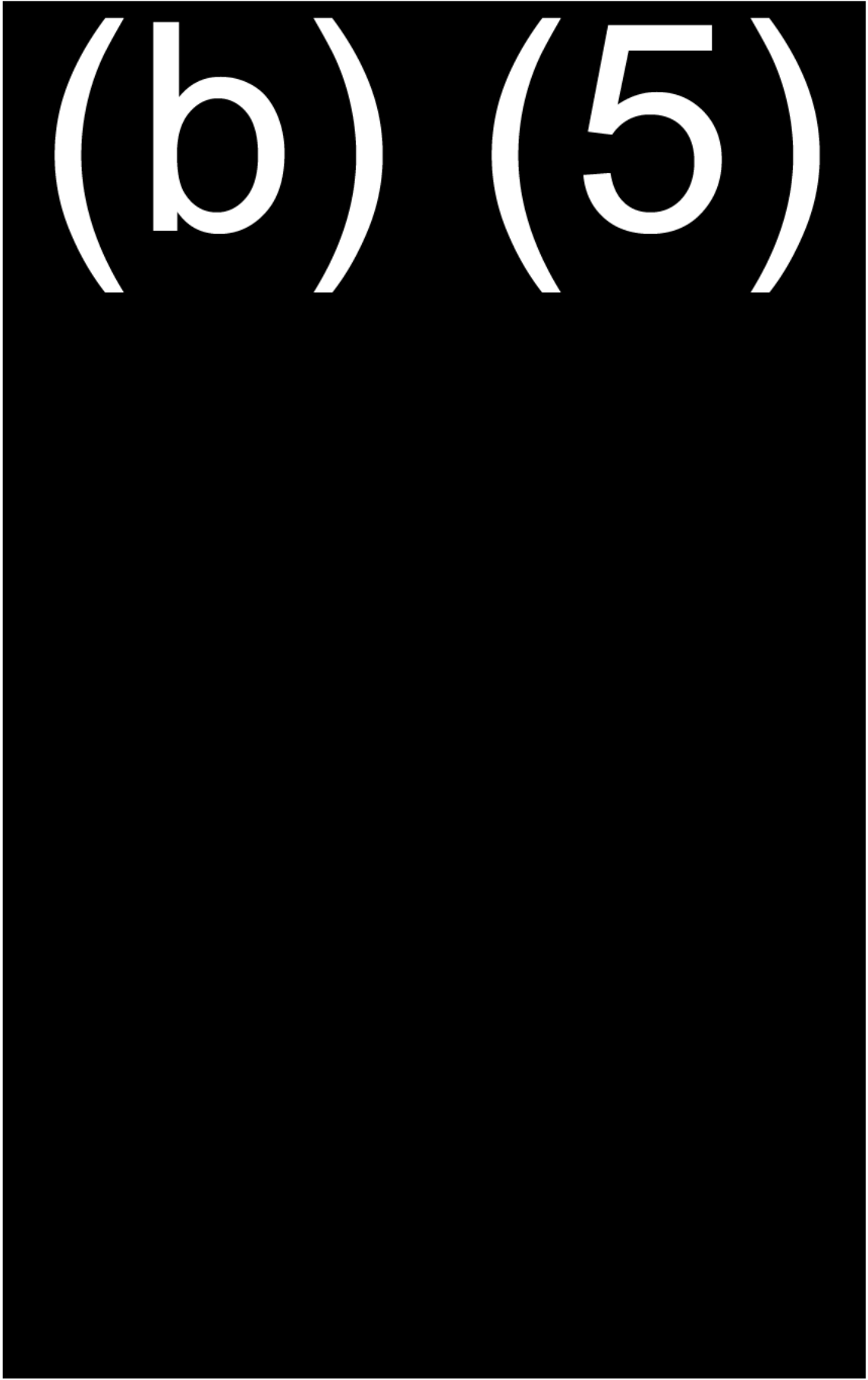
(b) (5)

(b) (5)



(b) (5)

(b) (5)



(b) (5)

(b) (5)

(b) (5)

(b) (5)

From: FRIEL, MICHAEL J

Sent: Thursday, May 04, 2017 5:30 PM

To: FLANAGAN, PATRICK S <(b) (6)>

Cc: (b) (6)

Subject: FW: Event for Next Week

Patrick,

FYSA. Will get to work on a package for review by COB tomorrow.

R/S

Mike

From: (b) (6)

Sent: Thursday, May 04, 2017 5:11:57 PM
To: Hamilton, Gene; (b) (6) FRIEL, MICHAEL J
Cc: (b) (6) Lapan, David; (b) (6)
Subject: Event for Next Week

Good afternoon,

We have been asked to plan an event for VPOTUS next week to highlight border security at the White House. Currently, we are looking at a closed door brief by S1, D1, and C1 on (b) (7)(E) and CBP apprehension numbers for the month of April and an update on wall RFP followed by a spray and brief VPOTUS and S1 statements. Targeting Wednesday or Thursday next week.

(b) (6) Mike: Can you pull together details and talkers for your areas?
Gene: Can you provide guidance on messaging?

This is very preliminary at this point, more to follow.

Thanks!

(b) (6)

(b) (6)
Director of Communications
Department of Homeland Security
(b) (6)

From: [FLANAGAN, PATRICK S](#)
To: [MCALEENAN, KEVIN K](#)
Subject: FW: DHS response to OMB passback: S1 Testimony - Border Security HSGAC 4/5
Date: Saturday, April 01, 2017 8:35:28 AM
Attachments: [REDACTED] (b) (5)

[REDACTED] (b) (5)

V/R
Patrick

From: Hamilton, Gene
Sent: Saturday, April 01, 2017 4:29:59 AM
To: (b) (6)
Cc: Nielsen, Kirstjen; (b) (6); QFR Group; (b) (6)
[REDACTED] FLANAGAN, PATRICK S; (b) (6)
Subject: RE: DHS response to OMB passback: S1 Testimony - Border Security HSGAC 4/5

Hi everyone,

I added some content, moved quite a bit around, added a few more subheadings, and cleaned it up a bit. I feel much better about this version.

Please let me know if you have any questions or comments. CBP – there was one fact I think we should point out, but need to research. [REDACTED] (b) (5)
[REDACTED] (b) (5) Can someone please confirm?

Thank you again for the opportunity to review.

Gene P. Hamilton
Senior Counselor to the Secretary
U.S. Department of Homeland Security

From: (b) (6)
Sent: Friday, March 31, 2017 3:59 PM
To: Hamilton, Gene; (b) (6)
[REDACTED]
Cc: Nielsen, Kirstjen <(b) (6)>
[REDACTED] QFR Group [REDACTED] (b) (7)(E) [REDACTED] (b) (6)
[REDACTED]; FLANAGAN, PATRICK S
[REDACTED] (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
[REDACTED]
Subject: RE: DHS response to OMB passback: S1 Testimony - Border Security HSGAC 4/5

Echoing Gene's comment below. We will not be able to meet OMB's deadline. Chief of staff and S1 will need to review once Gene has edited. S1's schedule is set with external events for

the rest of the day. The best window for review is tomorrow evening on the plane back.

From: Hamilton, Gene
Sent: Friday, March 31, 2017 3:49:47 PM
To: (b) (6)
Cc: Nielsen, Kirstjen; (b) (6); QFR Group; (b) (6)
(b) (6) FLANAGAN, PATRICK S; (b) (6)
Subject: RE: DHS response to OMB passback: S1 Testimony - Border Security HSGAC 4/5

Hi (b) (6)

I'm reviewing, but the Secretary also needs to be able to review. He's on the west coast, so we might not meet their self-imposed 4:30 deadline.

Thank you!

Gene P. Hamilton
Senior Counselor to the Secretary
U.S. Department of Homeland Security

From: (b) (6)
Sent: Friday, March 31, 2017 1:41 PM
To: Hamilton, Gene (b) (6)
Cc: Nielsen, Kirstjen (b) (6)
(b) (6)
(b) (6) QFR Group (b) (7)(E) (b) (6)
(b) (6)
(b) (6) FLANAGAN, PATRICK S (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
(b) (6) >
Subject: DHS response to OMB passback: S1 Testimony - Border Security HSGAC 4/5
Importance: High

Hi Gene (b) (6)

Attaching the complete OMB passback we received on the Secretary's testimony for his upcoming hearing on April 5th before Senate Homeland, regarding border security. Both CBP and PLCY have provided responses to OMB comments and have either accepted or rejected redline edits. Please review these responses – if there something you feel that does not align with the Secretary's goals/FO, please make that change in the redline version document to reflect the appropriate tone and direction via track changes. If you are OK with all proposed responses, please advise as soon as possible if we can move the attached clean version of this statement back to OMB. We will need to

respond to OMB NLT 4:30 PM today, in order for this statement to receive final clearance by Monday morning, meeting the Committee's deadline.

Please note, CBP has a conference call scheduled with OMB at 2:30 today to discuss mileage figures, but will more than likely keep those numbers out of the testimony. If there are any additional updates as a result of this conference call, we will advise.

Thank you!

(b) (6)

(cell) (b) (6)

From: Hamilton, Gene

Sent: Tuesday, March 28, 2017 12:37 AM

To: (b) (6) >

Cc: Nielsen, Kirstjen (b) (6)

(b) (6)
(b) (6) QFR Group
(b) (7)(E) (b) (6)

Subject: RE: S1 testimony clearance for upcoming HSGAC hearing on 5 April on border security

Hi (b) (6) (and everyone),

Please see the attached. Overall, this needs more about the President's and the Department's successes so far, and about our plans for the wall. This is very, very top-level, with little recent substance to reflect the Department's hard work over the last two months. I think we need to celebrate the Department's successes and tell that story a little bit more assertively.

Please let me know if you have any questions.

Thank you!

Gene P. Hamilton
Senior Counselor to the Secretary
U.S. Department of Homeland Security

From: (b) (6)

Sent: Monday, March 27, 2017 4:32 PM

To: Hamilton, Gene (b) (6)

Cc: Nielsen, Kirstjen (b) (6) (b) (6)

(b) (6)
; QFR Group
(b) (7)(E) (b) (6)
(b) (6)

Subject: RE: S1 testimony clearance for upcoming HSGAC hearing on 5 April on border security

Hi Gene:

The attached version incorporates both OGC and PLCY edits (sent earlier by (b) (6) for your consideration in moving forward with clearance. Thanks!

(b) (6)

From: Hamilton, Gene
Sent: Monday, March 27, 2017 3:56 PM
To: (b) (6)
Cc: (b) (6)
(b) (6), Scott
(b) (6) QFR Group
(b) (7)(E) (b) (6)
>

Subject: RE: S1 testimony clearance for upcoming HSGAC hearing on 5 April on border security

Thanks! I'll review them tonight when they come in.

Gene P. Hamilton
Senior Counselor to the Secretary
U.S. Department of Homeland Security

From: (b) (6)
Sent: Monday, March 27, 2017 3:54 PM
To: Hamilton, Gene (b) (6)
Cc: Nielsen, Kirstjen (b) (6)
(b) (6)
(b) (6) QFR Group
<(b) (6)>
(b) (6)

Subject: RE: S1 testimony clearance for upcoming HSGAC hearing on 5 April on border security
Importance: High

Hi Gene,

As mentioned below, attached are Policy's suggested edits. We will get you the OGC input as soon as it arrives.

Thanks again for your attention and work to craft a final DHS version by tomorrow.

From: (b) (6)

Sent: Monday, March 27, 2017 1:41 PM

To: Hamilton, Gene (b) (6)

Cc: Nielsen, Kirstjen (b) (6)

(b) (6)

(b) (6); QFR Group

(b) (7)(E); (b) (6)

(b) (6)

Subject: RE: S1 testimony clearance for upcoming HSGAC hearing on 5 April on border security

Importance: High

Hi Gene,

Per your request, CBP has updated the proposed draft for use by S1 on April 5th before the Senate Committee on Homeland Security and Government Reform. The attached is now also being concurrently reviewed by Policy and OGC, and we will provide you with any suggested edits or comments from Policy and OGC as soon as they are available, hopefully by later today.

As discussed earlier, a draft DHS final version does need to start OMB clearance no later than 1 p.m. tomorrow in order to clear final in line with Committee expectations. A transmit to OMB by 1 p.m. tomorrow will get us the OMB passback (comments and edits) by Thursday afternoon, and we will have to quickly respond to OMB generated edits and comments in order to gain final OMB clearance for Hill transmit by the end of the day on Friday of this week.

Please use the attached for final review and shaping, and provide a DHS cleared version for transmit to OMB by tomorrow at 1 p.m.

Thanks very much for your attention.

(b) (6)

Director, Congressional Actions

Office of the Secretary

Executive Secretariat

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

(b) (6) office
(b) (6) mobile

“ESEC: Excellent Service Endless Commitment”

From: Hamilton, Gene

Sent: Friday, March 24, 2017 12:12 AM

To: (b) (6) >

Cc: (b) (6) >;

Nielsen, Kirstjen <(b) (6)>

(b) (6) >

Subject: RE: S1 testimony clearance for upcoming HSGAC hearing on 5 April on border security

Hi (b) (6)

Sorry for the delay. I recommend that CBP take the pen, send to Policy and OGC at least, and then I'll take it for final review/shaping. If I had unlimited time I would do it myself, but I'll be out of town over the next few days and don't want to delay anything.

Does that work?

Thank you!

Gene

From: (b) (6)

Sent: Thursday, March 23, 2017 10:58 AM

To: Hamilton, Gene (b) (6)

Cc: (b) (6) >;

Nielsen, Kirstjen (b) (6)

(b) (6) >

Subject: FW: S1 testimony clearance for upcoming HSGAC hearing on 5 April on border security

Importance: High

Hi Gene,

Who do you recommend as the pen for S1's testimony?

(b) (6)

Acting Executive Secretary

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

(b) (6) (office)
(b) (6) (mobile)

"ESEC: Excellent Service Endless Commitment"

From: (b) (6)

Sent: Thursday, March 23, 2017 10:40 AM

To: (b) (6) >

Cc: Hamilton, Gene <(b) (6)>

(b) (6) QFR Group (b) (7)(E) >

Subject: S1 testimony clearance for upcoming HSGAC hearing on 5 April on border security

Importance: High

Hi (b) (6)

As discussed, we just need to firm up a lead pen on this statement, and make sure all parties are aware of clearance requirements and timing. Working backwards, a hearing date of Wednesday, April 5 means HSGAC wants this statement in final by 10 a.m. on Monday, April 3rd. In order to meet that expectation, we will need to have DHS and Front Office cleared statement to OMM for their review and clearance by 10 a.m. on Tuesday, March 28th. OMB requires a 48 hour period to circulate and review, and they will provide us their passback at the conclusion of those 48 hours for our quick response.

Key action items – identify a lead pen on this statement, begin drafting and submit for DHS clearance by Monday, March 27. Refine the statement in response to DHS input per Front Office discretion, and send a DHS and Front Office cleared statement to OMB for their review on Tuesday, March 28th by 10:00 a.m. We will need to respond quickly to the OMB passback on Thursday, March 30th, and should be able to get the statement cleared final with OMB by Friday, March 31 for an on-time transit on Monday morning, April 3rd.

OLA drafted the first statement by the Secretary for use with House Homeland, but does not want the lead pen on this statement, recommending Gene as the lead with involvement by OPA on broad messaging topics for inclusion. This statement should not be more than 10 pages in length.

Thanks, let us know what we can do to assist. We stand ready to circulate an initial draft to gain DHS edits and comments, can facilitate a review by Gene and give the FO visibility into his review, and can facilitate the OMB review and response to their passback.

(b) (6)

Director, Congressional Actions
Office of the Secretary
Executive Secretariat
U.S. Department of Homeland Security

(b) (6)

— office
— mobile

“ESEC: Excellent Service Endless Commitment”

From: [FLANAGAN, PATRICK S](#)
To: [MCALFEENAN, KEVIN K](#)
Cc: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
Subject: FW: [FOR FO CLEARANCE]: Task 175 - NEPA Docs (Email 4 of 5)
Date: Friday, December 16, 2016 5:47:39 PM
Attachments: [EA TCA AJO Lukeville Ped Fence 021308_Part2.pdf](#)

Sir,

I cleared on the attached.

V/R
Patrick

Patrick Flanagan
(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

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From: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
Sent: Friday, December 16, 2016 4:39 PM
To: FLANAGAN, PATRICK S (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
Cc: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] >
(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
Subject: [FOR FO CLEARANCE]: Task 175 - NEPA Docs (Email 4 of 5)

All:
Attached for Front Office review is the CBP response to RFI 175 (NEPA DOCS).

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

From: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
Sent: Friday, December 16, 2016 4:17 PM
To: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] >
Cc: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) Enterprise Services Exec Sec
(b) (7)(E)
Subject: FINAL RESPONSE>> Email 4 of 5 - 175 - NEPA Docs

Cleared by EAC Alles

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Chief of Staff

Enterprise Services

U.S. Customs and Border Protection

Department of Homeland Security

Ronald Reagan Building-Room 3.5B

1300 Pennsylvania Ave, NW

Washington, DC 20229

Work (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Cell: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Fax: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

In our comments on the October 2007 draft EA, we asked that the design allows for continued maintenance of the existing vehicle barrier. The request does not appear to be addressed in the FEA therefore that responsibility will be shifted to U.S. Department of Homeland Security since there will be no immediate and safe access for our staff. NPS will continue to maintain the permanent vehicle barrier in areas outside of the pedestrian fence.

The FEA repeatedly references the 2003 NPS FEA for the vehicle barrier. Although the 2003 EA is a convenient reference, it should not be used to describe the affected environment of the area that will be impacted by the proposed project. The pedestrian fence is proposed for only 5.2 miles, while the 2003 NPS FEA addresses impacts for a barrier more than 20 miles long and the construction differs immensely from a post and rail system to solid 10x15 foot panels.

References to resources at Quitobaquito are made throughout the document. Most of these should be removed, as the proposed project would not affect resources there and this site is remotely located from subject work area.

We include, by this reference, comments on the draft EA that we continue to believe are unaddressed issues.

Specific Comments

Page FONSI-5, Biological Resource: The revegetation plan that is mentioned to be completed after the construction activities should be reviewed and in place prior to the construction work. Additionally many elements missing such as what is being planned for all columnar cacti larger than 6 feet!

Page FONSI-5, Cultural Resources: We wish to clarify that the professional archeological monitors will be provided by the U.S. Border Patrol (USBP). Also, please identify the three historic objects that lie within the proposed construction corridor that will be monitored.

Page FONSI-5, Cultural Resources: Due to the amount of ground-clearing and digging involved with this project, we recommend that a professional archeological monitor be present for the entire extent of the project.

Page FONSI-5, Water Resources: If the Storm Water Pollution Protection Plan (SWPPP) requires a restoration plan, we request the opportunity to review and approve it.

Page 1-3, part 1.2.3. Background: Please correct the statement that all of the construction activities for the PVB along OPCNM's southern boundary occurred within OPCNM. Most of the construction activities occurred within the 60-ft Roosevelt Reservation.

Page 2-3, part 2.3.1. Technology: The FEA justifies the need for a fence in the Lukeville area by stating that physical barriers are the most effective at preventing illegal border crossings in the more populated areas of the Tucson sector. This rationale is unsupported in the Lukeville/Sonoyta area, where many of the more intensively used illegal border crossing areas along the southern boundary of OPCNM are in the more unpopulated areas.

Page 2-4, part 2.5 Summary: Table one states that the technological solution will not deter illegal pedestrian traffic, yet the USBP will be relying on this method to deter pedestrian traffic outside the pedestrian fence. Please explain.

Pages 2-5 and 2-6, Table 2-2 Summary Matrix: Please see our comments on these items in the Affected Environment Section (Part 3.0). Also in the unique and sensitive areas section; the comment regarding the "7 acres over Sonoyta Hill would change from NPS lands to USBP infrastructure" is incorrect. As was mentioned in the opening comments, the work and results of work will be articulated in a special use permit once all elements of NEPA are satisfied and will remain NPS lands. Noise; the clatter/chafing between double layer panels will become quite pronounced especially with windy and alternatives need to be developed to correct this. Aesthetics; Disagree that no significant impacts would occur and minimizing trash is expected to outweigh adverse impact.

Page 3-2, part 3.2 Soils: We recommend that the engineering plans consider the salinity of the soils in a proportion of the construction zone. Due to the proximity of the area to the Rio Sonoyta, these soils contain a high concentration of sodium, which can corrode concrete. Salinity is indicated by the presence of saltbush species *Atriplex polycarpa* and *A. linearis*, both salt-tolerant species.

Page 3.3.1. Vegetation Communities: Please correct the FEA statements about vegetation. The vegetation within the project corridor is a subset of the vegetation described in the 2003 NPS final EA for the vehicle barrier. *Atriplex polycarpa*, *A. linearis*, *Larrea divaricata* ssp. *tridentata* are the dominant species on the bottoms and dissected hills. This vegetation type is uncommon on OPCNM, occurring less than 2-3 miles of the international boundary. This vegetation type is bearing the brunt of environmental impacts due to border-related activities on OPCNM.

Dominant species in the xeroriparian corridors in the proposed project area include *Prosopis velutina*, *Olneya tesota*, *Parkinsonia floridum*, *Condalia globosa*, *Ambrosia ambrosioides*, and various *Lycium* species. On Monument Hill (Sonoyta Hill), dominant plant species include *Parkinsonia floridum*, *Olneya tesota*, *Prosopis velutina*, *Stenocereus thurberi*, *Carnegiea gigantea*, *Fouquieria splendens*, *Larrea divaricata*, *Lycium* species, and *Ambrosia deltoidea*.

Page 3-2, Part 3.3.2. Wildlife: OPCNM considers the cactus ferruginous pygmy owl (*Glaucidium brasilianum cactorum*) to be a species of management concern. Suitable habitat occurs in the proposed project area and should be addressed in this final EA.

Page 3-3, part 3.3.3. Non-native and Invasive Species: Rather than identify the most common species on OPCNM, the FEA should identify the invasive species in the proposed project area. For example, *Mesembryanthemum* does not occur in the project area, but *Cynodon dactylon* does.

Page 3-5, part 3.6 Protected Species: This section does not address sensitive species that require special management attention but are not protected by the Endangered Species Act. A small population of *Peniocereus striatus*, which is known from a few locations in the U.S., is located in the proposed project corridor. We recommend avoiding the disturbance of any plants in the Roosevelt Reservation. If avoidance is not possible, then salvage should be overseen by OPCNM.

The cactus ferruginous pygmy owl (*Glaucidium brasilianum cactorum*) is another species that is specially managed by OPCNM. Potential habitat occurs in the construction zone, and the breeding period overlaps with the proposed construction period. Surveys should be performed and the impacts to this species should be evaluated.

Page 3-7, part 3.6.1.2. Lesser long-nosed bat: Sonora barrel cactus and California barrel cactus are not columnar cacti and are not used as a food resource by bats. Do not include them in the count of columnar cacti.

Page 3-8, Figure 3-1 Map of Sonoran pronghorn range: Please cite the information source used to prepare this map. OPCNM does not agree with the stated range boundaries.

Page 3-9, part 3.6.1.3 Acuña Cactus: Seven (not five) populations of acuña cactus are known; the Pima County 2001 reference is outdated. This subspecies is not known to occur on limestone; please remove the reference.

Page 3-12, part 3.9 Water Resources: Although they are not perennial streams, it is likely that the larger drainages in the proposed project area are regulated by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. Please indicate if the drainages in the project area have been evaluated to determine if they are jurisdictional waters. Clarify the criteria used to determine the 16 intermittent streams and also identify locations. There are easily additionally another 24 streams that should also be evaluated. Please clarify where the water for the project (**1.7 million gallons-3.7 million gallons** /referenced on page 4.1) will come from. There is discussion regarding groundwater recharge rates and mention hauling water from Ajo or Why. If this is not the case and water is purchased locally from the property owner at Lukeville, the drawdown on this well needs to be monitored daily while in production. In addition we are requesting that both domestic wells that serve our infrastructure 4 miles due north near our Visitor Center also be monitored for drawdown. There is immense concern for extensive water and the possibility of effects on our two wells.

Page 3-13, last sentence: The correct spelling of Tibbets is Tibbitts.

Page 4-1, part 4.0 Environmental Consequences: Disagree with the comment that this "EA describes the potential permanent impacts". How can this be possible when it's also stated that the design/build process will be utilized? How can the potential for impact are assessed if you don't know the design not only of the fence but how and where it will be constructed. In most cases from my experience it's difficult to evaluate impact of a project without final design incorporated in the EA process.

Page 4-2, part 4.1.2 Alternative 2, second paragraph: It is predictable that the proposed fence will cause indirect impacts. If the fence performs as expected and USBP agents are deployed to areas without the pedestrian fence, then OPCNM predicts that additional enforcement-related off-road driving will occur in those areas. These environmental impacts should be included in this document. The change from NPS lands to USBP infrastructure and enforcement operations was discussed previously. Support the statement that a Special Use permit would need to be obtained from NPS for this action of using the additional 7 acres outside the Roosevelt Reservation prior to construction.

Page 4-3, part 4.2.2. Alternative 2, first paragraph: OPCNM believes the proposed action would have widespread, long-term and significant impacts on soils, with special emphasis on the Holocene, sandy loam alluviums of the valley bottoms. Ground disturbing activities that cause soil structure loss and deflation (e.g. disturbance, compaction, blading) usually trigger accelerated erosion that can not be treated with infrastructure, including best management practices. Gilman and Antho Series soils are the two soil types most prone to accelerated erosion on OPCNM. A significant portion of the proposed action occurs on these soils.

Once accelerated erosion is triggered, the resulting watershed instability will cause deep gullying on Gilman and Antho soils and will have far-reaching implications in the affected watersheds. These impacts need to be considered in the FEA and in the project design. Fence design will be a critical part of minimizing impacts on soils. Since most of the impacts will occur on OPCNM, the NPS should be closely involved with the SWPPP.

Page 4-4, part 4.3.1.2 Alternative 2: As previously mentioned, the saltbush vegetation association is uncommon on OPCNM and is regionally threatened. A significant portion of the project is in this vegetation type.

Page 4-5, part 4.3.2.2, first paragraph: Here and elsewhere, please correct the statement that most of the project corridor has been previously disturbed. Most of the Roosevelt Reserve over Monument Hill has not been disturbed, and about half of the Roosevelt Reserve in the remaining section has not been disturbed.

Page 4-5, part 4.3.2.2, third paragraph: Please provide citations for the sentence beginning, "Habitat fragmentation typically affects....". OPCNM continues to disagree with the statement that the fence will have no significant adverse effects on wildlife.

Page 4-6, part 4.3.3.2: The project corridor, particularly Monument Hill, will not be regularly patrolled by a person qualified to identify and respond to non-native, invasive species. Will qualified USBP monitors be monitoring the construction zone in perpetuity? Also, please provide citations that document the statement that "many invasive plant propagules are transported into the U.S. on clothing of IAs." We are aware of no such studies.

Page 4-7, part 4.4.2, first paragraph: This paragraph has several conflicting statements regarding access that should be corrected. A special use permit from NPS would not be needed if only the Roosevelt Reservation was used during construction.

Page 4-7, part 4.4.2, paragraph 2: We disagree with the statement that the impacts of the proposed project are outweighed by the impacts of illegal activity. We believe the permanent direct impacts and the long-lasting indirect impacts of the pedestrian fence will be far greater than the relatively impermanent impact of illegal border activities.

Page 4-8, part 4.5.2, paragraph 1: We agree that noise due to construction of the fence would be temporary. We are more concerned with constant noise/clatter from the double mesh segments on the panels especially with natural wind action. The EA needs to include an evaluation of how the fence and the access road over Monument Hill will adversely, permanently and significantly affect the viewshed, particularly from the wilderness. Again there is no comparison with the impacts to the view shed between the vehicle barrier and this pedestrian fence especially with size and scale.

Page 4-9, part 4.6.2, paragraph 2: As previously mentioned, please cite the information source used to create the Sonoran pronghorn range map. We do not agree with the boundaries as provided. Section 7 consultation needs to be initiated!

Page 4-11, part 4.7.2, and paragraph 1: We believe the environmental design measures to avoid adverse impacts to these significant historic boundary monuments are not sufficient to ensure that no adverse impacts will occur. The fence will exclude the monuments from NPS protection.

Also, please include the letter indicating SHPO concurrence with USBP's determination of "no affect to historic properties". It is not currently included in Appendix C.

OPCNM believes that the quality of the viewshed and the context of the historic border monuments will be adversely affected by the fence. An important feature of the historic border monuments is the view of the vast expanse of land on both sides of the border, a view that provides context for the border monuments. The impact of the fence on these values should be evaluated in this FEA.

Page 4-13, part 4.8.2, first paragraph: Instead of spraying water as a dust palliative, we recommend using a product similar to lignosulfonate. Not only a dust palliative, lignosulfonate will stabilize the road surface and reduce maintenance costs.

Page 4-15, part 4.10.2: Property value reduction is not of concern to the monument.

Page 4-16, part 4.12.2: As previously mentioned, we disagree with the conclusion that the aesthetic impacts would be insignificant. The comparison between trash/litter scatter and this proposed fence is not even close to being comparable. We can get the litter picked up and this impact is removed, not the same with the fence especially over monument hill.

Page 4-17, part 4.13.2: The construction contractor should be required to rinse concrete truck mixers and other equipment out side of the Roosevelt Reservation and the monument lands.

Page 5-2, table 5-1: The table and the ensuing evaluation should include all ongoing USBP, National Guard, and other border-related operations, such as checkpoints, observation towers, scouting sites, off-road vehicle travel, helicopter activities and other actions having environmental impacts that have not been included. One example is the re-opening and continued use of formerly closed roads in wilderness areas.

Page 5-3, Land use: Disagree with the statement that "alteration of 7 acres of land on the OPCNM would not be considered cumulatively significant as the OPCNM encompasses over 330,000 acres". OPCNM legislation or General Management Plan does not identify excess lands within the monument boundaries. If we wanted to parallel your statement to this project then the 65 miles of fence over Sonoyta Hill encompasses a similarly less percentage of the 225 miles of border fence that DHS is proposing to construct! It's not about the acreage lost but about the resources impacted on this small area due to this project. Soils: As previously mentioned, two soil types that are prone to accelerated erosion occur in the proposed project area. The writers may be incorrectly interpreting Natural Resource Conservation Service soil descriptions, which indicate a low erosion potential for these soils. When dirt roads are built on these soils, the high and nearly inescapable potential for erosion is widely known. Increasing the width of the road (and de-vegetated area), increased blading and increased vehicle traffic contribute to significant cumulative impacts. Also please address what will be done with spoils from ditches cut for the concrete footer.

Page 6-1, part 6.1: Please see previous comments about containing concrete rinsate from trucks/equipment.

Page 6-2, part 6.2: We believe that all of the techniques mentioned in this paragraph will be insufficient to reduce or eliminate the accelerated erosion and watershed instability caused by the fence. The accelerated erosion is likely to increase the frequency of road blading and general maintenance. Please provide a long-term plan for addressing this issue.

Page 6-2, paragraph beginning on page 6-2 and extending onto 6-3: The FEA states that a revegetation plan will be implemented by the USBP upon completion of construction activities. If the restoration plan is 'similar to' the one established for the vehicle barrier, it should include pre-construction activities, such as plant salvage. If the USBP implements a revegetation plan after construction is complete, salvage will no longer be an option. When does the USBP plan to consult with the NPS on a restoration plan? Also, who will be monitoring the construction footprint for 3 years after construction?

Page 6-3, part 6.5 Water Resources: Please see earlier comments on the NPS's contribution to the SWPPP.

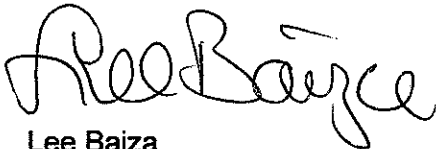
Please explain how the USBP will remove debris during a flood event without posing a safety hazard to the agent. When in flood stage, many washes can not be crossed safely with a vehicle, so vehicle access to flooding drainages will not be possible. Damage to resources will have occurred before debris will be removed.

Please explain where the flood debris will be placed. Normally, the debris would be washed into Mexico, which will no longer be an option.

Page 7-1, Agency Coordination: There is no indication that the Zuni Tribe has been contacted regarding this project. It is a federally recognized tribe having affiliation with OPCNM.

Please contact Lee Baiza (520-387-6489 extension 7500) if you would like to discuss these comments.

Sincerely,



Lee Baiza
Superintendent,
Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument

Cc: Robert Frankeberger, State Historic Preservation Officer
Peter L. Steere, Manager, Cultural Affairs Office, Tohono O'Odham Nation

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NEAR LUKEVILLE, ARIZONA
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TUCSON SECTOR**

Review Comments Matrix

PROJECT:		AJO Final EA	DATE:	December 19, 2007
PROJECT MILESTONE:		Final Environmental Assessment for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Primary Fence Near Lukeville Arizona		
Response Legend: A - Concur; D = Do Not Concur; E - Exception; X - Delete Comment				
#	Reviewer	Comment	Response	
1	L. Baiza	OPCNM can not support the inclusion of the proposed 7 acres over Sonoyta Hill outside of the Roosevelt Reservation for construction of a road to access proposed work. This November EA is inadequate as it lacks appropriate alternatives for construction, design of proposed work and mitigation to list a few of the concerns. It is within our mandate to protect these very important resources to this ecosystem and feel that with additional technology being discussed some fencing such as this proposed undertaking would not be necessary. The use of technology, such as the proposed SBInet (Southern Border Initiative network), should be evaluated with fence placement since they could support each other. The technological solution would cause much less long-term impacts to natural and cultural resources on OPCNM than would the proposed pedestrian fence.	D. While SBInet technology is a critical component of the Secure Border Initiative and an effective force multiplier that allows USBP to monitor large areas and deploy agents to where they would be most effective to apprehend cross-border violators, it does not provide a physical deterrent to illegal crossings. The area covered by this project has been determined (and re-confirmed) by USBP to be a high traffic area that requires the installation of a physical barrier (i.e. fence) to control illegal entry into the U.S. The construction of an access road is needed to build and maintain the fence. .	

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2	L. Baiza	The November 2007 Final EA states that the pedestrian fence would be ineffectual without SBInet and vice versa. Since SBInet and the pedestrian fence form the basis for the border enforcement strategy in the OPCNM area, these actions should be evaluated in one NEPA document and not evaluated separately. We believe the proposed alternatives will have a significant and long-term impact on resources managed by the NPS.	D. The impacts of other possible border security infrastructure (i.e. SBInet) are considered appropriately in the cumulative impacts analysis. If and when, other infrastructure is proposed for this area, appropriate NEPA analyses will be conducted...
3	L. Baiza	The proposed action in the Executive Summary and the Alternatives does not agree. The alternative mentions the requirement of a construction footprint of 150 which is a major attribute of this project and should be in the summary if that is the intent.	A. The executive summary has been revised to read, "Construction activities would remain within the 60-foot Roosevelt Reservation with the exception of the western most 0.65 miles. The western most 0.65 miles, which would be built over Sonoyta Hill, requires a construction footprint of 150 feet."

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4	L. Baiza	In our comments on the October 2007 draft EA, we asked that the design allows for continued maintenance of the existing vehicle barrier. The request does not appear to be addressed in the FEA therefore that responsibility will be shifted to U.S. Department of Homeland Security since there will be no immediate and safe access for our staff. NPS will continue to maintain the permanent vehicle barrier in areas outside of the pedestrian fence.	A. Due to the existing PVBs location relative to the border and its design characteristics, it is not possible to physically retrofit the existing PVBs as originally desired. Therefore, the pedestrian fence will be installed approximately 3 ft north of the existing PVBs. CBP agrees that the original vehicle barrier will become the operation and maintenance responsibility of CBP.
5	L. Baiza	The FEA repeatedly references the 2003 NPS FEA for the vehicle barrier. Although the 2003 EA is a convenient reference, it should not be used to describe the affected environment of the area that will be impacted by the proposed project. The pedestrian fence is proposed for only 5.2 miles, while the 2003 NPS FEA addresses impacts for a barrier more than 20 miles long and the construction differs immensely from a post and rail system to solid 10x15 foot panels.	D. The FEA correctly references the 2003 NPS document and complies with NEPA and CEQ recommendations to use this document for baseline information. The type and nature of construction and the equipment needed to complete the proposed activities are not considerably different from what was proposed to construct vehicle barriers.

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6	L. Baiza	References to resources at Quitobaquito are made throughout the document. Most of these should be removed, as the proposed project would not affect resources there and this site is remotely located from subject work area.	D. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service specifically requested we discuss Quitobaquito, and how the project could impact the springs and its associated fauna.
7	L. Baiza	Page FONSI-5, Biological Resource: The revegetation plan that is mentioned to be completed after the construction activities should be reviewed and in place prior to the construction work. Additionally many elements missing such as what is being planned for all columnar cacti larger than 6 feet!	A. The revegetation plan will be comprehensive, completed in conjunction with input from the OPCNM and will be completed prior to the start of construction..

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8	L. Baiza	Page FONSI-5, Cultural Resources: We wish to clarify that the professional archeological monitors will be provided by the U.S. Border Patrol (USBP). Also, please identify the three historic objects that lie within the proposed construction corridor that will be monitored.	A. The professional archeologist will be provided by the USBP. The historic objects to be monitored are discussed in the EA and consist of the three International Border Monuments (166, 167, 168) located in the project corridor.
9	L. Baiza	Page FONSI-5, Cultural Resources: Due to the amount of ground-clearing and digging involved with this project, we recommend that a professional archeological monitor be present for the entire extent of the project.	D. The entire project corridor has not only been surveyed by the NPS but also by Northland Research Inc. and GSRC. No cultural sites were identified within the project corridor during the original NPS surveys or the recent surveys completed by CBP's consultants. Therefore, CBP feels that professional archeological monitors are not needed for the entire project. However, in keeping with BMPs used by CBP across all projects, construction workers will be trained to recognize potential archeological resources and instructed to temporarily suspend construction activities until a qualified archeologist can evaluate the situation should a potential resource be encountered.

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10	L. Baiza	Page FONSI-5, Water Resources: If the Storm Water Pollution Protection Plan (SWPPP) requires a restoration plan, we request the opportunity to review and approve it.	D. The NPS will be provided an opportunity to review and comment on the SWPPP. The SWPPP will be completed by the Corps' contractor and will be reviewed/approved by CBP then submitted to the EPA/ADEQ.
11	L. Baiza	Page 1-3, part 1.2.3. Background: Please correct the statement that all of the construction activities for the PVB along OPCNM's southern boundary occurred within OPCNM. Most of the construction activities occurred within the 60-ft Roosevelt Reservation.	A. The EA will be revised to state that the PVB's were constructed in the 60-foot Roosevelt Reservation.

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12	L. Baiza	Page 2-3, part 2.3.1. Technology: The FEA justifies the need for a fence in the Lukeville area by stating that physical barriers are the most effective at preventing illegal border crossings in the more populated areas of the Tucson sector. This rationale is unsupported in the Lukeville/Sonoyta area, where many of the more intensively used illegal border crossing areas along the southern boundary of OPCNM are in the more unpopulated areas.	D. The USBP has determined that the Lukeville/Sonoyta area is an area where fence is necessary to secure the border relative to illegal crossings.
13	L. Baiza	Page 2-4, part 2.5 Summary: Table one states that the technological solution will not deter illegal pedestrian traffic, yet the USBP will be relying on this method to deter pedestrian traffic outside the pedestrian fence. Please explain.	D. Table 2-1 does not mention technology but rather discusses the No Action Alternative and the Proposed Action Alternative. Regardless, due to Federal legislation and through analysis of changing border security environment, the USBP has determined that the proposed project corridor is best suited for physical tactical infrastructure and not technology based infrastructure. Further, the lack of use of technology infrastructure versus physical infrastructure is adequately explained in Section 2.3.1 of the Final EA.

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14	L. Baiza	Pages 2-5 and 2-6, Table 2-2 Summary Matrix: Please see our comments on these items in the Affected Environment Section (Part 3.0). (1) Also in the unique and sensitive areas section; the comment regarding the “7 acres over Sonoyta Hill would change from NPS lands to USBP infrastructure” is incorrect. As was mentioned in the opening comments, the work and results of work will be articulated in a special use permit once all elements of NEPA are satisfied and will remain NPS lands. (2) Noise; the clatter/chafing between double layer panels will become quite pronounced especially with windy and alternatives need to be developed to correct this. (3) Aesthetics; Disagree that no significant impacts would occur and minimizing trash is expected to outweigh adverse impact.	(1) A. NPS would retain ownership of the 7 acres over Sonoyta Hill. CBP would assume responsibility for the maintenance of the access road. The EA will be revised accordingly. (2) D. The fence would be designed so that clattering/chaffing is not an issue. As was previously discussed with the contractor, USACE, CBP, and Mr. Lee Baiza of the OPCNM, the fence would be welded together to prevent and minimize any potential noise impacts due to the two panels clattering or chaffing. (3) D. It is CBP’s determination that no significant impacts to aesthetics would occur. The area is currently heavily degraded as depicted in the Photographs 3-1 and 3-2 of the Final EA. Additionally, the primary pedestrian fence would be built out of non-reflective materials in an effort to minimize aesthetic impacts.
15	L. Baiza	Page 3-2, part 3.2 Soils: We recommend that the engineering plans consider the salinity of the soils in a proportion of the construction zone. Due to the proximity of the area to the Rio Sonoyta, these soils contain a high concentration of sodium, which can corrode concrete. Salinity is indicated by the presence of saltbush species <i>Atriplex polycarpa</i> and <i>A. linearis</i> , both salt-tolerant species.	A. The design of the fence has taken into account what is necessary to ensure that the fence is stable, strong, and built for longevity. Additionally, according to the NRCS’s Web Soil Survey all of the soils in the project have a “low” rating in regards to corrosion of concrete.

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16	L. Baiza	<p>Page 3.3.1. Vegetation Communities: Please correct the FEA statements about vegetation. The vegetation within the project corridor is a subset of the vegetation described in the 2003 NPS final EA for the vehicle barrier. <i>Atriplex polycarpa</i>, <i>A. linearis</i>, <i>Larrea divaricata</i> ssp. <i>tridentata</i> are the dominant species on the bottoms and dissected hills. This vegetation type is uncommon on OPCNM, occurring less than 2-3 miles of the international boundary. This vegetation type is bearing the brunt of environmental impacts due to border-related activities on OPCNM.</p> <p>Dominant species in the xeroriparian corridors in the proposed project area include <i>Prosopis velutina</i>, <i>Olneya tesota</i>, <i>Parkinsonia floridum</i>, <i>Condalia globosa</i>, <i>Ambrosia ambrosioides</i>, and various <i>Lycium</i> species. On Monument Hill (Sonoyta Hill), dominant plant species include <i>Parkinsonia floridum</i>, <i>Olneya tesota</i>, <i>Prosopis velutina</i>, <i>Stenocereus thurberi</i>, <i>Carnegiea gigantea</i>, <i>Fouquieria splendens</i>, <i>Larrea divaricata</i>, <i>Lycium</i> species, and <i>Ambrosia deltoidea</i>.</p>	<p>A. The document was revised to stipulate that saltbush (<i>Atriplex</i> sp.) is common throughout most the project corridor, especially east of the POE. Most of the other species mentioned in the comment were included in Section 3.3.1 of the Final EA and incorporated by reference from the 2003 NPS EA.</p>

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17	L. Baiza	Page 3-2, Part 3.3.2. Wildlife: OPCNM considers the cactus ferruginous pygmy owl (<i>Glaucidium brasilianum cactorum</i>) to be a species of management concern. Suitable habitat occurs in the proposed project area and should be addressed in this final EA.	A. Information regarding the cactus ferruginous-pygmy owl has been incorporated into the document. The document now reads in Section 4.6.2, "Additionally, the cactus ferruginous-pygmy owl has the potential to exist in the project corridor. However, the habitat in the project corridor is extremely limited and classified as ranging from poor to moderate with the exception of the western slope of Sonoyta Hill (NPS 2003). Therefore, due to the previously disturbed nature of some of the project corridor in conjunction with the limited quality habitat available, the Proposed Action Alternative is not expected to create significant impacts to the owl."
18	L. Baiza	Page 3-3, part 3.3.3. Non-native and Invasive Species: Rather than identify the most common species on OPCNM, the FEA should identify the invasive species in the proposed project area. For example, <i>Mesembryanthemum</i> does not occur in the project area, but <i>Cynodon dactylon</i> does.	A. The document has been revised to state, ".....More specifically, the common non-native plant located in the project corridor is Bermuda grass (<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>) (Baiza 2007)."

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19	L. Baiza	<p>Page 3-5, part 3.6 Protected Species: This section does not address sensitive species that require special management attention but are not protected by the Endangered Species Act. A small population of <i>Peniocereus striatus</i>, which is known from a few locations in the U.S., is located in the proposed project corridor. We recommend avoiding the disturbance of any plants in the Roosevelt Reservation. If avoidance is not possible, then salvage should be overseen by OPCNM.</p> <p>The cactus ferruginous pygmy owl (<i>Glaucidium brasilianum cactorum</i>) is another species that is specially managed by OPCNM. Potential habitat occurs in the construction zone, and the breeding period overlaps with the proposed construction period. Surveys should be performed and the impacts to this species should be evaluated.</p>	<p>D. All vegetation will be removed from within the Roosevelt Reservation. However, as part of the revegetation plan, CBP would allow for salvage by NPS of <i>Peniocereus striatus</i> within the project corridor as was done for the implementation of the NPS Vehicle Barrier project.</p> <p>D. See response to comment number 17. In addition, protocol surveys cannot be performed within the timeframe necessary. Furthermore, CFPO have not been reported by USFWS or NPS staff from this area.</p>
20	L. Baiza	<p>Page 3-7, part 3.6.1.2. Lesser long-nosed bat: Sonora barrel cactus and California barrel cactus are not columnar cacti and are not used as a food resource by bats. Do not include them in the count of columnar cacti.</p>	<p>E. Columnar cacti is a term used to describe the shape of the cacti. Regardless, the Sonora barrel cactus and California barrel cactus have been removed from the document.</p>

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21	L. Baiza	Page 3-8, Figure 3-1 Map of Sonoran pronghorn range: Please cite the information source used to prepare this map. OPCNM does not agree with the stated range boundaries.	D. The map is accurately sourced in the Final EA.
22	L. Baiza	Page 3-9, part 3.6.1.3 Acuña Cactus: Seven (not five) populations of acuña cactus are known; the Pima County 2001 reference is outdated. This subspecies is not known to occur on limestone; please remove the reference.	A. The document was revised as suggested.

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23	L. Baiza	Page 3-12, part 3.9 Water Resources: Although they are not perennial streams, it is likely that the larger drainages in the proposed project area are regulated by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. (1) Please indicate if the drainages in the project area have been evaluated to determine if they are jurisdictional waters. Clarify the criteria used to determine the 16 intermittent streams and also identify locations. (2) There are easily additionally another 24 streams that should also be evaluated. (3) Please clarify where the water for the project (1.7 million gallons-3.7 million gallons /referenced on page 4.1) will come from. There is discussion regarding groundwater recharge rates and mention hauling water from Ajo or Why. If this is not the case and water is purchased locally from the property owner at Lukeville, the drawdown on this well needs to be monitored daily while in production. In addition we are requesting that both domestic wells that serve our infrastructure 4 miles due north near our Visitor Center also be monitored for drawdown. There is immense concern for extensive water and the possibility of effects on our two wells.	<p>(1) A. CBP has assumed that the 16 streams which cross the project corridor are considered jurisdictional although no formal verification has occurred. Additionally, as stated in Section 4.9.2 of the Final EA, "All appropriate CWA Section 404 Permits from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Los Angeles District Regulatory Branch, as well as Section 401 Water Quality Certifications from the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality, would be obtained prior to any fill material being placed in potential jurisdictional waters of the U.S."</p> <p>(2) D. CBP respectfully disagrees based on biological field surveys.</p> <p>(3) E. The specific source of water is not yet known. However, as indicated in Section 4.9.2 of the Final EA the water will be obtained from municipal sources located in either Why, Ajo, or Gila Bend, Arizona. No monitoring of wells on the OPCNM would occur because no impacts to OPCNM groundwater sources would occur as a result of the Proposed Action.</p>

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24	L. Baiza	Page 3-13, last sentence: The correct spelling of Tibbets is Tibbitts.	A. The document was revised as requested.
25	L. Baiza	Page 4-1, part 4.0 Environmental Consequences: Disagree with the comment that this "EA describes the potential permanent impacts". How can this be possible when it's also stated that the design/build process will be utilized? How can the potential for impact are assessed if you don't know the design not only of the fence but how and where it will be constructed. In most cases from my experience it's difficult to evaluate impact of a project without final design incorporated in the EA process.	D. The EA does address potential impacts on a worse case scenario. The conceptual design footprint was developed by the design engineers and they believe this will be the maximum footprint needed to accomplish the proposed project. All other impacts would remain within the 60 foot Roosevelt Reservation.

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26	L. Baiza	Page 4-2, part 4.1.2 Alternative 2, second paragraph: (1) It is predictable that the proposed fence will cause indirect impacts. If the fence performs as expected and USBP agents are deployed to areas without the pedestrian fence, then OPCNM predicts that additional enforcement-related off-road driving will occur in those areas. These environmental impacts should be included in this document. (2) The change from NPS lands to USBP infrastructure and enforcement operations was discussed previously. Support the statement that a Special Use permit would need to be obtained from NPS for this action of using the additional 7 acres outside the Roosevelt Reservation prior to construction.	(1) D. CBP disagrees with the assertion that increased off-road activities would occur as a result of agents being able to be deployed to areas without pedestrian fence. In reality, the agents working east and west of the fence boundaries will act as a deterrent and this deployment would be expected to curtail illegal traffic in those areas lacking fence. Also, as stated numerous times throughout the document, the illegal activities of cross-border violators are solely up to them and outside of the control of USBP/CBP. (2) A. CBP would seek a special use permit from NPS to construct the fence and road outside the Roosevelt Reservation..
27	L. Baiza	Page 4-3, part 4.2.2. Alternative 2, first paragraph: OPCNM believes the proposed action would have widespread, long-term and significant impacts on soils, with special emphasis on the Holocene, sandy loam alluviums of the valley bottoms. Ground disturbing activities that cause soil structure loss and deflation (e.g. disturbance, compaction, blading) usually trigger accelerated erosion that can not be treated with infrastructure, including best management practices. Gilman and Antho Series soils are the two soil types most prone to accelerated erosion on OPCNM. A significant portion of the proposed action occurs on these soils. Once	D. CBP will coordinate the SWPPP and the revegetation plan with OPCNM. The contractor would have to consider soil conditions and construct the fence/road accordingly. USBP would be responsible for post-construction maintenance, including erosion control and would work closely with NPS to ensure erosion is controlled.

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		accelerated erosion is triggered, the resulting watershed instability will cause deep gullyng on Gilman and Antho soils and will have far-reaching implications in the affected watersheds. These impacts need to be considered in the FEA and in the project design. Fence design will be a critical part of minimizing impacts on soils. Since most of the impacts will occur on OPCNM, the NPS should be closely involved with the SWPPP.	
28	L. Baiza	Page 4-4, part 4.3.1.2 Alternative 2: As previously mentioned, the saltbush vegetation association is uncommon on OPCNM and is regionally threatened. A significant portion of the project is in this vegetation type.	D. Saltbush vegetation associations are common not only on the OPCNM but also the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge, Tohono O'odham Nation, and the rest of southern Arizona. No significant impacts would occur to this vegetation association with the implementation of this project.

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29	L. Baiza	Page 4-5, part 4.3.2.2, first paragraph: Here and elsewhere, please correct the statement that most of the project corridor has been previously disturbed. Most of the Roosevelt Reserve over Monument Hill has not been disturbed, and about half of the Roosevelt Reserve in the remaining section has not been disturbed.	A. The document has been revised to read: "Although approximately 45 acres would be permanently impacted from the Proposed Action Alternative, these impacts would be considered negligible, since much of the project corridor (17 acres) has been previously disturbed, and the remainder has limited and somewhat disturbed vegetation."
30	L. Baiza	Page 4-5, part 4.3.2.2, third paragraph: Please provide citations for the sentence beginning, "Habitat fragmentation typically affects....". OPCNM continues to disagree with the statement that the fence will have no significant adverse effects on wildlife.	A. The document has been revised to include the following citation, Gilpin, M.E. and Hanski, I. Metapopulation Dynamics: Empirical and Theoretical Investigations. London: Linnaean Society of London and Academic Press; 1991. Additionally, the development and residences on the Mexico side of the project corridor currently fragment habitat. Therefore, the addition of the proposed fence would not likely create significant impacts.

**DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED INSTALLATION OF 5.2 MILES OF PRIMARY FENCE
NEAR LUKEVILLE, ARIZONA
U.S. BORDER PATROL
TUCSON SECTOR**

Review Comments Matrix

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31	L. Baiza	Page 4-6, part 4.3.3.2: The project corridor, particularly Monument Hill, will not be regularly patrolled by a person qualified to identify and respond to non-native, invasive species. Will qualified USBP monitors be monitoring the construction zone in perpetuity? Also, please provide citations that document the statement that “many invasive plant propagules are transported into the U.S. on clothing of IAs.” We are aware of no such studies.	<p>D. CBP is willing to hire a qualified person/firm to monitor/survey for invasive species for a period of 3-yrs following completion of the construction activities.</p> <p>A. This citation, “(INS 2002)” has been added to the document. In the references section of the Final EA this reference as been added, “INS, U.S. Border Patrol, U.S. Department of Interior, U.S. Forest Service, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 2002. Report to the House of Representatives Committee on Appropriations on Impact Caused by Undocumented Aliens Crossing Federal Lands in Southeast Arizona.”</p>
32	L. Baiza	Page 4.7, part 4.4.2, first paragraph: This paragraph has several conflicting statements regarding access that should be corrected. A special use permit from NPS would not be needed if only the Roosevelt Reservation was used during construction.	<p>A. The document was revised to read, “A special use permit from NPS would be needed to access any areas outside of the Roosevelt Reservation. This would be obtained prior to construction activities.”</p>

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Review Comments Matrix

#	Reviewer	Comment	Response
33	L. Baiza	Page 4-7, part 4.4.2, paragraph 2: We disagree with the statement that the impacts of the proposed project are outweighed by the impacts of illegal activity. We believe the permanent direct impacts and the long-lasting indirect impacts of the pedestrian fence will be far greater than the relatively impermanent impact of illegal border activities.	D. See Section 4.4.2 of the Final EA for the full analysis of potential impacts to Unique and Sensitive Areas as a result of the Proposed Action Alternative. In addition, OPCNM has stated (and cited in the Section 4.1.2 of the Final EA) that certain areas of OPCNM have been closed to visitors due to illegal traffic, which affects not only aesthetic qualities and natural resources of the OPCNM, but also the function of the OPCNM.
34	L. Baiza	Page 4-8, part 4.5.2, paragraph 1: We agree that noise due to construction of the fence would be temporary. (1) We are more concerned with constant noise/clatter from the double mesh segments on the panels especially with natural wind action. (2) The EA needs to include an evaluation of how the fence and the access road over Monument Hill will adversely, permanently and significantly affect the viewshed, particularly from the wilderness. Again there is no comparison with the impacts to the view shed between the vehicle barrier and this pedestrian fence especially with size and scale.	(1) A. See response to comment number 14, part 2 (2) A. In Section 4.5.2 of the Final EA it is stated that adverse impacts would occur to Wilderness due to viewshed impacts. However, the Final EA has been revised to provide exhibits that illustrate how the fence will look from the wilderness area.

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35	L. Baiza	Page 4-9, part 4.6.2, paragraph 2: As previously mentioned, please cite the information source used to create the Sonoran pronghorn range map. We do not agree with the boundaries as provided. Section 7 consultation needs to be initiated!	E. See response to comment number 21. Additionally, as can be seen in the Final EA, Appendix C, first page, consultation with the USFWS has been initiated and will continue to occur.
36	L. Baiza	<p>Page 4-11, part 4.7.2, and paragraph 1: We believe the environmental design measures to avoid adverse impacts to these significant historic boundary monuments are not sufficient to ensure that no adverse impacts will occur. The fence will exclude the monuments from NPS protection.</p> <p>Also, please include the letter indicating SHPO concurrence with USBP's determination of "no affect to historic properties". It is not currently included in Appendix C.</p> <p>OPCNM believes that the quality of the viewshed and the context of the historic border monuments will be adversely affected by the fence. An important feature of the historic border monuments is the view of the vast expanse of land on both sides of the border, a view that provides context for the border</p>	<p>D. The monuments will remain accessible via man gates to be installed per the CBP/ USBWC MOA and RFP.</p> <p>D. See the Final EA, on page 121 and 122 of Appendix C. The letter is dated June 8, 2007.</p> <p>D. The fence would be designed so as not to impede the function, value, or stability of the border monuments. Further, as discussed in the Final EA, the Arizona SHPO has concurred with CBP's determination that no historic properties would be impacted by the proposed action.</p>

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		monuments. The impact of the fence on these values should be evaluated in this FEA.	
37	L. Baiza	Page 4-13, part 4.8.2, first paragraph: Instead of spraying water as a dust palliative, we recommend using a product similar to lignosulfonate. Not only a dust palliative, lignosulfonate will stabilize the road surface and reduce maintenance costs.	A. Water would be used during construction for dust suppression and compaction. Soil stabilizers, such as lignonsulfate, will be applied after construction is complete to provide a more stable driving surface.

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38	L. Baiza	Page 4-15, part 4.10.2: Property value reduction is not of concern to the monument.	A. Noted.
39	L. Baiza	Page 4-16, part 4.12.2: As previously mentioned, we disagree with the conclusion that the aesthetic impacts would be insignificant. The comparison between trash/litter scatter and this proposed fence is not even close to being comparable. We can get the litter picked up and this impact is removed, not the same with the fence especially over monument hill.	D. See response to comment number 14, part 3.

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#	Reviewer	Comment	Response
40	L. Baiza	Page 4-17, part 4.13.2: The construction contractor should be required to rinse concrete truck mixers and other equipment out side of the Roosevelt Reservation and the monument lands.	A. The document was revised in Section 6.5 to read, "Additionally, all concrete trucks will be washed outside of the project corridor as well as OPCNM lands."
41	L. Baiza	Page 5-2, table 5-1: The table and the ensuing evaluation should include all ongoing USBP, National Guard, and other border-related operations, such as checkpoints, observation towers, scouting sites, off-road vehicle travel, helicopter activities and other actions having environmental impacts that have not been included. One example is the re-opening and continued use of formerly closed roads in wilderness areas.	D. The past, present, and reasonably foreseeable USBP actions within the region have been included in Table 5-1 and evaluated in the Final EA.

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42	L. Baiza	<p>Page 5-3, Land use: Disagree with the statement that “alteration of 7 acres of land on the OPCNM would not be considered cumulatively significant as the OPCNM encompasses over 330,000 acres”. OPCNM legislation or General Management Plan does not identify excess lands within the monument boundaries. If we wanted to parallel your statement to this project then the 0.65 miles of fence over Sonoyta Hill encompasses a similarly less percentage of the 225 miles of border fence that DHS is proposing to construct! It’s not about the acreage lost but about the resources impacted on this small area due to this project.</p> <p>Soils: As previously mentioned, two soil types that are prone to accelerated erosion occur in the proposed project area. The writers may be incorrectly interpreting Natural Resource Conservation Service soil descriptions, which indicate a low erosion potential for these soils. When dirt roads are built on these soils, the high and nearly inescapable potential for erosion is widely known. Increasing the width of the road (and de-vegetated area), increased blading and increased vehicle traffic contribute to significant cumulative impacts. Also please address what will be done with spoils from ditches cut for the concrete footer.</p>	<p>D. CBP analysis concludes that the use of less than 0.0001 percent of the OPCNM would not constitute a significant impact. The additional 225 miles of fence are identified and their impacts to various resources described in the cumulative impact section.</p> <p>D. According to NRCS’s Web Soil Survey, the soils in the project corridor, in particular, the Antho and Gilman soils have a slight erosion rating. Included is the NRCS’s explanation of what the ratings mean,</p> <p>“The ratings in this interpretation indicate the hazard of soil loss from off-road and off-trail areas after disturbance activities that expose the soil surface. The ratings are based on slope and soil erosion factor K. The soil loss is caused by sheet or rill erosion in off-road or off-trail areas where 50 to 75 percent of the surface has been exposed by logging, grazing, mining, or other kinds of disturbance.</p> <p>The ratings are both qualitative and numerical. The hazard is described as "slight," "moderate," "severe," or "very severe." A rating of "slight" indicates that erosion is unlikely under ordinary climatic conditions; "moderate" indicates that some erosion is likely and that erosion-control measures may be needed; "severe" indicates that erosion is very likely and that erosion-control measures, including revegetation of bare areas, are advised; and "very severe" indicates that significant erosion is expected, loss of soil productivity and off-site damage are likely, and erosion-control measures are costly and generally impractical.”</p>

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43	L. Baiza	Page 6-1, part 6.1: Please see previous comments about containing concrete rinsate from trucks/equipment.	A. See response to comment number 40.
44	L. Baiza	Page 6-2, part 6.2: We believe that all of the techniques mentioned in this paragraph will be insufficient to reduce or eliminate the accelerated erosion and watershed instability caused by the fence. The accelerated erosion is likely to increase the frequency of road blading and general maintenance. Please provide a long-term plan for addressing this issue.	D. The design of the fence would be such that it does not accelerate erosion or watershed instability. As discussed in response to comment number 42, the soils in the project corridor are considered to have a slight erosion hazard. CBP will continually monitor road and fence conditions and will continually perform required maintenance to repair and mitigate erosion.

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45	L. Baiza	Page 6-2, paragraph beginning on page 6-2 and extending onto 6-3: The FEA states that a revegetation plan will be implemented by the USBP upon completion of construction activities. If the restoration plan is 'similar to' the one established for the vehicle barrier, it should include pre-construction activities, such as plant salvage. If the USBP implements a revegetation plan after construction is complete, salvage will no longer be an option. When does the USBP plan to consult with the NPS on a restoration plan? Also, who will be monitoring the construction footprint for 3 years after construction?	A. See response to comment number 7.
46	L. Baiza	<p>Page 6-3, part 6.5 Water Resources: Please see earlier comments on the NPS's contribution to the SWPPP.</p> <p>Please explain how the USBP will remove debris during a flood event without posing a safety hazard to the agent. When in flood stage, many washes can not be crossed safely with a vehicle, so vehicle access to flooding drainages will not be possible. Damage to resources will have occurred before debris will be removed.</p> <p>Please explain where the flood debris will be placed. Normally, the debris would be washed into Mexico, which will no longer be an option.</p>	<p>A. See response to comment number 10.</p> <p>D. CBP is in the process of establishing a long-term maintenance contract that will maintain the roads and fence. Debris that collects on the fence will be removed on a regular basis. For safety reasons, we cannot commit to the removal of debris during a flood event.</p> <p>E. Any organic debris would be placed in areas that are to be revegetated and used as a potential seed source for natural revegetation. All other debris would be removed from the project corridor and disposed of properly.</p>

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47	L. Baiza	Page 7-1, Agency Coordination: There is no indication that the Zuni Tribe has been contacted regarding this project. It is a federally recognized tribe having affiliation with OPCNM.	E. Consultation was conducted with all tribes that have historically expressed an interest in USBP projects in southern Arizona. The SHPO did not indicate that a tribe was omitted; however, the Zuni will be consulted with accordingly.



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

P.O. Box 1306

Albuquerque, New Mexico 87103

In Reply Refer To:

FWS/R2/NWRS-SUPV/033896

DEC 11 2007

Mr. Robert F. Janson
Acting Executive Director
Asset Management
U.S. Customs and Border Protection
Washington, D.C. 20229

Dear Mr. Janson:

Thank you for your letters, dated October 18, 2007, inviting the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) to participate as a cooperating agency in development of Supplemental Environmental Assessments (SEA) for proposed construction, maintenance, and operation of tactical infrastructure related to securing various sectors of the U.S./Mexico international border. The Service is committed to continuing a cooperative relationship with U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to address issues in the vicinity of the border related to security and conservation of natural resources. Towards that goal, we will continue to cooperatively develop best management practices and standard operating procedures with CBP personnel in the various sectors in an effort to minimize environmental impacts associated with border protection.

We appreciate your invitation for the Service to serve as a cooperating agency in completion of National Environmental Policy Act documentation required to assess environmental concerns related to development and operation of border tactical infrastructure. Even though the Service is a Federal agency with land management responsibilities for natural resources that will be affected by the proposed action, we have concluded given the mission of the Service, that it would not be appropriate to assume the role of a cooperating agency in this planning process.

Sincerely,

Regional Director



United States Department of the Interior

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
Arizona Ecological Services Field Office
2321 West Royal Palm Road, Suite 103
Phoenix, Arizona 85021-4951

Telephone: (602) 242-0210 Fax: (602) 242-2513



In Reply Refer to:

AESO/SE
22410-2008-F-0011

October 19, 2007

Mr. Eric W. Verwers, Director
Construction and Support Office
Department of the Army
Fort Worth District, Corps of Engineers
P.O. Box 17300
Fort Worth, Texas 76102-0300

Dear Mr. Verwers:

Thank you for your correspondence (electronic mail) of October 12, 2007, requesting formal consultation pursuant to section 7 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*) (Act). We received your original letter of August 14, 2007, requesting our concurrence that the Installation of 5.2 Miles of Primary Fence near Lukeville, Border Patrol (BP) Tucson Sector Project, Pima County, Arizona (proposed project), may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect, the federally endangered lesser long-nosed bat (*Leptonycteris curasoae yerbabuenae*) and will have no effect on the endangered Sonoran pronghorn (*Antilocapra americana sonoriensis*). On October 9, 2007, we held a conference call with Chris Ingram and Josh McEnany of Gulf South Research Corporation, to discuss the project's effects on the Sonoran pronghorn and lesser long-nosed bat. During the call, you revised your determination and concluded that the project may result in adverse effects to both species and that formal section 7 consultation is warranted. This determination was confirmed in your October 12, 2007, electronic mail.

The consultation concerns the possible effects of your proposed project, as described in the "Draft Environmental Assessment for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Primary Fence near Lukeville, Arizona, US. Border Patrol (BP) Tucson Sector" (DEA). You have determined that the project may adversely affect the endangered Sonoran pronghorn and the endangered lesser long-nosed bat.

To complete our Biological Opinion (BO) on project effects to the Sonoran pronghorn and lesser long-nosed bat, we request that you provide us with the following information (we will include your response in the "description of the proposed action" in the BO):

- A complete description of project timing (i.e., when project construction will commence; how long construction will take; how often fence and road maintenance will occur and when; etc.).
- A complete description of the fence design and fence maintenance techniques and schedule. We recommend gaps (maximum width possible) be incorporated into the fence design to allow for passage of small and medium-sized animals. According to the Research and Endangered Species Coordinator at Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument (OPNCNM), after significant rainfall events, debris becomes lodged on the OPNCNM permanent vehicle barriers (PVBs) (six inch-wide posts on five-foot centers), which creates a dam that causes water to pool upstream (up to 100+ feet) and laterally (up to 300+ feet) (electronic mail from Tim Tibbits, October 4, 2007). Therefore, it would be helpful to specifically describe how the pedestrian fence will be designed in wash areas to, as stated in the DEA, ensure proper conveyance of floodwaters and to eliminate the potential to cause backwater flooding on either side of the border. Describe how and how often the fence and adjacent road will be maintained. Describe in detail how and how often the fence will be monitored and maintained during rainfall events to ensure it is not impeding proper water conveyance; additionally include who will be responsible for these activities.
- An analysis of how the project (both the fence and associated vegetation clearing) will affect hydrology and erosion in the area and how potential increases in erosion and changes in hydrology will affect resources, such as columnar cacti.
- A statement clarifying if water will be used for fence construction. If it will be used, please describe from where the water will be taken. As we stated in our July 10, 2007, letter regarding this project, we do not recommend any groundwater be extracted from the area for project purposes, as any groundwater pumping could result in degradation or loss of critical habitat and mortality of Quitobaquito pupfish and other wetland species at the Quitobaquito pond.
- A description of the approximate number of saguaros and organ pipe cactus that will be impacted on Sonoyta Hill and those that will be impacted in the other project areas. Based on our October 9, 2007, conversation with Gulf South Research Corporation, most impacts to columnar cacti will occur on Sonoyta Hill. To greatly reduce project impacts to columnar cacti and consequently to the lesser long-nosed bat, we recommend that the fence not be constructed over Sonoyta Hill. If the fence is built over Sonoyta Hill, we recommend that this proposed project footprint be reduced to the greatest extent possible.
- A complete description of project access roads and use of these roads. Page 2-3 of the DEA states that access would include use of the existing patrol road adjacent to the U.S.-Mexico border as well as South Puerto Blanco and the north-south access roads constructed by the National Park Service (NPS). Please clarify the north-south access roads to which you are referring. The only north-south access road of which we are aware is the one located about 0.75 mile west of Lukeville (to the east of Sonoyta Hill) that passes through the old Dowling Ranch area and connects South Puerto Blanco Drive to the border road. This road, however, is an old recovering ranch road, neither constructed nor used by NPS. Though its

construction and use has never undergone section 7 consultation, it is currently used by the BP. If this is the road to which you are referring, please provide us with a description of the road and adjacent area (size of the road, vegetation community through which the road passes, etc.) and describe the proposed use of the road during project-related activities (i.e., how often it will be used by BP or contractors during project construction, if it will be used as an access road to conduct fence maintenance, if it will be used for patrol purposes associated with the proposed project). Because construction and use of the road by BP has not been previously consulted on, this will be included as part of the description of your proposed action in our BO. Additionally, please describe the proposed use of all other access roads associated with this project. Provide an analysis of the effects to Sonoran pronghorn and lesser long-nosed bat from use of these roads. We recommend including in this proposed action a provision that all project-related personnel observe the NPS posted speed limit of 25 miles per hour in OPCNM during all project construction and maintenance-related activities.

- An analysis of possible indirect effects to Sonoran pronghorn and lesser long-nosed bat from potential shifts in illegal traffic and ensuing law enforcement caused by the installation of the fence. It is likely that shifts will occur to the west of the fence because this area is easier to access from Mexico, due to its close proximity to Highway 2, than the area to the east of the eastern end of fence. To minimize potential impacts to Sonoran pronghorn, we recommend that interdiction efforts be focused along the border road, to the west of the fence, to prevent illegal traffic from entering prime Sonoran pronghorn habitat in western OPCNM and eastern Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge.
- A detailed cactus salvage plan or written agreement among Army Corps of Engineers (ACOE) or BP, FWS, and NPS that a detailed salvage plan will be developed with and approved by the NPS by a date agreed to by NPS. As stated in the DEA, the revegetation plan established by NPS for the construction of the PVBs on OPCNM will be implemented within the project corridor upon completion of construction activities. We recommend that the NPS plan be used as a template for your plan; however, a detailed salvage plan should immediately be developed with (or by – see below) and approved by OPCNM. The plan should address: 1) how (techniques to be used) the columnar cacti will be salvaged, including whether the cacti will be relocated to a temporary holding facility to be stabilized for a year before being re-planting, as OPCNM did; 2) where the cacti will be placed; 3) what the success criteria will be and what actions will be taken should the criteria not be met; and 4) how and how often monitoring will be done. Furthermore, please explain who will be responsible for developing and implementing the final plan. We recommend funding be provided to OPCNM to develop and implement the plan if they are able to do so. If they are not, we recommend that a qualified consultant develop and implement the plan in accordance with OPCNM's guidance.

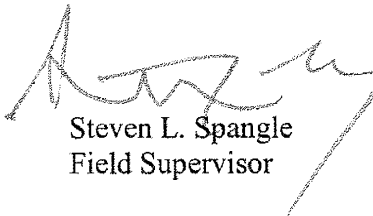
Section 7 allows us up to 90 calendar days to conclude formal consultation with your agency and an additional 45 calendar days to prepare our biological opinion (unless we mutually agree to an extension). The consultation period began on October 12, 2007, the date you requested formal consultation. However, we will not be able to complete our Biological Opinion until we receive the information we requested above. Because you have requested us to expedite this

consultation for the benefit of Homeland Security, we expect to provide you with our draft biological opinion no later than 30 days after receipt of the above-requested information.

We have assigned log number 22410-2008-F-0011 to this consultation. Please refer to that number in future correspondence on this consultation. As a reminder, the Act requires that after initiation of formal consultation, the Federal action agency may not make any irreversible or irretrievable commitment of resources that limits future options. This practice insures agency actions do not preclude the formulation and implementation of reasonable and prudent alternatives that avoid jeopardizing the continued existence of endangered or threatened species or destroying or adversely modifying their critical habitats.

We encourage you to coordinate the review of this project with the Arizona Game and Fish Department and OPCNM. In keeping with our trust responsibilities to Native American Tribes, by this letter we notify the Tohono O'Odham Nation, which will be interested or affected by this proposed action and encourage you to invite the Nation and the Bureau of Indian Affairs to participate in this review process. Thank you for your continued coordination efforts. If you have questions or concerns about this consultation or the consultation process in general, please contact Erin Fernandez at (520/670-6150 x238) or Jim Rorabaugh at (520/670-6150 x230).

Sincerely,



Steven L. Spangle
Field Supervisor

cc: Regional Director, Fish and Wildlife Service, Albuquerque, NM (ARD-ES)
(Attn: Brian Millsap)
Chief, Habitat Branch, Arizona Game and Fish Department, Phoenix, AZ
Regional Supervisor, Arizona Game and Fish Department, Yuma, AZ
Regional Supervisor, Arizona Game and Fish Department, Tucson, AZ
Assistant Field Supervisor, Fish and Wildlife Service, Tucson, AZ
Superintendent, Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument, Ajo, AZ
Refuge Manager, Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge, Ajo, AZ
Chairperson, Tohono O'Odham Nation, Sells, AZ
Gulf South Research Corporation, Baton Rouge, Louisiana (Attn: Chris Ingram)

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TOHONO O'ODHAM NATION
NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT
WILDLIFE AND VEGETATION MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

PO Box 837, Sells, Arizona 85634 Phone: 520.383.1513 Fax: 520.383.3377 e-mail: karen.howe@tonation-nsn.gov



October 15, 2007

Eric W. Verwers, Director (by regular and e-mail)
Engineering and Construction Support Office
Department of the Army
Fort Worth District, Corps of Engineers
P.O. Box 17300
Fort Worth, Texas 76102-0300

Re: Draft Environmental Assessment for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 miles of Primary Fence
Near Lukeville, Arizona, U.S. Border Patrol Tucson Section

Dear Mr. Verwers:

The Wildlife and Vegetation Management Program (WVMP) of the Tohono O'odham Nation (Nation) would like to provide to you our comments on the above referenced project (DEA).

The Nation shares its' western boundary with Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument (OPCNM) which encompasses the project area. Due to this proximity impacts from this project may directly, and indirectly, affect the Nation's biological resources.

As a summary to the entire document the draft Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) will provide the basis for most of our comments which are as follows:

1. Page FONSI-2, Alternatives. Only two alternatives are presented for this project. We feel this is inadequate for the stated purpose and need of this project especially in regard to mitigation for permanent impacts to wildlife corridors that a fence would present. Other alternatives could take into account different styles of fence as well as placement of gaps to provide for large wildlife movement.
2. Page FONSI-2, Alternative 2. Stated in this paragraph as well as in many places within the DEA is that "the final design would be developed by the design/build contractor." If this is the case, this document is moot because impacts to the environment cannot be thoroughly assessed and addressed until the final design is known.
3. Page FONSI-2 & -3, Environmental Consequences. The impacts to wildlife movement across the international boundary are characterized as minimal. Are there studies that have been documented/written to support this statement? If so, these need to be referenced.

The generalization of the minimization of indirect adverse affects does not take into account that increased USBP action and the affect of additional agents in these areas will most likely add to the impacts, especially IA apprehensions in undisturbed and wilderness areas on the Nation to the east and the OPCNM and Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge (CPNWR) to the west. The statement that illegal pedestrian traffic impacts are “unknown, if, when, or where this shift in traffic may occur” is undermined by the assertion that “wildlife would also still be able to migrate across. . .the border either to the east or west of the project footprint terminus” (Section 4.4.2.2, page 4-5). If a determination can be made for migratory adaptability for wildlife then that would hold true for pedestrian traffic as well and so can be a “known” quantity where this assertion is made throughout the DEA. Flow of IA foot traffic will find the areas of least resistance in the surrounding lands.

4. Page FONSI-3, Environmental Design Measures. Within the FONSI and text of the DEA (Sec. 6.0 Environmental Design Measures) there is no mention of preventive measures to prevent initial invasive species establishment, such as hosing down equipment, vehicles, etc. that provide opportunities for invasive species to be brought to the construction corridor.
5. Page FONSI-4, Biological Resources. See comment 4 above.
6. Page FONSI-4, Water Resources. We appreciate the acknowledgement that work conducted during times of heavy rains greatly impacts the Sonoran Desert environment and that work will cease during those times.

As discussed in Section 4.9, pages 4-12, -13, the water source for construction purposes is unknown making it problematic to assess what local impacts may occur if groundwater is utilized. Is the estimation of 5.2 ac-feet usage for construction over the entire span of construction? Is this number based on the amounts discussed in 4.0, page 4-1? What is the time-frame? Also, there is no source cited for the groundwater water recharge and withdrawal rates. Are these numbers an average and if so, over what period of time? This discussion needs to be expanded to account for the determination of no significant impact.

7. Page 3-4, The Tohono O’odham Nation. “The largest of the four areas within TON” shares approximately 70 miles with Mexico and contains significant cultural and biological resources.
8. Page 5-1, 5.0. Cumulative Impacts. As stated, this section discusses how the project affects the region. The WVMP and other Nation programs that oversee and assess impacts to the Nations’ biological and other resources were not consulted as to how the pedestrian fence may affect these resources.

Land Use. While it states that “less than 0.002 percent of OPCNM total acreage” would be impacted, the land usage as utilized as a north-south migratory and forage path will have a significant impact to wildlife by impeding their movement.

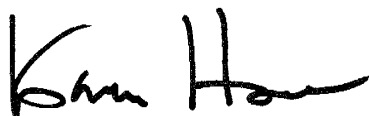
9. Page 5-4, Biological Resources. See Land Use above. Until and when there is discussion about the quality and quantity of resources available to wildlife and plants to provide for their sustainability in the region the contention that over the long-term species and community viability will not be significantly impacted cannot be supported.
10. Page 5-5, Socioeconomics. Possible IA traffic funneled to areas around the pedestrian fence onto the Nation may have some relative, if not significant, cumulative impact to villages on the Nation’s western boundary. If IA foot traffic increases in these areas, there may be a

corresponding increase in public safety issues. The Nation's police and medical services to address these issues would also increase.

11. Page 7-1, Public Involvement. Although a primary stakeholder in the region, the Nation was not consulted and coordinated with in preparation of this document as were other tribes as evidenced in Appendix C. Also noted was the increase of primary fence from 4.2 miles provided to correspondents to 5.2 miles in the current DEA. In order to make accurate assessments for impacts to natural and cultural resources it is important that any changes be provided to interested parties.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments to this Draft Environmental Assessment and we look forward to future coordination on this and other projects that may affect the biological resources of the Tohono O'odham Nation. If you have any questions or comments please contact me at 520-383-1513 or karen.howe@tonation-nsn.gov.

Respectfully,



Karen Howe
Ecologist

cc: Ned Norris, Jr., Chairman Tohono O'odham Nation
Isidro Lopez, Vice Chairman, Tohono O'odham Nation
Selso Villegas, Director, Natural Resources Department
Tohono O'odham Legislative Council, Natural Resources Committee
Peter Steere, Manager, Cultural Affairs Program

[electronic signature on file]



INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY AND WATER COMMISSION
UNITED STATES AND MEXICO

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER
UNITED STATES SECTION

October 11, 2007

Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and Construction Support Office
Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District
ATTN: CESWF-PM-EC/McGregor
819 Taylor Street, Room 3A28
Fort Worth, TX 76102

Subject: Draft Environmental Assessment for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 miles of Primary Fence near Lukeville, Arizona, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector

Dear Mr. Verwers:

The United States Section, International Boundary and Water Commission (USIBWC) would like to thank you for the opportunity to review the subject document. As indicated in previous correspondence related to Border Patrol fence projects, the USIBWC requests that proposed construction activities be accomplished in a manner that does not change historic surface runoff characteristics at the international border. If the project falls within USIBWC jurisdiction or property, the USIBWC will not approve any construction near the international boundary in the United States that increases, concentrates, or relocates overland drainage flows into either country. This requirement is intended to ensure that developments in one country will not cause damage to lands or resources in the other country as required by the 1970 Treaty. We also request that you ensure that structures constructed along the border are maintained in an adequate manner and that liability issues created by these structures are addressed.

As with previous work by Border Patrol along the international boundary, the USIBWC requires that proposed works and related facilities not affect the permanence of existing boundary monuments and not impede access for their maintenance by USIBWC personnel. Any proposed construction must allow for line-of-sight visibility between each of the boundary monuments. The USIBWC requests that engineering drawings be submitted for review and approval before beginning construction on USIBWC jurisdictional property. The drawings must show the location of each component in relationship to the international boundary and nearby monuments.

In order to avoid any confusion and to allow better coordination, the USIBWC requests that a table be added to the Cumulative Effects Section that lists all the border fence projects, by state, that are being programmed for construction. This is due to the overwhelming amount of projects by the Border Patrol along the international border. For your information, the USIBWC has designated Mr. Richard Peace, Division Engineer, Operations and Maintenance Division as the agency single point of contact for border fence and other border security projects. Any future correspondence should be addressed to Mr. Peace at the letterhead address.

If you have any questions regarding these comments, please contact Mr. Richard Peace, at (915) 832-4158.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Ca Peña', written in a cursive style.

Carlos Peña, Jr., P.E.
Division Engineer
Environmental Management Division

October 9, 2007

William Fickel, Jr.
Chief, Planning, Environmental and Regulatory Division
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Fort Worth District, ATTN: CESWF-PM-EC/McGregor
819 Taylor Street, Room 3A28
Fort Worth, Texas 76102-0300

Dear Mr. Fickel, Jr:

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on the Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona and adjacent to Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument. Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument staff is submitting the following comments:

Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI):

There are only two alternatives considered in the draft with one being no action and the other being the proposed or possibly the preferred.

We suggest an additional alternative which would include a combination of pedestrian fencing, remote technology, and law enforcement effort. As an example, the proposed pedestrian fence west of Lukeville would extend to the end for the existing National Park Service vehicle barrier (Normandy Barrier) and a remotely operated video camera placed at the top of Sonoyta/Monument Hill to monitor incursions on either side. This combined with increased law enforcement presence, would likely deter illegal activity from and minimize the impact of the proposed project on resources in this area. It would also minimize the enormous impacts to Sonoyta/Monument Hill resources and possibly keep this work in the realm of an Environment Assessment. With the additional portion of new road especially extending possibly 150 feet from the International Boundary and 90 feet beyond the Roosevelt Reservation the nature of this work will cause irreparable damages to resources now and into the future and will probably require a full Environmental Impact Statement.

Another major concern is the proper conveyance of floodwaters through the pedestrian fence. It should be more clearly defined in the EA and FONSI. Specifically, design drawings should be included as to how floodwaters will be conveyed through the pedestrian fence and debris normally accumulating on existing vehicle barrier dealt with.

Utilizing the design – build concept works in many projects and probably will for this one too. The concern again is that the final EA should include alternative and final drawings of approved designs which will allow for a more consistent review.

FONSI-2, Environmental Consequences: The home range of many species of small mammals and reptiles are localized within, could be contained within the project scope, and cross the international boundary. The presence of a pedestrian fence which could prevent small mammals and reptiles from crossing the international boundary could have more than a minimal impact on individuals as they are denied access to important forage and breeding habitat.

FONSI-3, Environmental Consequences: Based on past security measures near POE's, it is likely that the presence of a pedestrian fence on either side of the Lukeville POE will force IA's into more remote areas of the monument. Trash and debris may be reduced on a local scale in the project corridor; however, the regional deposition of trash from IA's will shift to more remote areas of the monument.

Executive Summary

Page iii: The correct citation year for the Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument vehicle barrier EA and FONSI is 2003.

Proposed Action Alternative:

2.2, Proposed Action Alternative: It is anticipated an area greater than the Roosevelt Reservation (60ft.) will be needed to construct an access road, vehicle turn arounds, and staging area for the pedestrian fence over Sonoyta/Monument Hill. The current grade on Monument Hill is greater than 10%. In order to transport equipment to the work site, switchbacks may be required to traverse either side of Sonoyta/Monument Hill and, consequently, require the access road to be partially located outside of the Roosevelt Reservation. This type of disturbance would not support the current Finding of No Significant Impact and requires additional analysis of effects.

2.2, Proposed Action Alternative: It is difficult to evaluate the effects of the preferred alternative on the surrounding resources because no fence design was included in the document. The final draft document should include the current and alternative designs and analyze the impact of this design on the surrounding resources.

2.2, Proposed Action Alternative: Staging areas and turnarounds could likely be located outside of the Roosevelt Reservation when constructing the new primary fence over Sonoyta/Monument Hill.

Affected Environment

3.3.2, Wildlife: Sonoran toad is widespread throughout the desert and breeds in ephemeral pools and could be found within the project area.

Table 3-1, Federally listed and proposed species: Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument supports one known population of acuña cactus, located approximately 8 miles north of the international boundary.

3.6.1.1, Sonoran Pronghorn: Mexico Highway 2 is not adjacent to the project corridor as it joins the boundary at OPCNM approximately 5 miles west of the POE. Additionally, the existing NPS vehicle barrier was designed to allow for pronghorn passage and is not considered an impediment to Sonoran pronghorn movement (NPS 2003).

3.6.1.3 Acuña cactus: There are 6 known populations of acuña cactus in the United States and Sonora, Mexico (Rutman 2007). One population is located on approximately 1,900 acres in Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument (Rutman 2007).

Figure 3-1, Sonoran Pronghorn Range with Project Corridor: This figure should indicate the location of Mexico Highway 2 as it is referenced in the previous paragraph.

3.4, Unique and Environmentally Sensitive Areas: The document adequately describes the unique habitat and vegetation of Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument and its surrounding lands. However, additional information should be included on any unique and environmentally sensitive areas in the project area. These include the rocky hillside communities on Monument Hill and the many xeroriparian communities which cross through the project area. Xeroriparian communities are a critical component of the Sonoran Desert ecosystem.

3.5, No mention made of consideration for protection of Wilderness Values especially since a major portion of the work will take place adjacent to monument wilderness.

3.7, The Tohono O'odham Nation has direct affiliation with Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument. They should also be contacted to comment on cultural landscapes and traditional properties.

3.12, Aesthetics: Please see comment above for 3.6.1.1 in reference to the proximity of Mexico Highway 2 to the project corridor.

3.12, Aesthetics: The items listed, with the exception of the existing PVB, can not be seen from South Puerto Blanco Drive where the view shed and aesthetics would be impacted from construction of the pedestrian fence. Consider utilizing non reflective non galvanized or coated metals in the design of this fence. Material color should match the natural rust patina on the vehicle barrier in place.

Page 3-16, Photograph 3-2: The photograph is from an area west and outside of the project corridor.

Environmental Consequences

4.0, Environmental Consequences: As stated above, it's difficult to evaluate the effects of the preferred alternative on the surrounding resources because no fence design was included in the document. The next draft document should include the current and alternative designs and analyze the impact of this design on the surrounding resources.

4.1.2, Land Use, Alternative 2: Based on past border security actions, it is likely that IAs will move to more remote areas of the monument as a result of the proposed alternative. This could lead to additional traffic and potential adverse indirect impact in areas away from the pedestrian fence.

4.1.2, Land Use, Alternative 2: The EA indicated that 7 acres outside of the Roosevelt Reserve will be impacted from this access. However, an engineered drawing of the proposed route up and over "Sonoyta Hill" should be completed and included in the EA along with an analysis of the amount of land which will be disturbed from this route.

4.2.2, Soils, Alternative 2: The approximate acreage of soils to be impacted by this alternative should also include soils for the access road over "Sonoyta Hill". In the design water diversion and soil retention structures will need to be considered for the cleared area over Sonoyta/Monument Hill.

4.3.2.2, Wildlife, Alternative 2: Please support the statement "...previously disturbed, and the remainder has limited vegetation, which is now considered poor quality habitat." with a citation supporting this statement and description of what wildlife species this would be considered poor habitat.

4.3.2.2, Wildlife, Alternative 2: The statement "...due to tens of thousands of acres of suitable, similar habitat adjacent to the project corridor." is not accurate. OPCNM contains a mosaic of diverse habitat ranging Sonoran desert scrub to temperate mountain communities. Wildlife in OPCNM is diverse and many are found only in localized areas; such as the Acuña cactus, Senita cactus, Sonoyta mud turtle, and desert tortoise. Desert tortoise is present in several areas within the project scope and the fence design should ensure adequate passage for desert tortoise between the United States and Mexico.

4.3.3.2, Non-native and invasive species, Alternative 2: The document states that "With the exception of Sonoyta Hills, this area has been previously disturbed from the construction of the existing PVBS". This is not an accurate statement as the NPS vehicle barrier project scope was 30 ft. from the international border with the exception of 60 ft for staging areas. The scope for this project is 60 ft from the international border.

4.3.3.2, Non-native and invasive species, Alternative 2: Please support the following statement "Disturbances would occur adjacent to existing roads and would not create new dispersal corridors or result in the expansion of non-native or invasive plant species distributions." with a citation. Once introduced and established, invasive species can spread by human and/or animal vector and wind.

4.4.2, Unique and Environmentally Sensitive Areas, Alternative 2: The following two statements contradict each other:

“The construction crew and equipment would access the project corridor along the border road entirely within the Roosevelt Reservation, limiting visual and noise impacts to the OPCNM”.

“However, the use of South Puerto Blanco Road would be required to access the project corridor on the western face of Sonoyta Hill.”

Please clarify this discrepancy.

Page 4-7, 4.4.2, Unique and Environmentally Sensitive Areas, Alternative 2: The first paragraph address aesthetics in several places, however the subheading indicates the topic is “Unique and Environmentally Sensitive Areas”.

4.4.2, Unique and Environmentally Sensitive Areas, Alternative 2: Due to the open terrain which typifies OPCNM, the proposed action would be visible from areas outside of the disturbed area, including Gachado Line Camp, South Puerto Blanco Road, the El Camino Del Dos Republicos.

4.7.2, Cultural Resources, Alternative 2: Proposed Action Alternative: The NPS monitors the condition of its List of Classified Structures (LCS). International Boundary Monument 166, 167, and 168 are on the NPS LCS. The EA should describe how NPS staff will access the sites post construction.

4.9.2, Water Resources, Alternative 2: The National Park Service is concerned about the potential for water to be restricted through washes which the pedestrian barrier will cross. During high water events, debris can build up against any barrier in washes (Photo 1) and change water flow direction and pattern and channel water along the road to an area of less resistance (Photo 2). Any change to water flow direction and pattern will, in turn, change the hydrology of the area on a local and, if large, enough, general scale on both the United States and Mexico side of the international border. The pedestrian fence design should accommodate water flow through the fence without changing hydrologic function of the area.

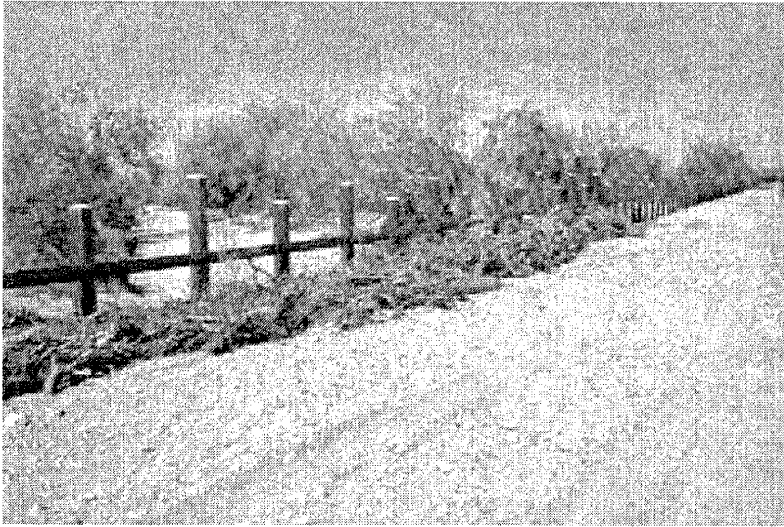


Photo 1: Debris backup against the vehicle barrier during one high water flow event at Vulture Wash, Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument, 2005.

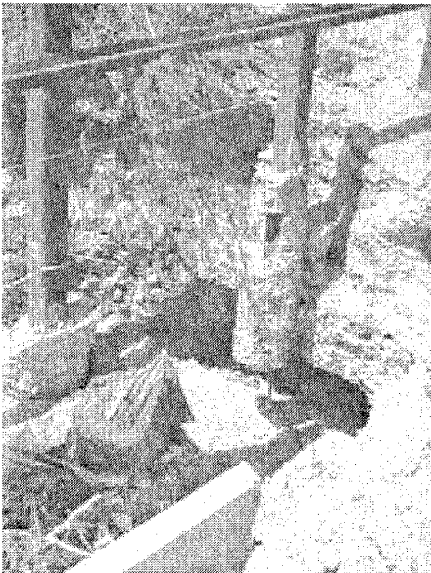


Photo 2: Erosion around a vehicle barrier post during one high water flow event, Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument 2005.

4.12.2, Aesthetics, Alternative 2: The construction of a pedestrian fence over Sonoyta Hill would constitute a long-term adverse impact to the visual quality of this area, which is visible from State Highway 85, Lukeville and South Puerto Blanco Road.

Page 5-2, Table 5-1: There are several discrepancies in the Approximate Distance From Project Corridor (miles) column. Specifically:

- Lease of an existing vehicle maintenance facility in Ajo, Arizona = 40 miles.
- Proposed construction of 36 miles of pedestrian barrier, 35 miles of patrol and drag road, eight water wells, two new temporary staging areas, five existing staging areas, and approximately 7.5 miles of improvements to north-south access roads = 15 miles
- Proposed acquisition of 30 acres adjacent to the USBP Ajo station for horse corral, station expansion, and parking = 30 miles.

Page 5-3, Cumulative Impact: The correct citation is Kralovec 2007.

Page 5-4, Cumulative Impact, Biological Resources: Please define 'suitable habitat' in lack of and vast amounts in terms of species composition the statement "...result in insignificant cumulative impacts to vegetation communities and wildlife populations due to the lack of suitable habitat in the project corridor and vast amounts of suitable habitat surrounding the project corridor." Also, please support this statement with a citation which explains which species the habitat is unsuitable for in the project corridor.

6.3, Environmental Design Measures, Biological Resources:

6.4, Environmental Design Measures, Cultural Resources: The document should describe what type of buffers will be employed to protect International Boundary Monument 166, 167, and 168.

There are several other elements which should be considered and inclusive of the final Environmental Assessment for this project;

- Contractor staging sites and access to specific areas along the fence line
- Designate water source opportunities for the contractors-the monument is prohibited from selling water to outside contractors.
- Define responsible party for continued maintenance of fence and roadway.

Sharing a couple of final recommendations in general; I would once again ask you to fully evaluate the benefits of continuing the pedestrian fence over Sonoyta/Monument Hill verses ending it at the end of our Normandy Barriers. Our preference if asked would be to save this funding and utilize it elsewhere along the border. The other recommendation is to be sure the new design of this pedestrian fence is incorporated into the vehicle barrier in place and allows for continued maintenance of these fences for future out years. We do not want to see a second fence built prohibiting access to the vehicle barrier in place or for that matter placing employees in jeopardy with no immediate retrieval place if the situation requires it.

Thanks again and I look forward to your Final Environmental Assessment.

Sincerely,

Lee Baiza
Superintendent, Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument

Cc:Robert Frankeberger, State Historic Preservation Officer
Peter L. Steere, Manager Cultural Affairs Office, Tohono O'odham
Dion Ethell, Public Lands Liaison, U.S. Department of Homeland Security



THE STATE OF ARIZONA
GAME AND FISH DEPARTMENT

2221 WEST GREENWAY ROAD
PHOENIX, AZ 85023-4399
(602) 942-3000 • AZGFD.GOV

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DEPUTY DIRECTOR
STEVE K. FERRELL



October 5, 2007

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Fort Worth District
ATTN: CESWF-PM-EC/McGregor
819 Taylor Street, Room 3A28
Fort Worth, TX 76102

Re: Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

To Whom It May Concern:

The Arizona Game and Fish Department (Department) appreciates the opportunity to comment on the Draft Environmental Assessment (DEA) and Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) for the proposed project located near the Lukeville Port of Entry. The Department recognizes national security as a top priority for the State of Arizona. That being stated, the Department is concerned that much of the tactical infrastructure (pedestrian fencing, roads, etc.) associated with border protections against increasing numbers of undocumented immigrants is fragmenting and degrading important habitats, impacting genetic viability of species, and leading to further declines of currently imperiled and rare species.

For the proposed project analyzed within the DEA, the Department is concerned about increased activities by Border Agents at the termination points of the fence. The added activities and protection measures, without consideration of "virtual" fencing may further impact and degrades habitat and movement abilities for wildlife. We advocate for mitigating measures to support and conserve wildlife, including opportunities to collect baseline information to better document the impacts of illegal activities and Border Operations on wildlife and wildlife habitat.

The DEA does not address species other than federally listed or candidate species. There are two reptile species of interest that have the potential to be impacted directly by construction of the fence through the Sonoyta Hills; Sonoran desert tortoise and Mexican rosy boas. We recommend that construction activities follow the Department's "Guidelines for Handling Sonoran Desert Tortoises Encountered on Development Projects" which can be found at <http://www.azgfd.gov/hgis/pdfs/Tortoisehandlingguidelines.pdf>. In this particular case, the Department recommends that any tortoises that are encountered should be kept within the Sonoyta Hills, and not displaced farther away.

October 5, 2007

2

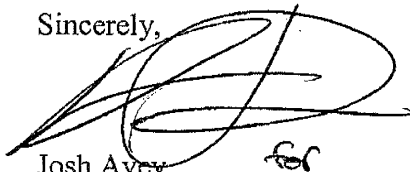
Mexican rosy Boas are considered a Species of Greatest Conservation Need in the Department's State Wildlife Action Plan. The distribution of Mexican rosy boas is not well understood, and local population status is unknown. While the Department does not have specific recommendations dealing with rosy boas, the desert tortoise handling guidelines would also apply to this species with respect to searching the site and moving the animals.

Understanding that for many proposed security infrastructure projects, there can be no reliable conservation measures taken to reduce or mitigate impacts to wildlife, given the federal goal of reducing and managing the flow of undocumented immigrants into the U.S. Therefore, the Department must determine how to meet our agency's Mission, under conditions which are difficult to offset, given the security and protection priorities. In this regard, the Department provides the following recommendations:

- We request increased and upfront coordination between the BP, CBP, DHS, and other border protection agencies, including meeting with staff to discuss plans and infrastructure proposals (such as road construction, construction of fencing and barriers, etc.) and potential impacts on wildlife. Advanced coordination will allow our agencies to identify and resolve potential issues up front.
- Dedicate funding for ecological mitigation and restoration activities, including wildlife enhancement and conservation projects.
- Use low-impact infrastructure, where appropriate, to mitigate the environmental effects of undocumented migration and other illegal activities.
- Emphasize high-tech surveillance alternatives (unmanned aerial surveillance vehicles, motion sensors, laser barriers and infrared cameras) that can improve border security efforts and minimize impacts on wildlife and sensitive habitats.
- Limit the use of pedestrian fences to urban and adjacent areas. Use vehicle barriers (wildlife friendly) in conjunction with virtual fencing in areas where hard infrastructure is necessary and appropriate.

In summary, the Department requests that immediate efforts be made to improve communications between our agencies to improve opportunities to address and mitigate impacts to wildlife and wildlife habitats from border infrastructure projects and activities. Please coordinate with me at 602-789-3605 or javey@azgfd.gov. We appreciate the opportunity to provide these concerns and look forward to speaking with appropriate staff in the near future.

Sincerely,



Josh Avey
Habitat Branch Chief

cc: Bill Van Pelt, Nongame Birds and Mammals Manager
Thomas Jones, Amphibians and Reptiles Program Manager
Bill Knowles, Region IV Habitat Program Specialist

Arizona's On-line Environmental Review Tool
Search ID: 20071005004081
Project Name: Lukeville POE Pedestrian Fencing
Date: 10/5/2007 11:23:51 AM

Please review the entire receipt for project type recommendations and/or species or location information and retain a copy for future reference. If any of the information you provided did not accurately reflect this project, or if project plans change, another review should be conducted, as this determination may not be valid.

Arizona's On-line Environmental Review Tool:

1. This On-line Environmental Review Tool Inquiry has generated recommendations regarding the potential impacts of your project on Special Status Species (SSS) and other wildlife of Arizona. SSS include all U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service federally listed, U.S. Bureau of Land Management sensitive, U.S. Forest Service sensitive, and Arizona Game and Fish Department (Department) recognized species of concern.
2. These recommendations have been made by the Department, under authority of Arizona Revised Statutes Title 5 (Amusements and Sports), 17 (Game and Fish), and 28 (Transportation). These recommendations are preliminary in scope, designed to provide early considerations for all species of wildlife, pertinent to the project type you entered.
3. This receipt, generated by the automated On-line Environmental Review Tool does not constitute an official project review by Department biologists and planners. Further coordination may be necessary as appropriate under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and/or the Endangered Species Act (ESA).

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) has regulatory authority over all federally listed species under the ESA. Contact USFWS Ecological Services Offices: <http://arizonaes.fws.gov/>.

Phoenix Main Office
2321 W. Royal Palm Road, Suite 103
Phoenix, AZ 85021
Phone 602-242-0210
Fax 602-242-2513

Tucson Sub-Office
201 North Bonita, Suite 141
Tucson, AZ 85745
Phone 520-670-6144
Fax 520-670-6154

Flagstaff Sub-Office
323 N. Leroux Street, Suite 101
Flagstaff, AZ 86001
Phone 928-226-0614
Fax 928-226-1099

Disclaimer:

1. This is a preliminary environmental screening tool. It is not a substitute for the potential knowledge gained by having a biologist conduct a field survey of the project area.
2. The Department's Heritage Data Management System (HDMS) data is not intended to include potential distribution of special status species. Arizona is large and diverse with plants, animals, and environmental conditions that are ever changing. Consequently, many areas may contain species that biologists do not know about or species previously noted in a particular area may no longer occur there.
3. Not all of Arizona has been surveyed for special status species, and surveys that have been conducted have varied greatly in scope and intensity. Such surveys may reveal previously undocumented population of species of special concern.
4. HDMS data contains information about species occurrences that have actually been reported to the Department.

Arizona Game and Fish Department Mission

To conserve, enhance, and restore Arizona's diverse wildlife resources and habitats through aggressive protection and

Arizona's On-line Environmental Review Tool
Search ID: 20071005004081
Project Name: Lukeville POE Pedestrian Fencing
Date: 10/5/2007 11:23:51 AM

management programs, and to provide wildlife resources and safe watercraft and off-highway vehicle recreation for the enjoyment, appreciation, and use by present and future generations.

Project Category: Law Enforcement Activities Associated with the Border, Fencing

Project Type Recommendations:

Based on the project type entered; coordination with State Historic Preservation Office may be required
<http://www.pr.state.az.us/partnerships/shpo/shpo.html#anchor561695>

During the planning stages of your project, please consider the local or regional needs of wildlife in regards to movement, connectivity, and access to habitat needs. Loss of this permeability prevents wildlife from accessing resources, finding mates, reduces gene flow, prevents wildlife from re-colonizing areas where local extirpations may have occurred, and ultimately prevents wildlife from contributing to ecosystem functions, such as pollination, seed dispersal, control of prey numbers, and resistance to invasive species. In many cases, streams and washes provide natural movement corridors for wildlife and should be maintained in their natural state. Uplands also support a large diversity of species, and should be contained within important wildlife movement corridors. In addition, maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem functions can be facilitated through improving designs of structures, fences, roadways, and culverts to promote passage for a variety of wildlife.

Recommendations will be dependant upon goals of the fence project and the wildlife species expected to be impacted by the project. Please

contact the Project Evaluation Program for further fencing recommendations and specifications.

Project Location and/or Species recommendations:

HDMS records indicate that one or more listed, proposed, or candidate species or Critical Habitat (Designated or Proposed) have been documented in the vicinity of your project (refer to page 1 of the receipt). Please contact:
Ecological Services Office
US Fish and Wildlife Service

2321 W. Royal Palm Rd.
Phoenix, AZ 85021-4951
Phone: 602-242-0210
Fax: 602-242-2513

HDMS records indicate that one or more native plants listed on the Arizona Native Plant Law and Antiquities Act have been documented within the vicinity of your project area (refer to page 1 of the receipt). Please contact:

Arizona Department of Agriculture
1688 W Adams
Phoenix, AZ 85007
Phone: 602-542-4373

HDMS records indicate that Sonoran desert tortoise have been documented within the vicinity of your project area (refer to the species list on page 1 of the receipt). Please review the Tortoise Handling Guidelines found on the Environmental Review Home Page.

<http://www.azgfd.gov/hgis/guidelines.asp>

Phone Number: (602) 789-3600
Fax Number: (602) 789-3928

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1. This Environmental Review and project planning website was developed and intended for the purpose of screening projects for potential impacts on resources of special concern. By indicating your agreement to the terms of use for this website, you warrant that you will not use this website for any other purpose.
2. Unauthorized attempts to upload information or change information on this website are strictly prohibited and may be punishable under the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act of 1986 and/or the National Information Infrastructure Protection Act.
3. The Department reserves the right at any time, without notice, to enhance, modify, alter, or suspend the website and to terminate or restrict your access to the website.
4. This Environmental Review is based on the project study area that was entered. The review must be redone if the project study area, location, or the type of project changes. If additional information becomes available, this review may need to be reconsidered.

Security:

The Environmental Review and project planning web application operates on a complex State computer system. This system is monitored to ensure proper operation, to verify the functioning of applicable security features, and for other like purposes. Anyone using

Recommendations Disclaimer:

1. Potential impacts to fish and wildlife resources may be minimized or avoided by the recommendations generated from information submitted for your proposed project.
2. These recommendations are proposed actions or guidelines to be considered during **preliminary project development**.
3. Additional site specific recommendations may be proposed during further NEPA/ESA analysis or through coordination with affected agencies.
4. Making this information directly available does not substitute for the Department's review of project proposals, and should not decrease our opportunity to review and evaluate additional project information and/or new project proposals.
5. The Department is interested in the conservation of all fish and wildlife resources, including those Special Status Species listed on this receipt, and those that may have not been documented within the project vicinity as well as other game and nongame wildlife.
6. **Further coordination requires the submittal of this Environmental Review Receipt with a cover letter and project plans or documentation that includes project narrative, acreage to be impacted, how construction or project activity(s) are to be accomplished, and project locality information (including site map).**
7. Upon receiving information by AZGFD, please allow 30 days for completion of project reviews. Mail requests to:

Project Evaluation Program, Habitat Branch
Arizona Game and Fish Department
2221 West Greenway Road
Phoenix, Arizona 85023-4312

Arizona's On-line Environmental Review Tool

Search ID: 20071005004081

Project Name: Lukeville POE Pedestrian Fencing

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Print this Environmental Review Receipt using your Internet browser's print function and keep it for your records. Further coordination requires the submittal of this Environmental Review Receipt with a cover letter and project plans or documentation that includes project narrative, acreage to be impacted, how construction or project activity(s) are to be accomplished, and project locality information (including site map).

Please provide point of contact information regarding this Environmental Review.

Application or organization responsible for project implementation

Agency/organization: _____

Contact Name: _____

Address: _____

City, State, Zip: _____

Phone: _____

E-mail: _____



TOHONO O'ODHAM NATION
CULTURAL AFFAIRS PROGRAM
P.O. BOX 837 • SELLS, ARIZONA 85634
Telephone (520) 383-3622 • Fax (520) 383-3377



September 20, 2007

Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and Construction Support Office
Department of the Army
Fort Worth District, Corps of Engineers
P.O. Box 17300
Fort Worth, Texas
76102-0300

Dear Mr. Verwers:

Thank you for consulting with the Tohono O'odham Nation on:

The Draft Environment Assessment for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Primary Fence Near Lukeville, Arizona, U.S. Border Patrol, Tucson Sector."

The Cultural Affairs Office has the following comments:

- 1. FONSI-page 2 – Only two alternatives considered – 1) the no action alternative and 2) the proposed action alternative**

It appears that the proposed action alternative is the "preferred alternative" although this is not stated.

Other alternatives should have been considered – perhaps one that would involve a natural barrier of vegetation interwoven with the existing vehicle barrier fence.

- 2. FONSI-page 2 – Alternative 2 – 150 ft ROW on Sonoyta Hill is very large and will result in significant impacts to vegetation and wildlife**
- 3. FONSI-page 2 – Alternative 2 – "The Final Design would be developed by design-build contractor." Same mistake made here that was made on the Sasabe Project – you cannot prepare and issue an EA that is supposed to evaluate impacts of 5.2 miles of pedestrian fence and not include a final design. This is unacceptable – final design or at least several option designs need to be presented as part of the EA review – this need to be addressed in a new draft EA that includes more specific designs.**

4. FONSI-page 2 – Environmental Consequences –

“The viewshed of the OPCNM would be impacted by the construction of the pedestrian fence.”

Yes this is true – there is a need to complete a viewshed study and cultural landscape impact study as part of the evaluation process. This has not been done yet.

5. FONSI – page 3 – “the potential exists for shifts in illegal pedestrian traffic to adversely impact resources outside of the project corridor.”

This statement is obvious – illegal pedestrian traffic will go around the east and west side of the pedestrian fence – concentrating impacts on other parts of OPCNM and of course concentrating increased illegal traffic onto the Tohono O’odham Nation east of the Ajo Mountains. The redirection of illegal pedestrian traffic onto the Tohono O’odham Nation was not addressed in the Sasabe EA nor is it addressed in this EA.

The appropriateness of this type of pedestrian fence design in a remote rural wilderness area without 24/7 ground patrol is questionable, just as it was for the Sasabe fence project.

6. FONSI – page 3 – Environmental Design Measures – for these measures to work – there will need to be monitors on site throughout the construction process – past experience strongly suggests that construction contractors will not do an adequate job of self-monitoring.

How will a contractor recognize a previously unknown cultural resource such a buried archaeological site, a burial or a shrine ?

You need to have and fund archaeological monitors and cultural monitors from the Tohono O’odham Nation on site throughout the construction project.

7. FONSI-page 5 – FINDING – “Proposed Action Alternative will not have a significant effect on the environment – Therefore no further environmental impact analysis is warranted.”

Disagree – this conclusion is not supported by EA in present form.

8. page 1-5 – “In some locations, a fence is a critical element of border security”

if a pedestrian fence is built in a remote rural area – unless there is adequate 24/7 ground patrol – the fence is easily breached by going around it, over it, under it or through it

9. **page 2.1 Section 2.0 – as stated before an adequate range of alternatives was not addressed**

Other alternatives should have been considered – perhaps one that would involve a natural barrier of vegetation interwoven with the existing vehicle barrier fence.

10. **page 3.1 – Land Use- March 2006 MOU between DHS, USDI and USDA stating that “all parties recognize that CBP operation and construction within the Roosevelt Reservation is the intended land use of the reservation”**

This MOU is flawed – the Tohono O’odham Nation and other border tribes were not consulted nor invited to participate in the MOU – All of these lands is OPCNM are the traditional-use lands of the Tohono O’odham Nation

This MOU may be in violation of the provisions of the Gadsden Purchase with Mexico in 1854 and hereto in reference to provisions of the Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo that ended the United States War with Mexico in 1848, regarding the rights of indigenous peoples in the border area.

11. **page 3.1-3.2 – “It should be noted that the area outside of the 60 ft Roosevelt Reservation that would be used in order to build the fence over Sonoyta Hill would require use of OPCNM lands, Coordination with the OPCNM has occurred and the OPCNM has indicated their support for the fence construction” (Harper 2007).**

the Tohono O’odham Nation was not consulted on this July 2007 agreement that approved a 150 ft ROW corridor on Sonoyta Hill. The archaeological survey reports received for review by the Tohono O’odham Nation did not include a 150 survey corridor on Sonoyta Hill – no Traditional Cultural Place consultation has been completed for this increased ROW on Sonoyta Hill. A consultation and field trip with Hia Ced O’odham elders from the needs to be arranged and completed as part of Traditional Cultural Landscape study.

12. **page 3-4 – Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge, The Tohono O’odham,**

no mention made of direct and indirect impacts on the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge by diverting more illegal pedestrian traffic onto the refuge.

no mention made of direct and indirect impacts on the Tohono O’odham Nation by diverting more illegal pedestrian traffic onto the lands of the Tohono O’odham Nation

13. page 3.5 – Wilderness – no mentioned made of direct and indirect impacts on OPCNM wilderness areas by diverting and concentrating illegal pedestrian traffic

14. page 3-10 Section 3.7 – Cultural Resources

review of federal cultural resource laws should include the Archaeological Resources Protection Act (ARPA) and the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA)

page 3-11 table showing cultural periods is oversimplified-should be more detailed

3.7.2 - Previous Investigations - please send copy of 2002 cultural resource report to Cultural Affairs office for review

3.7.3 – Current Investigation – please send copy of this recent cultural resources survey referenced, Tohono O’odham Nation has not received this.

For this type of intrusive tall fence a cultural landscape/viewshed study should be completed in order to evaluate impacts – please send copy of study report when it is completed – this should have been done as part of the cultural resources survey work before the draft EA was issued.

15. page 3-13 – Section 3.10.1 – Environmental Justice

E.O. 12898 – Environmental Justice was designed to identify and evaluate effects of Federal programs and projects on minority and low-income populations in the U.S.

This project has not addressed the fact that this fence will likely divert illegal pedestrian traffic onto the Tohono O’odham Nation to the east.

This impact needs to be evaluated.

16. page 3-15 – Section 3.12 Aesthetics

This section of the EA misses the point completely. The EA is supposed to address the impacts of the proposed pedestrian fence project on the landscape of the project area – building a tall intrusive pedestrian fence will have impacts on the cultural and physical landscape.

As mentioned earlier, a cultural landscape/viewshed study needs to be completed for this proposed project – this type of study would evaluate

the impacts of the proposed fence design on the cultural and physical landscape. This type of study should have been done before the draft EA was done.

Since the project does not have a fence design yet – this problem needs to be solved before a cultural landscape/viewshed study can be done

17. Section 4.0 Environmental Consequences

page 4.1 – paragraph 3 – “At this time the design of the border fence is not known”

An EA cannot adequately analyze and evaluate impacts of a construction project if the project design is “not known”

The EA needs to be rewritten to address the design problem.

All of the impacts discussed in this section are difficult to evaluate when you don’t know what the construction design is going to be.

The 150 ft ROW corridor proposed on Sonoyta Hill raises concerns about impacts on vegetation, wildlife and cultural sites

Sonoyta Hill needs to be evaluated as a possible Traditional Cultural Place – a trip of tribal elders to visit this sites Sonoyta Hill needs to be arranged to evaluate its significance if any as a Traditional Cultural Place – the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 requires this.

18. page 4-10 – Section 4.7 Cultural Resources

Copies of the 2002 and 2007 cultural resources report have not been provided to the Tohono O’odham Nation for review.

This section of the report cannot be adequately evaluated until these reports have been reviewed – please send them as soon as possible

As stated earlier – a Cultural Landscape/Viewshed study needs to be completed so impacts of this project with a “unknown design” can be evaluated – this type of study involves input from archaeologists, historians, landscape specialists with the NPS and members of the Tohono O’odham Nation.

Any type of construction project such as a tall fence or a power line has the potential to create impacts on the visual manifestation of the cultural landscape and aesthetic view shed – this EA does not address this issue.

Since previously unknown cultural resources may be encountered during construction such as a buried archaeological site, a burial or a shrine may be encountered – archaeological monitors and cultural monitors from the Tohono O’odham Nation need to be present throughout this construction project.

As stated earlier the selected construction contractor does not have the expertise to identify cultural resources that may be encountered during construction – so DHS/BP needs to provide adequate funding to cover the costs of archaeological monitors and cultural monitors from the Tohono O’odham Nation for the entire length of the proposed construction project.

The monitors should be identified as part of the cultural resources treatment plan for this project.

19. page 4-15 – Section 4.12 Aesthetics

Please refer to Nos. 4, 14, 17, and 18 that discuss the need to complete a cultural landscape/viewshed study.

20. page 5-1 – Section 5.0 – Cumulative Impacts

In the discussion of cumulative impacts – Table 5-1 is shown to illustrate examples of recently completed or other possible future projects that may involve impacts to the border region by actions of DHS/BP.

The proposed construction of 36 miles of pedestrian barrier, 35 miles of patrol and drag roads, eight water wells, two new staging areas, five existing staging areas and 7.5 miles of improvements to north-south access roads all involve considerable possible impacts to the border lands that will require new EA’s to be done for each projects. The Tohono O’odham Nation needs to be kept informed of all of these projects and copies of draft EA’s, cultural resources reports and biological reports need to be sent for review prior to the draft EA’s being sent out for review.

Where are these proposed projects located – more specific information is needed.

These proposed projects cannot be piggy-backed onto this EA.

page 5-4 Cultural Resources

cannot be adequately evaluated until copies of 2002 and 2007 cultural resource reports sent to Tohono O’odham Nation for review.

full impacts cannot be addressed until a cultural landscape/viewshed study is completed that provides an analysis of the impacts of a tall intrusive fence on the cultural landscape and aesthetic viewshed.

21. page 6.1 – Section 6.0 Environmental Design Measures

please refer to comments No. 6 and 18 for discussion of need to have archaeological and cultural monitors on site during construction

page 6.2 and 6.3 – Cultural Resources

EA states “ if any cultural material is discovered during the construction efforts, then all activities will halt until a qualified archaeologist can be brought in to assess the cultural remains.”

The selected contractor whoever that may be is not qualified to do this.

Archaeological monitors and cultural monitors from the Tohono O’odham Nation who are trained to identify and deal with cultural discoveries whether they are cultural artifacts, buried features, burial or shrines.

DHS/BP must provide adequate funding for these archaeological monitors and cultural monitors from the Tohono O’odham Nation

Burial discovery plan needs to be prepared and included with cultural resources treatment plan.

21. page 7-1 – Section 7.0 Public Involvement

List presented includes other government agencies consulted as part of preparation of the EA

List includes “Federally Recognized Tribes.”

This statement is not true- Tohono O’odham Nation not consulted during preparation of this EA.

Tohono O’odham Nation first consulted when the Draft EA received in the mail.

What other tribes have received the EA ? What other tribes were consulted during EA preparations ?

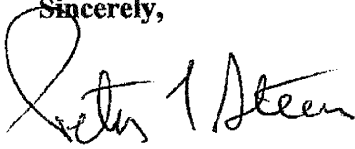
Again DHS/BP has not involved the Tohono O’odham Nation as part of

the consultation and coordination that occurred during the preparation of this EA.

The lands included within the Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument are the "traditional-use lands " of the Tohono O'odham and the Hia Ced Oodham as recognized by the Federal Land Claims Court and Native American Graves Repatriation and Protection Act procedures in Arizona.

We look forward to reviewing a new draft of this EA.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Peter L. Steere". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Peter" and last name "Steere" clearly distinguishable.

Peter L. Steere, Manager
Cultural Affairs Office, Tohono O'odham Nation

cc: Lee Baiza, Superintendent, Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument
Joseph Tuomey, Archaeologist, Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument
Nancy Parrish, USACE, Fort Worth

**DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED INSTALLATION OF 5.2 MILES OF PRIMARY FENCE
NEAR LUKEVILLE, ARIZONA
U.S. BORDER PATROL
TUCSON SECTOR**

Review Comments Matrix

PROJECT:		AJO DRAFT EA	DATE:	October 17, 2007
PROJECT MILESTONE:		Draft Environmental Assessment for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Primary Fence Near Lukeville Arizona		
Response Legend: A - Concur; D = Do Not Concur; E - Exception; X - Delete Comment				
#	Reviewer	Comment	Response	
1	P. Steere	FONSI-page 2 Only two alternatives considered – 1) the no action alternative and 2). It appears that the proposed action alternative is the “preferred alternative” although this is not stated. Other alternatives should have been considered – perhaps one that would involve a natural barrier of vegetation interwoven with the existing vehicle barrier fence.	D. A natural barrier of vegetation does not meet the purpose and need of the Proposed Action because it is easily defeatable. E. One other alternative was considered but eliminated from further review. This alternative was to use technology in lieu of infrastructure. Because the use of technology alone would not provide a practical solution to achieving effective control of the border in USBP Tucson Sector. Therefore, this alternative would not meet the purpose and need. See Section 2.3.1 of the Final EA.	
2	P. Steere	FONSI-page 2-Alternative 2 150 ft ROW on Sonoyta Hill is very large and will result in significant impacts to vegetation and wildlife	D. The impact over Sonoyta Hill outside of the 60-foot Roosevelt Reservation is limited to only 7 acres. The Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument (OPCNM) is over 330,000 acres; therefore, the Proposed Action Alternative would impact less than 0.002 percent of the OPCNM not within the Roosevelt Reservation and is not considered significant.	
3	P. Steere	FONSI-page 2-Alternative 2 “The Final Design would be developed by design-build contractor.” Same mistake made here that was made on the Sasabe Project – you cannot prepare and issue an EA that is supposed to evaluate impacts 5.2 miles of pedestrian fence and not include a final design. This is unacceptable – final design or at least several option designs need to be presented as part	D. The EA does address potential impacts on a worse case scenario, regardless of design. The conceptual design footprint was developed by the design engineers and they believe this will be the maximum footprint needed to accomplish the proposed project.	

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4	P. Steere	<p>of the EA review – this need to be addressed in a new draft EA that includes more specific design.</p> <p>FONSI-page 2-Environmental Consequences</p> <p>“The viewshed of the OPCNM would be impacted by the construction of the pedestrian fence.”</p> <p>Yes this is true – there is a need to complete a viewshed study and cultural landscape impact study as part of the evaluation process. This has not been done yet.</p>	<p>D. The TON along with other federally recognized tribes that claim a cultural affinity to the area were contacted in June 2007 and were requested to identify any traditional cultural properties (TCPs) that may potentially be impacted by the proposed fence construction. No response identifying any TCPs near the proposed project corridor was received from the TON or other Federally recognized tribes. No archaeological sites were identified within the project corridor during the archaeological surveys of the project corridor. The 2002 survey conducted by the National Park Service identified two cultural landscapes, Dos Lomitas Ranch/Blankenship Well and Quitobaquito Well. Neither of these cultural landscapes would be impacted by the proposed fence construction. At this time a comprehensive TCP survey of the border area involving the TON and other Federally recognized tribes is in the planning and development stages for future projects along the border.</p>

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5	P. Steere	FONSI-page 3-"the potential exists for shift in illegal pedestrian traffic to adversely impact resources outside of the project corridor." This statement is obvious – illegal pedestrian traffic will go around the east and west side of the pedestrian fence – concentrating impacts on other parts of OPCNM and of course concentrating increased illegal traffic onto the Tohono O'odham Nation east of the Ajo Mountains. The redirection of illegal pedestrian traffic onto the Tohono O'odham Nation was not addressed in the Sasabe EA nor is it addressed in this EA. The appropriateness of this type of pedestrian fence design in a remote rural wilderness area without 24/7 ground patrol is questionable, just as it was for the Sasabe fence project.	D. As indicated in the throughout Section 4 of the Draft EA the impacts of illegal pedestrian traffic are difficult if not impossible to determine due to the shifting of illegal traffic. The project corridor and areas to the west and east is currently patrolled by the USBP 24/7. Additionally, the proposed pedestrian fence would act as a force multiplier and allow the USBP to deploy additional agents to those areas lacking pedestrian fence (i.e., Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge and the Tohono O'odham Nation).
6	P. Steere	FONSI -page 3 -Environmental Design Measures - for these measures to work - there will need to be monitors on site throughout the construction process - past experience strongly suggests that construction contractors will not do an adequate job of self-monitoring. How will a contractor recognize a previously unknown cultural resource such a buried archaeological site, a burial or a shrine? You need to have and fund archeological monitors and cultural monitors from the Tohono O'odham Nation on site throughout the construction project.	A. The document now reads, "Construction near the Gachado Line Camp will be monitored by professional archeological monitors." D. No Tohono O'odham Nation monitors are expected to be required.
7	P. Steere	FONSI-page 5 - FINDING - "Proposed Action Alternative will not have a significant effect on the environment - Therefore no further environmental impact analysis is warranted." Disagree – this conclusion is not supported by EA is present form.	D. CBP believes the current EA analyzes all of the potential impacts based on a worse case scenario, and that these impacts are less than significant.
8	P. Steere	page 1-5 - "In some locations, a fence is a critical element of border security" if a pedestrian fence is built in a remote rural area - unless there is adequate 24/7 ground patrol - the fence is easily breached by going around it, over it, under it or through it	A. See response to number 5.

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9	P. Steere	Page 2.1 Section 2.0 - as stated before an adequate range of alternatives was not addressed Other alternatives should have been considered - perhaps one that would involve a natural barrier of vegetation interwoven with the existing vehicle barrier fence.	D. See response to number 1.
10	P. Steere	Page 3-1 – Land Use – March 2006 MOU between DHS, USDI and USDA stating that "all parties recognize that CBP operation and construction within the Roosevelt Reservation is the intended land use of the reservation" This MOU is flawed -the Tohono O'odham Nation and other border tribes were not consulted nor invited to participate in the MOU -All of these lands is OPCNM are the traditional-use lands of the Tohono O'odham Nation This MOU may be in violation of the provisions of the Gadsden Purchase with Mexico in 1854 and hereto in reference to provisions of the Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo that ended the United States War with Mexico in 1848, regarding the rights of indigenous peoples in the border area.	D. The legality of the MOU is beyond the scope of this EA.
11	P. Steere	page 3.1-3.2 -"It should be noted that the area outside of the 60 ft Roosevelt Reservation that would be used in order to build the fence over Sonoyta Hill would require use of OPCNM lands, Coordination with the OPCNM has occurred and the OPCNM has indicated their support for the fence construction" (Harper 2007). The Tohono O'odham Nation was not consulted on this July 2007 agreement that approved a 150 ft ROW corridor on Sonoyta Hill The archaeological survey reports received for review by the Tohono O'odham Nation did not include a 150 survey corridor on Sonoyta Hill -no Traditional Cultural Place consultation has been completed for this increased ROW on Sonoyta Hill. A consultation and field trip with Hia Ced O'odham elders from the needs to be arranged and completed as part of Traditional Cultural Landscape study.	E. No agreement has been made between NPS and CBP. The statement, ".....OPCNM has indicated their support for the fence construction (Harper 2007) has been removed from the document." E. See response to number 4.

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12	P. Steere	<p>page 3-4 - Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge, The Tohono O'odham, no mention made of direct and indirect impacts on the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge by diverting more illegal pedestrian traffic onto the refuge.</p> <p>No mention made of direct and indirect impacts on the Tohono O'odham Nation by diverting more illegal pedestrian traffic onto the lands of the Tohono O'odham Nation</p>	D. See Section 4.4.2 of the Draft EA.
13	P. Steere	<p>page 3.5 -Wilderness - no mentioned made of direct and indirect impacts on OPCNM wilderness areas by diverting and concentrating illegal pedestrian traffic</p>	D. See Section 4.5.2 of the Draft EA.

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14	P. Steere	<p>page 3-10 Section 3.7 -Cultural Resources review of federal cultural resource laws should include the Archaeological Resources Protection Act (ARPA) and the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA)</p> <p>Page 3-11 table showing cultural periods is oversimplified-should be more detailed</p> <p>3.7.2 - Previous Investigations - please send copy of 2002 cultural resource report to Cultural Affairs office for review</p> <p>3.73 - Current Investigation - please send copy of this recent cultural resources survey referenced, Tohono O'odham Nation has not received this.</p> <p>For this type of intrusive tall fence a cultural landscape/viewshed study should be completed in order to evaluate impacts - please send copy of study report when it is completed - this should have been done as part of the cultural resources survey work before the draft EA was issued.</p>	<p>A. Information regarding ARPA and NAGPRA has been included in the Final EA. The document now reads, "Several other important pieces of legislation include the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), along with EO 13007 and EO 13175. ARPA strengthened the permitting procedures required for conducting archeological fieldwork on federal lands, originally mandated by the Antiquities Act. It also establishes more rigorous fines and penalties for unauthorized excavation on federal land. NAGPRA mandates the OBP to summarize, inventory, and repatriate cultural items in the possession of or control of the Federal agency to lineal descendants or to culturally affiliated Federally recognized Indian tribes. NAGPRA also requires that certain procedures be followed when there is an intentional excavation of or an inadvertent discovery of human remains. EO 13007 was issued on May 24, 1996 in order to facilitate the implementation of the American Indian Religious Freedom Act of 1978. It specifically charges Federal agencies to: (1) accommodate, to the extent practical, American Indian access to and use of sacred sites by religious practitioners; (2) avoid adversely affecting the physical integrity of sacred sites; and (3) to maintain the confidentiality of these sites. EO 13175 outlines the official U.S. government policy on consultation and coordination with American tribal governments.</p>

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		14 continued.	<p>The order emphasizes formal recognition of the American Indian Tribes' status as... "domestic independent nations" that have entered into treaties with the U.S. guaranteeing their right to self-government. It stipulates that this consultation would be done on a "government to government basis."</p> <p>D. Thank you for the comment but CBP respectfully disagrees.</p> <p>D. The 2002 Cultural Resources report was written and developed by the National Park Service. A copy of the report can be obtained from them.</p> <p>A. A copy of the 2007 Cultural Report will be submitted by USACE to the Tohono O'odham Nation for review.</p> <p>D. See response to number 4.</p>
15	P. Steere	<p>page 3-13 - Section 3.10.1 -Environmental Justice E.O. 12898 -Environmental Justice was designed to identify and evaluate effects of Federal programs and projects on minority and low-income populations in the U.S. This project has not addressed the fact that this fence will likely divert illegal pedestrian traffic onto the Tohono O'odham Nation to the east. This impact needs to be evaluated.</p>	<p>D. The document was revised in Section 4.10.2 to include this paragraph, "indirect impacts could occur to areas outside of the project corridor if illegal pedestrian traffic shifts to other areas of the U.S.-Mexico border (i.e., TON). However, it is impossible to determine what those impacts would be, if any, as the direction of travel is solely at the discretion of the IAs. As mentioned previously, the pedestrian fence would allow the USBP to deploy additional agents to those areas lacking infrastructure to minimize impacts from any potential shift in IA traffic."</p>

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16	P. Steere	<p>page 3-15 -Section 3.12 Aesthetics This section of the EA misses the point completely. The EA is supposed to address the impacts of the proposed pedestrian fence project on the landscape of the project area - building a tall intrusive pedestrian fence will have impacts on the cultural and physical landscape.</p> <p>As mentioned earlier, a cultural landscape/viewshed study needs to be completed for this proposed project - this type of study would evaluate the impacts of the proposed fence design on the cultural and physical landscape. This type of study should have been done before the draft EA was done. Since the project does not have a fence design yet - this problem needs to be solved before a cultural landscape/viewshed study can be done</p>	D. See response to number 4. Aesthetic impacts discussed in Section 4.12 of the Draft EA.
17	P. Steere	<p>Section 4.0 Environmental Consequences page 4.1 -paragraph 3 - At this time the design of the border fence is not known"</p> <p>An EA cannot adequately analyze and evaluate impacts of a construction project if the project design is "not known"</p> <p>The EA needs to be rewritten to address the design problem.</p> <p>All of the impacts discussed in this section are difficult to evaluate when you don't know what the construction design is going to be.</p> <p>The 150 ft ROW corridor proposed on Sonoyta Hill raises concerns about impacts on vegetation, wildlife and cultural sites</p> <p>Sonoyta needs to be evaluated as a possible Traditional Cultural Place – a trip of tribal elders to visit this sites Sonoyta Hill needs to be arranged to evaluate its significance if any as a Traditional Cultural Place – the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 requires this.</p>	D. See response to numbers 2 and 4.

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18	P. Steere	<p>page 4-10 - Section 4.7 Cultural Resources Copies of the 2002 and 2007 cultural resources report have not been provided to the Tohono O'odham Nation for review. This section of the report cannot be adequately evaluated until these reports have been reviewed - please send them as soon as possible As stated earlier - a Cultural Landscape/Viewshed study needs to be completed so impacts of this project with a "unknown design" can be evaluated -this type of study involves input from archaeologists, historians, landscape specialists with the NPS and members of the Tohono O'odham Nation. Any type of construction project such as a tall fence or a power line has the potential to create impacts on the visual manifestation of the cultural landscape and aesthetic view shed -this EA does not address this issue. Since previously unknown cultural resources may be encountered during construction such as a buried archaeological site, a burial or a shrine may be encountered - archaeological monitors and cultural monitors from the Tohono O'odham Nation need to be present throughout this construction project. As stated earlier the selected construction contractor does not have the expertise to identify cultural resources that may be encountered during construction - so DHSBP needs to provide adequate funding to cover the costs of archaeological monitors and cultural monitors from the Tohono O'odham Nation for the entire length of the proposed construction project. The monitors should be identified as part of the cultural resources treatment plan for this project.</p>	D. See response to numbers 4 and 6.
19	P. Steere	<p>page 4-15 -Section 4.12 Aesthetics Please refer to Nos. 4, 14, 17 and 18 that discuss the need to complete a cultural landscape/viewshed study.</p>	D. See response to number 4.

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20	P. Steere	<p>page 5-1 - Section 5.0 - Cumulative Impacts</p> <p>In the discussion of cumulative impacts -Table 5-1 is shown to illustrate examples of recently completed or other possible future projects that may involve impacts to the border region by actions of DHS/BP.</p> <p>The proposed construction of 36 miles of pedestrian barrier, 35 miles of patrol and drag roads, eight water wells, two new staging areas, five existing staging areas and 7.5 miles of improvements to north-south access roads all involve considerable possible impacts to the border lands that will require new EA's to be done for each projects. The Tohono O'odham Nation needs to be kept informed of all of these projects and copies of draft EA's, cultural resources reports and biological reports need to be sent for review prior to the draft EA's being sent out for review.</p> <p>Where are these proposed projects located - more specific information is needed?</p> <p>These proposed projects cannot be piggy-backed onto this EA.</p> <p>page 5-4 Cultural Resources cannot be adequately evaluated until copies of 2002 and 2007 cultural resource reports sent to Tohono O'odham Nation for review. Full impacts cannot be addressed until a cultural landscape/viewshed study is completed that provides an analysis of the impacts of a tall intrusive fence on the cultural landscape and aesthetic viewshed.</p>	<p>A. An EA was completed for 36 miles of PVB, 35 miles of patrol and drag roads, eight water wells, two new staging area, five existing staging area, and 7.5 miles of north-south access roads on BMGR west. However, on January 12, 2007 DHS Secretary Chertoff signed a waiver authorizing CBP to build the project you describe in your comment. This waiver relinquished CBP's responsibility to complete any further environmental documentation.</p> <p>D. All projects have undergone NEPA analysis and appropriate public review.</p> <p>D. See response to number 4.</p>

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21	P. Steere	<p>page 6.1 - Section 6.0 Environmental Design Measures please refer to comments No. 6 and 18 for discussion of need to have archaeological and cultural monitors on site during construction page 6.2 and 6.3 - Cultural Resources</p> <p>EA states "if any cultural material is discovered during the construction efforts, then all activities will halt until a qualified archaeologist can be brought in to assess the cultural remains."</p> <p>The selected contractor whoever that may be is not qualified to do this.</p> <p>Archaeological monitors and cultural monitors from the Tohono O'odham Nation who are trained to identify and deal with cultural discoveries whether they are cultural artifacts, buried features, burial or shrines.</p> <p>DHSBP must provide adequate funding for these archaeological monitors and cultural monitors from the Tohono O'odham Nation Burial discovery plan needs to be prepared and included with cultural resources treatment plan.</p>	E. See response to number 6.
22	P. Steere	<p>page 7-1 -Section 7.0 Public Involvement</p> <p>List presented includes other government agencies consulted as part of preparation of the EA</p> <p>List includes "Federally Recognized Tribes."</p> <p>This statement is not true- Tohono O'odham Nation not consulted during preparation of this EA.</p> <p>Tohono O'odham Nation first consulted when the Draft EA received in the mail.</p> <p>What other tribes have received the EA? What other tribes were consulted during EA preparations?</p> <p>Again DHS/BP has not involved the Tohono O'odham Nation as part of the consultation and coordination that occurred during the preparation of this EA.</p> <p>The lands included within the Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument are the "traditional-use lands" of the Tohono O'odham and the Hia Ced Oodham as recognized by the Federal Land Claims Court and Native American Graves Repatriation and Protection Act procedures in Arizona.</p>	D. A letter dated June 8, 2007 was submitted to the TON as part of the early coordination process. See Appendix C of the Final EA. See also response to number 4.

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23	J. Avey	General Comment The Department is concerned that much of the tactical infrastructure (pedestrian fencing, roads, etc.) associated with border protections against increasing numbers of undocumented immigrants is fragmenting and degrading important habitats, impacting genetic viability of species, and leading to further declines of currently imperiled and rare species.	E. Fragmentation is discussed in Section 4.3.2.2 of the Draft EA.
24	J. Avey	General Comment The Department is concerned about increased activities by Border Agents at the termination points of the fence. The added activities and protection measures, without consideration of "virtual" fencing may further impact and degrade habitat and movement abilities for wildlife. We advocate for mitigating measures to support and conserve wildlife, including opportunities to collect baseline information to better document the impacts of illegal activities and Border Operations on wildlife and wildlife habitat.	E. This idea is currently in the preplanning phase of technology based infrastructure to assist in the detection of IAs. However, technology alone cannot create deterrence to illegal traffic. Absolute certainty of apprehension is the best method to achieve deterrence and infrastructure is required to make these apprehensions. See response to number 1.
25	J. Avey	General Comment There are two reptile species of interest that have the potential to be impacted directly by construction of the fence through the Sonoyta Hills; Sonoran desert tortoise and Mexican rosy boas. We recommend that construction activities follow the Department's "Guidelines for Handling Sonoran Desert Tortoises Encountered on Development Projects" which can be found at http://www.azgfd.gov/hnris/pdfs/Tortoisehandlingguidelines.pdf Department recommends that any tortoises that are encountered should be kept within the Sonoyta Hills, and not displaced farther away.	A. Mitigation measures are included in the Final EA, which state that any tortoise found during construction would be placed outside of the construction footprint but within a limited distance from the area it was discovered (i.e., if the tortoise was found on Sonoyta Hill it would be placed outside of the 150-foot construction footprint but still on Sonoyta Hill).

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26	J. Avey	<p>General Comment</p> <p>We request increased and upfront coordination between the BP, CBP, DHS, and other border protection agencies, including meeting with staff to discuss plans and infrastructure proposals (such as road construction, construction of fencing and barriers, etc.) and potential impacts on wildlife. Advanced coordination will allow our agencies to identify and resolve potential issues up front.</p> <p>Dedicate funding for ecological mitigation and restoration activities, including wildlife enhancement and conservation projects.</p> <p>Use low-impact infrastructure, where appropriate, to mitigate the environmental effects of undocumented migration and other illegal activities.</p> <p>Emphasize high-tech surveillance alternatives (unmanned aerial surveillance vehicles, motion sensors, laser barriers and infrared cameras) that can improve border security efforts and minimize impacts on wildlife and sensitive habitats.</p> <p>Limit the use of pedestrian fences to urban and adjacent areas. Use vehicle barriers (wildlife friendly) in conjunction with virtual fencing in areas where hard infrastructure is necessary and appropriate.</p>	<p>A. CBP submitted an early coordination letter to AZDGF on June 8, 2007, AZDGF was also supplied a copy of the Draft EA for review. Additionally, CBP has dedicated monies to wildlife conservation, uses low impact infrastructure when possible (e.g., bollard style fence in washes), and currently in the preplanning phase of implementing technology based infrastructure to facilitate enforcement activities.</p>
27	L. Baiza	<p>FONSI</p> <p>There are only two alternatives considered in the draft with one being no action and the other being the proposed or possibly the preferred.</p>	<p>A. Thank you for the comment. CBP decided that for this project there are no other viable alternatives that satisfy the purpose and need of the proposed project. See response to number 1.</p>

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28	L. Baiza	We suggest an additional alternative which would include a combination of pedestrian fencing, remote technology, and law enforcement effort. As an example, the proposed pedestrian fence west of Lukeville would extend to the end for the existing National Park Service vehicle barrier (Normandy Barrier) and a remotely operated video camera placed at the top of Sonoyta/Monument Hill to monitor incursions on either side. This combined with increased law enforcement presence, would likely deter illegal activity from and minimize the impact of the proposed project on resources in this area. It would also minimize the enormous impacts to Sonoyta/Monument Hill resources and possibly keep this work in the realm of an Environment Assessment. With the additional portion of new road especially extending possibly 150 feet from the International Boundary and 90 feet beyond the Roosevelt Reservation the nature of this work will cause irreparable damages to resources now and into the future and will probably require a full Environmental Impact Statement.	E. See response to number 1.
29	L. Baiza	Another major concern is the proper conveyance of floodwaters through the pedestrian fence. It should be more clearly defined in the EA and FONSI. Specifically, design drawings should be included as to how floodwaters will be conveyed through the pedestrian fence and debris normally accumulating on existing vehicle barrier dealt with.	E. The design build concept will include drawings of how the fence would be built. The design will have to take into consideration the conveyance of floodwaters as is stated in the Draft EA. Further, the USBP would be responsible for maintenance of the fence, which includes debris removal.
30	L. Baiza	Utilizing the design – build concept works in many projects and probably will for this one too. The concern again is that the final EA should include alternative and final drawings of approved designs which will allow for a more consistent review.	A. See response to number 3.
31	L. Baiza	FONSI-2, Environmental Consequences: The home range of many species of small mammals and reptiles are localized within, could be contained within the project scope, and cross the international boundary. The presence of a pedestrian fence which could prevent small mammals and reptiles from crossing the international boundary could have more than a minimal impact on individuals as they are denied access to important forage and breeding habitat.	D. The habitat within the project corridor is highly disturbed from past and present human presence. The design of the fence will also include measures to ensure minimization of impacts to small mammals and reptiles, as noted in Section 2.1 of the Final EA.

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32	L. Baiza	<p>FONSI-3, Environmental Consequences: Based on past security measures near POE's, it is likely that the presence of a pedestrian fence on either side of the Lukeville POE will force IA's into more remote areas of the monument. Trash and debris may be reduced on a local scale in the project corridor; however, the regional deposition of trash from IA's will shift to more remote areas of the monument.</p>	<p>A/E. We concur that the Proposed Action will minimize and potentially eliminate debris on a localized level. However, CBP can not accurately state that the trash previously deposited by IAs entering near the POE will be deposited anywhere else on the OPCNM. The movements of IAs are totally at their discretion. Additionally, as stated throughout the Draft EA, the fence will act as a force multiplier allowing agents to be deployed to areas lacking fence.</p>
33	L. Baiza	<p><u>Executive Summary</u> Page iii: The correct citation year for the Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument vehicle barrier EA and FONSI is 2003.</p>	<p>A. The correction has been made in the Final EA.</p>
34	L. Baiza	<p><u>Proposed Action Alternative:</u> 2.2, Proposed Action Alternative: It is anticipated an area greater than the Roosevelt Reservation (60ft.) will be needed to construct an access road, vehicle turn arounds, and staging area for the pedestrian fence over Sonoyta/Monument Hill. The current grade on Monument Hill is greater than 10%. In order to transport equipment to the work site, switchbacks may be required to traverse either side of Sonoyta/Monument Hill and, consequently, require the access road to be partially located outside of the Roosevelt Reservation. This type of disturbance would not support the current Finding of No Significant Impact and requires additional analysis of effects.</p>	<p>A. We concur that the area over Sonoyta Hill will require more than the 60-foot Roosevelt Reservation. The Proposed Action states that over Sonoyta Hill the construction footprint will extend 90-feet outside of the Roosevelt Reservation for approximately 0.65 miles.</p> <p>D. CBP does not believe that extending 90-feet outside of the Roosevelt Reservation for approximately 0.65 miles over Sonoyta Hill will create significant impacts. The total acreage to be impacted outside of the Roosevelt Reservation is 7 acres which represents less than 0.0002 percent of the lands on the OPCNM.</p>

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35	L. Baiza	Proposed Action Alternative: 2.2, Proposed Action Alternative: It is difficult to evaluate the effects of the preferred alternative on the surrounding resources because no fence design was included in the document. The final draft document should include the current and alternative designs and analyze the impact of this design on the surrounding resources.	D. The Final EA will include the best information possible regarding certain requirements the fence must meet but the actual design will be established once the design build contract has been awarded. The EA uses worse case scenario when analyzing potential impacts in lieu of final fence designs. See response to number 3.
36	L. Baiza	Proposed Action Alternative: 2.2, Proposed Action Alternative: Staging areas and turnarounds could likely be located outside of the Roosevelt Reservation when constructing the new primary fence over Sonoyta/Monument Hill.	A. As stated in the EA, the construction footprint traversing Sonoyta Hill will exceed the 60-foot Roosevelt Reservation.
37	L. Baiza	Affected Environment 3.3.2, Wildlife: Sonoran toad is widespread throughout the desert and breeds in ephemeral pools and could be found within the project area.	E. No ephemeral pools were observed in the construction footprint.
38	L. Baiza	Table 3-1, Federally listed and proposed species: Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument supports one known population of Acuña cactus, located approximately 8 miles north of the international boundary.	A. Thank you for your comment. Table 3-1 has been revised to stipulate that Acuña cactus are located approximately 8 miles north of the U.S.-Mexico border on the OPCNM.
39	L. Baiza	3.6.1.1, Sonoran Pronghorn: Mexico Highway 2 is not adjacent to the project corridor as it joins the boundary at OPCNM approximately 5 miles west of the POE. Additionally, the existing NPS vehicle barrier was designed to allow for pronghorn passage and is not considered an impediment to Sonoran pronghorn movement (NPS 2003).	A/D. Mexico Highway 2 is not adjacent but rather "near" the project corridor. The highway is no farther than 0.6 miles from the project corridor. Additionally, the document has been revised to stipulate that the existing PVBs do not act as an impediment to pronghorn movement.
40	L. Baiza	3.6.1.3 Acuña cactus: There are 6 known populations of Acuña cactus in the United States and Sonora, Mexico (Rutman 2007). One population is located on approximately 1,900 acres in Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument (Rutman 2007).	A. See response to number 38.
41	L. Baiza	Figure 3-1, Sonoran Pronghorn Range with Project Corridor: This figure should indicate the location of Mexico Highway 2 as it is referenced in the previous paragraph.	A. Figure 3-1 has been revised to show Mexico Highway 2.

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42	L. Baiza	3.4, Unique and Environmentally Sensitive Areas: The document adequately describes the unique habitat and vegetation of Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument and its surrounding lands. However, additional information should be included on any unique and environmentally sensitive areas in the project area. These include the rocky hillside communities on Monument Hill and the many xeroriparian communities which cross through the project area. Xeroriparian communities are a critical component of the Sonoran Desert ecosystem.	E. The document has been revised to read, "Within the project corridor lies components (i.e., xeroriparian areas and rocky hillsides) that make up the Sonoran Desert ecosystem for which the OPCNM was set aside to preserve. These components are common throughout the Sonoran Desert."
43	L. Baiza	3.5, No mention made of consideration for protection of Wilderness Values especially since a major portion of the work will take place adjacent to monument wilderness.	D. See Section 4.5 of the Draft EA.
44	L. Baiza	3.7, The Tohono O'odham Nation has direct affiliation with Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument. They should also be contacted to comment on cultural landscapes and traditional properties.	A. The Tohono O'odham Nation was sent early coordination via a letter dated June 8, 2007. No response was received from the Tohono O'odham Nation at that time. However, the Tohono O'odham Nation did comment on the Draft EA. E. See response to number 39.
45	L. Baiza	3.12, Aesthetics: Please see comment above for 3.6.1.1 in reference to the proximity of Mexico Highway 2 to the project corridor.	
46	L. Baiza	3.12, Aesthetics: The items listed, with the exception of the existing PVB, can not be seen from South Puerto Blanco Drive where the view shed and aesthetics would be impacted from construction of the pedestrian fence. Consider utilizing non reflective non galvanized or coated metals in the design of this fence. Material color should match the natural rust patina on the vehicle barrier in place.	D. South Puerto Blanco Drive is not the only location for view shed and aesthetics of the area to be observed. The towns of Lukeville, Az and Sonoyta, Mexico as well as the Lukeville POE can be observed from South Puerto Blanco Drive. Environmental design measures will be incorporated into the Final EA stating that a non-reflective material would be used to reduce potential impacts to aesthetics.

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47	L. Baiza	Page 3-16, Photograph 3-2: The photograph is from an area west and outside of the project corridor.	A. The photo is used to depict to the reader how close Mexico Highway 2 is located to the U.S.-Mexico border. The photograph was taken approximately 0.7 miles down slope and west of the project corridor.
48	L. Baiza	Environmental Consequences 4.0, Environmental Consequences: As stated above, it's difficult to evaluate the effects of the preferred alternative on the surrounding resources because no fence design was included in the document. The next draft document should include the current and alternative designs and analyze the impact of this design on the surrounding resources.	See response to number 3.
49	L. Baiza	4.1.2, Land Use, Alternative 2: Based on past border security actions, it is likely that IAs will move to more remote areas of the monument as a result of the proposed alternative. This could lead to additional traffic and potential adverse indirect impact in areas away from the pedestrian fence.	See response to number 5.
50	L. Baiza	4.1.2, Land Use, Alternative 2: The EA indicated that 7 acres outside of the Roosevelt Reservation will be impacted from this access. However, an engineered drawing of the proposed route up and over "Sonoyta Hill" should be completed and included in the EA along with an analysis of the amount of land which will be disturbed from this route.	See response to number 2.
51	L. Baiza	4.2.2, Soils, Alternative 2: The approximate acreage of soils to be impacted by this alternative should also include soils for the access road over "Sonoyta Hill". In the design water diversion and soil retention structures will need to be considered for the cleared area over Sonoyta/Monument Hill.	E. The approximate acreage needed for the construction footprint of the project is presented and analyzed as part of the Draft EA (45 total acres to be impacted of which approximately 17 acres have been previously impacted). The design for the completion of this project will account for water diversion and soil retention.

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52	L. Baiza	4.3.2.2, Wildlife, Alternative 2: Please support the statement "...previously disturbed, and the remainder has limited vegetation, which is now considered poor quality habitat." with a citation supporting this statement and description of what wildlife species this would be considered poor habitat.	E. The assessment of poor quality habitat is professional judgment based upon the amount of past and on-going human disturbance within the project corridor. As an example, the project corridor would be considered poor quality habitat for mule deer (<i>Odocoileus hemionus</i>) due to the lack of vegetation and development on the south side of the border.
53	L. Baiza	4.3.2.2, Wildlife, Alternative 2: The statement "...due to tens of thousands of acres of suitable, similar habitat adjacent to the project corridor." is not accurate. OPCNM contains a mosaic of diverse habitat ranging Sonoran desert scrub to temperate mountain communities. Wildlife in OPCNM is diverse and many are found only in localized areas; such as the Acuña cactus, Senita cactus, Sonoyta mud turtle, and desert tortoise. Desert tortoise is present in several areas within the project scope and the fence design should ensure adequate passage for desert tortoise between the United States and Mexico.	D. The vegetation communities found in the project corridor are common throughout the OPCNM and surrounding region. E. The fence will be designed to allow for small mammal and reptile passage.
54	L. Baiza	4.3.3.2, Non-native and invasive species, Alternative 2: The document states that "With the exception of Sonoyta Hills, this area has been previously disturbed from the construction of the existing PVBS". This is not an accurate statement as the NPS vehicle barrier project scope was 30 ft. from the international border with the exception of 60 ft for staging areas. The scope for this project is 60 ft from the international border.	D. The document has been revised to state, "With the exception of the Sonoyta Hill, almost half of the project corridor has been previously disturbed from the construction of the existing PVBs and ongoing park management and USBP enforcement activities."
55	L. Baiza	4.3.3.2, Non-native and invasive species, Alternative 2: Please support the following statement "Disturbances would occur adjacent to existing roads and would not create new dispersal corridors or result in the expansion of non-native or invasive plant species distributions." with a citation. Once introduced and established, invasive species can spread by human and/or animal vector and wind.	A. The document was revised to read, "Disturbances would occur in vegetated areas that would create dispersal corridors for invasive species. However, because the project corridor would be patrolled by NPS and USBP (limiting potential for growth) and would be monitored for the spread of invasive species potential impacts would not be considered significant". See Section 6.0 of the Final EA.

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56	L. Baiza	4.4.2, Unique and Environmentally Sensitive Areas, Alternative 2: The following two statements contradict each other: "The construction crew and equipment would access the project corridor along the border road entirely within the Roosevelt Reservation, limiting visual and noise impacts to the OPCNM". "However, the use of South Puerto Blanco Road would be required to access the project corridor on the western face of Sonoyta Hill." Please clarify this discrepancy.	E. The document as been revised to state, "...noise impacts to the OPCNM with the exception of the 150-foot construction footprint needed to traverse Sonoyta Hill. The use of South Puerto Blanco Road...."
57	L. Baiza	Page 4-7, 4.4.2, Unique and Environmentally Sensitive Areas, Alternative 2: The first paragraph address aesthetics in several places, however the subheading indicates the topic is "Unique and Environmentally Sensitive Areas".	E. The document as been revised to read, "Unique and Sensitive Areas."
58	L. Baiza	4.4.2, Unique and Environmentally Sensitive Areas, Alternative 2: Due to the open terrain which typifies OPCNM, the proposed action would be visible from areas outside of the disturbed area, including Gachado Line Camp, South Puerto Blanco Road, the El Camino Del Dos Republicos.	A. The impacts to aesthetics are discussed in Section 4.4.2 of the Draft EA.
59	L. Baiza	4.7.2, Cultural Resources, Alternative 2: Proposed Action Alternative: The NPS monitors the condition of its List of Classified Structures (LCS). International Boundary Monument 166, 167, and 168 are on the NPS LCS. The EA should describe how NPS staff will access the sites post construction.	E. The International Boundary Monuments will be accessible for maintenance purposes, as required by IBWC and NPS; however, at this time the final design of the fence and roads has not been selected. The design will take monument access into consideration.

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60	L. Baiza	4.9.2, Water Resources, Alternative 2: The National Park Service is concerned about the potential for water to be restricted through washes which the pedestrian barrier will cross. During high water events, debris can build up against any barrier in washes (Photo 1) and change water flow direction and pattern and channel water along the road to an area of less resistance (Photo 2). Any change to water flow direction and pattern will, in turn, change the hydrology of the area on a local and, if large, enough, general scale on both the United States and Mexico side of the international border. The pedestrian fence design should accommodate water flow through the fence without changing hydrologic function of the area.	A. The design of the fence will allow for the conveyance of water and will not impact the hydrologic function of the area. This is one of the design performance mandates established for the design of the fence. See Section 2.2 of the Final EA.
61	L. Baiza	Photo 1: Debris backup against the vehicle barrier during one high water flow event at Vulture Wash, Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument, 2005.	E. Thank you for the photo.
62	L. Baiza	Photo 2: Erosion around a vehicle barrier post during one high water flow event, Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument 2005.	E. Thank you for the photo.
63	L. Baiza	4.12.2, Aesthetics, Alternative 2: The construction of a pedestrian fence over Sonoyta Hill would constitute a long-term adverse impact to the visual quality of this area, which is visible from State Highway 85, Lukeville and South Puerto Blanco Road.	D. Although an adverse impact would occur to the aesthetics as indicated in the EA, the beneficial gain from the reduction of IA traffic and associated disturbances would reduce this impact to less than significant. Additionally, the USBP would use non-reflective materials.

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64	L. Baiza	<p>Page 5-2, Table 5-1: There are several discrepancies in the Approximate Distance From Project Corridor (miles) column. Specifically:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lease of an existing vehicle maintenance facility in Ajo, Arizona = 40 miles. Proposed construction of 36 miles of pedestrian barrier, 35 miles of patrol and drag road, eight water wells, two new temporary staging areas, five existing staging areas, and approximately 7.5 miles of improvements to north-south access roads = 15 miles Proposed acquisition of 30 acres adjacent to the USBP Ajo station for horse corral, station expansion, and parking = 30 miles. 	A. Document has been revised as recommended.
65	L. Baiza	Page 5-3, Cumulative Impact: The correct citation is Kralovec 2007.	A. The citation has been corrected.
66	L. Baiza	<p>Page 5-4, Cumulative Impact, Biological Resources: Please define 'suitable habitat' in lack of and vast amounts in terms of species composition the statement "...result in insignificant cumulative impacts to vegetation communities and wildlife populations due to the lack of suitable habitat in the project corridor and vast amounts of suitable habitat surrounding the project corridor." Also, please support this statement with a citation which explains which species the habitat is unsuitable for in the project corridor.</p>	E. The document has been revised to say, "no cumulative impact is expected since habitat in the project corridor is considered common and the abundance of similar habitat both locally and regionally."
67	L. Baiza	6.3, Environmental Design Measures, Biological Resources:	No comment provided
68	L. Baiza	6.4, Environmental Design Measures, Cultural Resources: The document should describe what type of buffers will be employed to protect International Boundary Monument 166, 167, and 168.	See response to number 59.

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69	L. Baiza	<p>There are several other elements which should be considered and inclusive of the final Environmental Assessment for this project;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Contractor staging sites and access to specific areas along the fence line -Designate water source opportunities for the contractors-the monument is prohibited from selling water to outside contractors. -Define responsible party for continued maintenance of fence and roadway. 	<p>E. All construction will occur within the footprint depicted in the EA. With the exception of the 150-foot footprint traversing Sonoyta Hill all construction will occur within the 60-foot Roosevelt Reservation.</p> <p>Groundwater will be obtained north of the OPCNM from municipal water supplies in Why, Ajo, or Gila Bend.</p> <p>A. The document was revised in Section 2.2 to state that the USBP will be responsible for maintaining the fence.</p>
70	L. Baiza	<p>Sharing a couple of final recommendations in general; I would once again ask you to fully evaluate the benefits of continuing the pedestrian fence over Sonoyta/Monument Hill verses ending it at the end of our Normandy Barriers. Our preference if asked would be to save this funding and utilize it elsewhere along the border. The other recommendation is to be sure the new design of this pedestrian fence is incorporated into the vehicle barrier in place and allows for continued maintenance of these fences for future out years. We do not want to see a second fence built prohibiting access to the vehicle barrier in place or for that matter placing employees in jeopardy with no immediate retrieval place if the situation requires it.</p>	<p>The USBP understands and appreciates the sensitivity of this area. In accordance with Federal mandates, the USBP has been directed to secure the border. The USBP has determined that pedestrian fence is critical to securing the border in the project corridor.</p>
71	K. Howe	<p>1. Page FONSI-2, Alternatives. Only two alternatives are presented for this project. We feel this is inadequate for the stated purpose and need of this project especially in regard to mitigation for permanent impacts to wildlife corridors that a fence would present. Other alternatives could take into account different styles of fence as well as placement of gaps to provide for large wildlife movement.</p>	<p>D. See response to number 1. The design of the fence it not known at this time; however, designs must accommodate the passage of small mammals and reptiles. Additionally, due to the developed nature of the project corridor, large mammals most likely do not utilize this area and therefore the fence would not adversely impact large mammal movement.</p>

**DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED INSTALLATION OF 5.2 MILES OF PRIMARY FENCE
NEAR LUKEVILLE, ARIZONA
U.S. BORDER PATROL
TUCSON SECTOR**

Review Comments Matrix

#	Reviewer	Comment	Response
72	K. Howe	2. Page FONSI-2, Alternative 2. Stated in this paragraph as well as in many places within the DEA is that "the final design would be developed by the design/build contractor." If this is the case, this document is moot because impacts to the environment cannot be thoroughly assessed and addressed until the final design is known.	D. See response to number 3.
73	K. Howe	3. Page FONSI-2 & -3, Environmental Consequences. The impacts to wildlife movement across the international boundary are characterized as minimal. Are there studies that have been documented/written to support this statement? If so, these need to be referenced. The generalization of the minimization of indirect adverse affects does not take into account that increased USBP action and the affect of additional agents in these areas will most likely add to the impacts, especially IA apprehensions in undisturbed and wilderness areas on the Nation to the east and the OPCNM and Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge (CPNWR) to the west. The statement that illegal pedestrian traffic impacts are "unknown, if, when, or where this shift in traffic may occur" is undermined by the assertion that "wildlife would also still be able to migrate across . . . the border either to the east or west of the project footprint terminus" (Section 4.4.2.2, page 4-5). If a determination can be made for migratory adaptability for wildlife then that would hold true for pedestrian traffic as well and so can be a "known" quantity where this assertion is made throughout the DEA. Flow of IA foot traffic will find the areas of least resistance in the surrounding lands.	E. Within the project corridor the impacts to wildlife movement across the U.S.-Mexico border are considered minimal. This professional judgment is based upon the disturbed nature of the habitat, wildlife abundance, and location of the project corridor within developed areas. D. Thank you for your comment but CBP respectfully disagrees. As stated, large animals will be able to move across the U.S.-Mexico border. Whether they choose to or not is up to the individuals just as it is with IAs. Although IAs may enter at the point of least resistance, USBP can not predict where that point may be, it could be anywhere along the southwest border where infrastructure does not exist.
74	K. Howe	4. Page FONSI-3, Environmental Design Measures. Within the FONSI and text of the DEA (Sec. 6.0 Environmental Design Measures) there is no mention of preventive measures to prevent initial invasive species establishment, such as hosing down equipment, vehicles, etc. that provide opportunities for invasive species to be brought to the construction corridor.	E. The document was revised to read, "Construction equipment will be cleaned using BMPs prior to entering and departing the project corridor to minimize the spread and establishment of non-native invasive plant species."
75	K. Howe	5. Page FONSI-4, Biological Resources. See comment 4 above.	See response to number 74.

**DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED INSTALLATION OF 5.2 MILES OF PRIMARY FENCE
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Review Comments Matrix

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76	K. Howe	<p>6. Page FONSI-4, Water Resources. We appreciate the acknowledgement that work conducted during times of heavy rains greatly impacts the Sonoran Desert environment and that work will cease during those times.</p> <p>As discussed in Section 4.9, pages 4-12, -13, the water source for construction purposes is unknown making it problematic to assess what local impacts may occur if groundwater is utilized. Is the estimation of 5.2 ac-feet usage for construction over the entire span of construction? Is this number based on the amounts discussed in 4.0, page 4-1? What is the time-frame? Also, there is no source cited for the groundwater water recharge and withdrawal rates. Are these numbers an average and if so, over what period of time? This discussion needs to be expanded to account for the determination of no significant impact.</p>	<p>E. The document was revised to reads "a range of 5.2 to 11.4 acre-feet would be used." This amount is over the entire span of construction.</p> <p>E. The explanation of volume of water potentially used is provided in Section 4.0, page 4-1. The construction process is slated to be completed by end of December 2008. See Section 3.9 for groundwater withdrawal and recharge rate citations. The numbers presented is the best data available are based on yearly totals.</p> <p>D. CBP feels that the information provided and analyzed is sufficient in determining no significant impacts would occur based on the proposed project.</p>
77	K. Howe	7. Page 3-4, The Tohono O'odham Nation. "The largest of the four areas within TON" shares approximately 70 miles with Mexico and contains significant cultural and biological resources.	A. The document was revised to stipulate that the "TON extends 70 miles across the U.S.-Mexico border."
78	K. Howe	<p>8. Page 5-1, 5.0. Cumulative Impacts. As stated, this section discusses how the project affects the region. The WVMP and other Nation programs that oversee and assess impacts to the Nations' biological and other resources were not consulted as to how the pedestrian fence may affect these resources.</p> <p>Land Use. While it states that "less than 0.002 percent of OPCNM total acreage" would be impacted, the land usage as utilized as a north-south migratory and forage path will have a significant impact to wildlife by impeding their movement.</p>	<p>D. The TON was sent early coordination in the form of a letter dated June 8, 2007, see Appendix C. Additionally, as evidenced by your comments on the Draft EA the TON were given the opportunity to comment on the proposed project.</p> <p>D. See response to number 73.</p>

**DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED INSTALLATION OF 5.2 MILES OF PRIMARY FENCE
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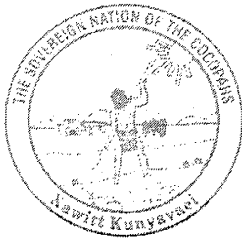
Review Comments Matrix

#	Reviewer	Comment	Response
79	K. Howe	9. Page 5-4, Biological Resources. See Land Use above. Until and when there is discussion about the quality and quantity of resources available to wildlife and plants to provide for their sustainability in the region the contention that over the long-term species and community viability will not be significantly impacted cannot be supported.	D. CBP respectfully disagrees with your assertion that significant impacts will occur to wildlife in the region due to the proposed project. Additionally, the loss of less than 0.0002 percent of the lands within the OPCNM combined with the fact that some of this land is currently disturbed or void of vegetation supports the determination of no significant impacts. E. See response to number 15.
80	K. Howe	10. Page 5-5, Socioeconomics. Possible IA traffic funneled to areas around the pedestrian fence onto the Nation may have some relative, if not significant, cumulative impact to villages on the Nation's western boundary. If IA foot traffic increases in these areas, there may be a corresponding increase in public safety issues. The Nation's police and medical services to address these issues would also increase.	
81	K. Howe	11. Page 7-1, Public Involvement. Although a primary stakeholder in the region, the Nation was not consulted and coordinated with in preparation of this document as were other tribes as evidenced in Appendix C. Also noted was the increase of primary fence from 4.2 miles provided to correspondents to 5.2 miles in the current DEA. In order to make accurate assessments for impacts to natural and cultural resources it is important that any changes be provided to interested parties.	D. See response to number 22. The draft EA was provided to interested parties for review and comments. The current mileage for the project is depicted in the Draft EA.
82	C. Peña	The United States Section, International Boundary and Water Commission (USIBWC) would like to thank you for the opportunity to review the subject document. As indicated in previous correspondence related to Border Patrol fence projects, the USIBWC requests that proposed construction activities be accomplished in a manner that does not change historic surface runoff characteristics at the international border. If the project falls within USIBWC jurisdiction or property, the USIBWC will not approve any construction near the international boundary in the United States that increases, concentrates, or relocates overland drainage flows into either country. This requirement is intended to ensure that developments in one country will not cause damage to lands or resources in the other country as required by the 1970 Treaty.	E. The fence will be designed in a manner to not impede, increase, concentrate, or relocate any overland flow into either country.

**DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FOR THE PROPOSED INSTALLATION OF 5.2 MILES OF PRIMARY FENCE
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Review Comments Matrix

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83	C. Peña	We also request that you ensure that structures constructed along the border are maintained in an adequate manner and that liability issues created by these structures are addressed.	E. The fence will be maintained by the USBP and will have to meet minimum requirements of stopping a vehicle at 40 miles per hour (i.e., the fence will be structurally sound).
84	C. Peña	As with previous work by Border Patrol along the international boundary, the USBWC requires that proposed works and related facilities not affect the permanence of existing boundary monuments and not impede access for their maintenance by USBWC personnel. Any proposed construction must allow for line-of-sight visibility between each of the boundary monuments. The USBWC requests that engineering drawings be submitted for review and approval before beginning construction on USBWC jurisdictional property. The drawings must show the location of each component in relationship to the international boundary and nearby monuments.	A. CBP recognizes the importance of line-of-sight between monuments and will ensure that designs are distributed to the USBWC. Additionally, the fence will not preclude either USBWC or NPS staff from being able to access or perform maintenance on the International Boundary Monuments.
85	C. Peña	In order to avoid any confusion and to allow better coordination, the USBWC requests that a table be added to the Cumulative Effects Section that lists all the border fence projects, by state, that are being programmed for construction.	D. CBP feels that the table provided is adequate. The cumulative impact section looks at the ROI only. Fences in other states would not have affected the cumulative impact within the ROI for this document.



THE COCOPAH INDIAN TRIBE

Cultural Resource Department
County 15th & Avenue G
Somerton, Arizona 85350
Telephone (928) 627-2102
Fax (928) 627-2280

CCR-040-07-005

September 26, 2007

H. Jill McCormick
Cocopah Tribe
County 15 & Avenue G
Somerton, AZ 85350
928-503-2291

William Fickel, Jr.
Chief Planning, Environmental & Regulatory Division
P.O. Box 17300 – 819 Taylor Street
Fort Worth, Texas
76102-0300

RE: Draft Environmental Assessment for the Installation of 5.2 miles of Primary Fence
along the International Border near Lukeville, Arizona

Dear Mr. Fickel:

The Cultural Resources Department of the Cocopah Indian Tribe appreciates your consultation efforts on this project. We are pleased that you contacted our department on this issue for the purpose of solicitation of our input and to address our concerns on this matter. At this time, we wish to make no comment on the development of the project. We defer the decision making process regarding the sensitive cultural resources of the area to the most local tribe(s) and support their determinations on these issues. However, we would like to continue to be kept informed on the situation and be a part of the consultation process in the future.

If you have any questions or need additional information please feel free to contact the cultural resource department. We will be happy to assist you with any and all future concerns or questions. Again, thank you for your efforts in this matter and we look forward to working with you on future projects.

Sincerely,

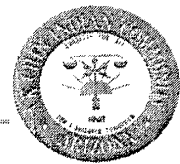

H. Jill McCormick
Cultural Resource Manager



AK-CHIN INDIAN COMMUNITY

Cultural Resources Office

42507 W Peters & Nall Road • Maricopa, Arizona 85239 • Telephone: (520) 568-1369 • Fax: (520) 568-1366



September 21, 2007

Nancy Parish
Department of the Army
Fort Worth District, Corps of Engineers
P.O. Box 17300
819 Taylor Street
Fort Worth, Texas 76102-0300

Re: Draft EA for the Installation of 5.2 miles of Primary Fence along the International Border near Lukesville, Arizona, Office of Border Patrol Tucson Sector, Ajo Station, Arizona

Dear Ms. Parish:

The Ak-Chin Cultural Resources Office did receive a copy of the Draft Environmental Assessment (EA) for the above-referenced undertaking.

At this time, our office has no questions and will defer comments to the Tohono O'odham Nation.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (520) 568-1369.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Gary Gilbert".

Gary Gilbert
Cultural Resources Technician II
Cultural Resources Office
Ak-Chin Indian Community



REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P.O. BOX 17300, 819 TAYLOR STREET
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

September 17, 2007

Planning, Environmental and
Regulatory Division

SUBJECT: Draft Environmental Assessment for the Installation of 5.2 miles of Primary Fence along the International Border near Lukeville, Arizona, Office of Border Patrol Tucson Sector, Ajo Station, Arizona

Honorable Delia Carlisle, Chairperson
ATTN: Ms. Nancy Nelson, Cultural Resources Manager (Acting)
Ak Chin Indian Community
47685 N Eco Museum Rd
Maricopa, AZ 85239


Dear Chairperson Carlisle:

In a letter dated June 8, 2007, we wrote to you regarding our intentions to assist the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Customs and Border Protection (CBP), Office of Border Patrol (OBP) in preparing an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the construction of primary fence near Lukeville, AZ.

The proposed border fence would begin 2.1 miles west of the Lukeville, AZ Port of Entry (POE) and extend eastward along the U.S.-Mexico international border for 5.2 miles. The potential project would retrofit vehicle barriers with border fence and also include the construction of new fence in the Sonoyta Hills area. The construction foot print for this potential project would encompass the entire Roosevelt Reservation (60 feet from the U.S.-Mexico border north) except around the Sonoyta Hills where 150-foot wide corridor would be used.

Enclosed please find a copy of the draft EA for your review and comment. We ask that you submit any comments on the draft EA by October 17, 2007 as that is when the 30-day draft review comment period ends. We look forward to hearing any concerns you may have. If you have any questions pertaining to this project, please do not hesitate to contact Nancy Parish at (817) 886-1725.

Sincerely,


William Fickel, Jr.
Chief, Planning, Environmental
and Regulatory Division

Enclosures



REPLY TO
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FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P.O. BOX 17300, 819 TAYLOR STREET
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

September 17, 2007

Planning, Environmental and
Regulatory Division

SUBJECT: Draft Environmental Assessment for the Installation of 5.2 miles of Primary Fence along the International Border near Lukeville, Arizona, Office of Border Patrol Tucson Sector, Ajo Station, Arizona

Honorable Sherry Cordova, Chairperson
ATTN: Ms. Jill McCormick
Cocopah Tribe
County 15th & Avenue G
Somerton, AZ 85350

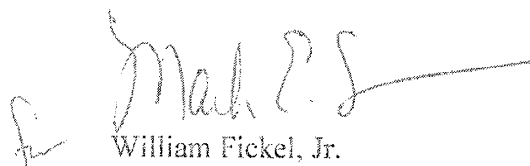
Dear Chairperson Cordova:

In a letter dated June 8, 2007, we wrote to you regarding our intentions to assist the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Customs and Border Protection (CBP), Office of Border Patrol (OBP) in preparing an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the construction of primary fence near Lukeville, AZ.

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Sincerely,


William Fickel, Jr.
Chief, Planning, Environmental
and Regulatory Division

Enclosures



REPLY TO
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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P.O. BOX 17300, 819 TAYLOR STREET
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

September 17, 2007

Planning, Environmental and
Regulatory Division

SUBJECT: Draft Environmental Assessment for the Installation of 5.2 miles of Primary Fence along the International Border near Lukeville, Arizona, Office of Border Patrol Tucson Sector, Ajo Station, Arizona

Honorable Daniel Eddy, Jr., Chairman
ATTN: Mr. E. George Ray, Director Museum
Colorado River Indian Tribes
Route 1, Box 23-B
Parker, AZ 85344


Dear Chairperson Eddy:

In a letter dated June 8, 2007, we wrote to you regarding our intentions to assist the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Customs and Border Protection (CBP), Office of Border Patrol (OBP) in preparing an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the construction of primary fence near Lukeville, AZ.

The proposed border fence would begin 2.1 miles west of the Lukeville, AZ Port of Entry (POE) and extend eastward along the U.S.-Mexico international border for 5.2 miles. The potential project would retrofit vehicle barriers with border fence and also include the construction of new fence in the Sonoyta Hills area. The construction foot print for this potential project would encompass the entire Roosevelt Reservation (60 feet from the U.S.-Mexico border north) except around the Sonoyta Hills where 150-foot wide corridor would be used.

Enclosed please find a copy of the draft EA for your review and comment. We ask that you submit any comments on the draft EA by October 17, 2007 as that is when the 30-day draft review comment period ends. We look forward to hearing any concerns you may have. If you have any questions pertaining to this project, please do not hesitate to contact Nancy Parish at (817) 886-1725.

Sincerely,


William Fickel, Jr.
Chief, Planning, Environmental
and Regulatory Division

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FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P.O. BOX 17300, 819 TAYLOR STREET
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

September 17, 2007

Planning, Environmental and
Regulatory Division

SUBJECT: Draft Environmental Assessment for the Installation of 5.2 miles of Primary Fence along the International Border near Lukeville, Arizona, Office of Border Patrol Tucson Sector, Ajo Station, Arizona

Honorable William Rhodes, Governor
ATTN: Mr. Barnaby Lewis
Gila River Indian Community
Cultural Resources Management Program
P.O. Box 2140
Sacaton, AZ 85247


Dear Governor Rhodes:

In a letter dated June 8, 2007, we wrote to you regarding our intentions to assist the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Customs and Border Protection (CBP), Office of Border Patrol (OBP) in preparing an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the construction of primary fence near Lukeville, AZ.

The proposed border fence would begin 2.1 miles west of the Lukeville, AZ Port of Entry (POE) and extend eastward along the U.S.-Mexico international border for 5.2 miles. The potential project would retrofit vehicle barriers with border fence and also include the construction of new fence in the Sonoyta Hills area. The construction foot print for this potential project would encompass the entire Roosevelt Reservation (60 feet from the U.S.-Mexico border north) except around the Sonoyta Hills where 150-foot wide corridor would be used.

Enclosed please find a copy of the draft EA for your review and comment. We ask that you submit any comments on the draft EA by October 17, 2007 as that is when the 30-day draft review comment period ends. We look forward to hearing any concerns you may have. If you have any questions pertaining to this project, please do not hesitate to contact Nancy Parish at (817) 886-1725.

Sincerely,


William Fickel, Jr.
Chief, Planning, Environmental
and Regulatory Division

Enclosures



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FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P.O. BOX 17300, 819 TAYLOR STREET
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

September 17, 2007

Planning, Environmental and
Regulatory Division

SUBJECT: Draft Environmental Assessment for the Installation of 5.2 miles of Primary Fence along the International Border near Lukeville, Arizona, Office of Border Patrol Tucson Sector, Ajo Station, Arizona

Honorable Benjamin H. Nuvamsa, Chairman
ATTN: Leigh Kuwanwisiwma
The Hopi Tribe
Main Street
Kykotsmovi, AZ 86039

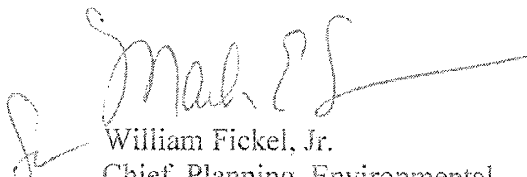
Dear Chairperson Nuvamsa:

In a letter dated June 8, 2007, we wrote to you regarding our intentions to assist the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Customs and Border Protection (CBP), Office of Border Patrol (OBP) in preparing an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the construction of primary fence near Lukeville, AZ.

The proposed border fence would begin 2.1 miles west of the Lukeville, AZ Port of Entry (POE) and extend eastward along the U.S.-Mexico international border for 5.2 miles. The potential project would retrofit vehicle barriers with border fence and also include the construction of new fence in the Sonoyta Hills area. The construction foot print for this potential project would encompass the entire Roosevelt Reservation (60 feet from the U.S.-Mexico border north) except around the Sonoyta Hills where 150-foot wide corridor would be used.

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Sincerely,


William Fickel, Jr.
Chief, Planning, Environmental
and Regulatory Division

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P.O. BOX 17300, 819 TAYLOR STREET
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
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September 17, 2007

Planning, Environmental and
Regulatory Division

SUBJECT: Draft Environmental Assessment for the Installation of 5.2 miles of Primary Fence along the International Border near Lukeville, Arizona, Office of Border Patrol Tucson Sector, Ajo Station, Arizona

Honorable Hermnia Frias, Chairperson
ATTN: Ms. Amalia A.M. Reyes, Cultural Resources
Pascua Yaqui Tribe
7474 S Camino de Oeste
Tucson, AZ 85746

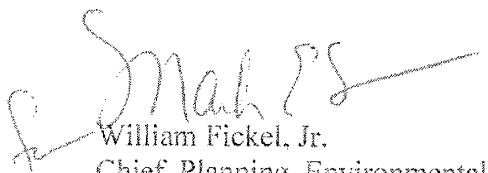
Dear Chairperson Frias:

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Sincerely,


William Fickel, Jr.
Chief, Planning, Environmental
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FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P.O. BOX 17300, 819 TAYLOR STREET
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

September 17, 2007

Planning, Environmental and
Regulatory Division

SUBJECT: Draft Environmental Assessment for the Installation of 5.2 miles of Primary Fence along the International Border near Lukeville, Arizona, Office of Border Patrol Tucson Sector, Ajo Station, Arizona

Honorable Mike Jackson, Jr., President
Quechan Tribe
ATTN: Ms. Pauline Jose
Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribal Museum
350 Pichcho Rd
Winterhaven, CA

Dear President Jackson:

In a letter dated June 8, 2007, we wrote to you regarding our intentions to assist the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Customs and Border Protection (CBP), Office of Border Patrol (OBP) in preparing an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the construction of primary fence near Lukeville, AZ.

The proposed border fence would begin 2.1 miles west of the Lukeville, AZ Port of Entry (POE) and extend eastward along the U.S.-Mexico international border for 5.2 miles. The potential project would retrofit vehicle barriers with border fence and also include the construction of new fence in the Sonoyta Hills area. The construction footprint for this potential project would encompass the entire Roosevelt Reservation (60 feet from the U.S.-Mexico border north) except around the Sonoyta Hills where 150-foot wide corridor would be used.

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Sincerely,

William Fickel, Jr.
Chief, Planning, Environmental
and Regulatory Division

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FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P.O. BOX 17300, 819 TAYLOR STREET
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

September 17, 2007

Planning, Environmental and
Regulatory Division

SUBJECT: Draft Environmental Assessment for the Installation of 5.2 miles of Primary Fence along the International Border near Lukeville, Arizona, Office of Border Patrol Tucson Sector, Ajo Station, Arizona

Honorable Joni Ramos, President
ATTN: Ms. Dezbah Hatathli, Cultural Programs Supervisor
Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community
Cultural and Environmental Services Department
10005 E. Osborn
Scottsdale, AZ 85256

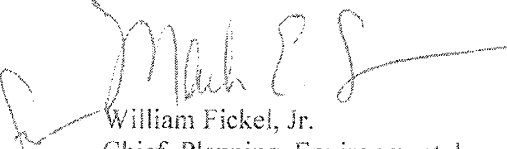
Dear President Ramos:

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Enclosed please find a copy of the draft EA for your review and comment. We ask that you submit any comments on the draft EA by October 17, 2007 as that is when the 30-day draft review comment period ends. We look forward to hearing any concerns you may have. If you have any questions pertaining to this project, please do not hesitate to contact Nancy Parish at (817) 886-1725.

Sincerely,


William Fickel, Jr.
Chief, Planning, Environmental
and Regulatory Division

Enclosures



REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P.O. BOX 17300, 819 TAYLOR STREET
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

September 17, 2007

Planning, Environmental and
Regulatory Division

SUBJECT: Draft Environmental Assessment for the Installation of 5.2 miles of Primary Fence along the International Border near Lukeville, Arizona, Office of Border Patrol Tucson Sector, Ajo Station, Arizona

Honorable Wendsler Nosie, Sr., Chairperson
ATTN: Ms. Vernelda Grant, THPO
San Carlos Apache Tribe
P.O. Box 0
San Carlos, AZ 85550


Dear Chairperson Nosie:

In a letter dated June 8, 2007, we wrote to you regarding our intentions to assist the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Customs and Border Protection (CBP), Office of Border Patrol (OBP) in preparing an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the construction of primary fence near Lukeville, AZ.

The proposed border fence would begin 2.1 miles west of the Lukeville, AZ Port of Entry (POE) and extend eastward along the U.S.-Mexico international border for 5.2 miles. The potential project would retrofit vehicle barriers with border fence and also include the construction of new fence in the Sonoyta Hills area. The construction foot print for this potential project would encompass the entire Roosevelt Reservation (60 feet from the U.S.-Mexico border north) except around the Sonoyta Hills where 150-foot wide corridor would be used.

Enclosed please find a copy of the draft EA for your review and comment. We ask that you submit any comments on the draft EA by October 17, 2007 as that is when the 30-day draft review comment period ends. We look forward to hearing any concerns you may have. If you have any questions pertaining to this project, please do not hesitate to contact Nancy Parish at (817) 886-1725.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P.O. BOX 17300, 819 TAYLOR STREET
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

September 17, 2007

Planning, Environmental and
Regulatory Division

SUBJECT: Draft Environmental Assessment for the Installation of 5.2 miles of Primary Fence along the International Border near Lukeville, Arizona, Office of Border Patrol Tucson Sector, Ajo Station, Arizona

Honorable Ned Norris, Jr., Chairman
ATTN: Mr. Peter Steere, Cultural Resources Manager
Tohono O'odham Nation
Cultural Affairs Department
Main Street
Sells, AZ 85634

Dear Chairman Norris:

In a letter dated June 8, 2007, we wrote to you regarding our intentions to assist the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Customs and Border Protection (CBP), Office of Border Patrol (OBP) in preparing an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the construction of primary fence near Lukeville, AZ.

The proposed border fence would begin 2.1 miles west of the Lukeville, AZ Port of Entry (POE) and extend eastward along the U.S.-Mexico international border for 5.2 miles. The potential project would retrofit vehicle barriers with border fence and also include the construction of new fence in the Sonoyta Hills area. The construction foot print for this potential project would encompass the entire Roosevelt Reservation (60 feet from the U.S.-Mexico border north) except around the Sonoyta Hills where 150-foot wide corridor would be used.

Enclosed please find a copy of the draft EA for your review and comment. We ask that you submit any comments on the draft EA by October 17, 2007 as that is when the 30-day draft review comment period ends. We look forward to hearing any concerns you may have. If you have any questions pertaining to this project, please do not hesitate to contact Nancy Parish at (817) 886-1725.

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Chief, Planning, Environmental
and Regulatory Division

Enclosures



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FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P.O. BOX 17300, 819 TAYLOR STREET
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

September 17, 2007

Planning, Environmental and
Regulatory Division

SUBJECT: Draft Environmental Assessment for the Installation of 5.2 miles of Primary Fence along the International Border near Lukeville, Arizona, Office of Border Patrol Tucson Sector, Ajo Station, Arizona

Honorable Ronnie Lupe, Chairman
ATTN: Mr. Mark Atalha, THPO
White Mountain Apache Tribe
P.O. Box 507
Fort Apache, AZ 85926

Dear Chairman Lupe:

In a letter dated June 8, 2007, we wrote to you regarding our intentions to assist the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Customs and Border Protection (CBP), Office of Border Patrol (OBP) in preparing an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the construction of primary fence near Lukeville, AZ.

The proposed border fence would begin 2.1 miles west of the Lukeville, AZ Port of Entry (POE) and extend eastward along the U.S.-Mexico international border for 5.2 miles. The potential project would retrofit vehicle barriers with border fence and also include the construction of new fence in the Sonoyta Hills area. The construction foot print for this potential project would encompass the entire Roosevelt Reservation (60 feet from the U.S.-Mexico border north) except around the Sonoyta Hills where 150-foot wide corridor would be used.

Enclosed please find a copy of the draft EA for your review and comment. We ask that you submit any comments on the draft EA by October 17, 2007 as that is when the 30-day draft review comment period ends. We look forward to hearing any concerns you may have. If you have any questions pertaining to this project, please do not hesitate to contact Nancy Parish at (817) 886-1725.

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William Fickel, Jr.
Chief, Planning, Environmental
and Regulatory Division

Enclosures



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 11, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

Tucson-Pima County Community Library
ATTN: Librarian
33 Plaza
Ajo, AZ 85321

Dear Librarian:

The United States (U.S.) Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District has prepared a draft Environmental Assessment (EA) and draft Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) on behalf of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and the U.S. Border Patrol (USBP). The draft EA addresses potential impacts of the proposed construction and maintenance of 5.8 miles of pedestrian fence along the U.S. / Mexico International border near Lukeville, Arizona. The fence would extend approximately 2.1 miles to the west and 3.1 miles to the east of the Lukeville POE along the U.S. / Mexico border. The purpose of the proposed action is to comply with Federal mandates to gain and maintain effective operational control of the border. Enclosed is a copy of the draft EA and draft FONSI for your review.

The USBP is soliciting comments on the draft EA and draft FONSI from Federal and state agencies, non-governmental organizations and the general public. Please make this document available to the public. The document can also be viewed via the internet at the following url address: <http://ecso.swf.usace.army.mil>.

Written comments in regards to this document can be submitted to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District, ATTN: CESWF-PM-ECSO/McGregor, 819 Taylor Street, Room 3A28, Fort Worth, TX 76102. The deadline for receipt of comments is 30 days after the Notice of Availability has been published. The Notice of Availability is expected to be published on or before September 17, 2007.

Sincerely,

Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and
Construction Support Office



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 11, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument
ATTN: Ms. Kathy Billings
10 Organ Pipe Drive
Ajo, AZ 85321

Dear Ms. Billings:

The United States (U.S.) Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District has prepared a draft Environmental Assessment (EA) and draft Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) on behalf of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and the U.S. Border Patrol (USBP). The enclosed draft EA addresses potential impacts of the proposed construction and maintenance of 5.2 miles of pedestrian fence along the U.S. / Mexico International border near Lukeville, Arizona.

While no final decisions regarding the location of additional fencing along the Southwest Border have been made, the USBP is accessing the operational requirements and land issues along the entire Southwest border. The preparation of this EA does not necessarily mean the proposed pedestrian fence will be constructed. This effort is a prudent part of the planning process needed to access any environmental concerns.

The proposed project is located within the USBP Tucson Sector, Ajo Station's Area of Operation (AOR) located near the Lukeville Port of Entry (POE). The fence would extend approximately 2.1 miles to the west and 3.1 miles to the east of the POE along the U.S. / Mexico border. The purpose of the proposed action is to comply with Federal mandates to gain and maintain effective operational control of the border.

USBP is soliciting comments on the draft EA and draft FONSI from Federal and state agencies, non-governmental organizations and the general public. The draft EA and draft FONSI will be available for review at the Tucson-Pima County Community Library in Ajo, Arizona. The document can also be viewed via the internet at the following url address: <http://ecso.swf.usace.army.mil>. Written comments in regards to this document can be submitted to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District, ATTN: CESWF-PM-EC/McGregor, 819 Taylor Street, Room 3A28, Fort Worth,

TX 76102. The deadline for receipt of comments is 30 days after the Notice of Availability has been published. The Notice of Availability is expected to be published on or before September 17, 2007.

Sincerely,

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Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and
Construction Support Office



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 11, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

Cultural Resources Manager
Tohono O'odham Nation
ATTN: Mr. Peter Steere
Building 49, Main Street
Sells, AZ 85634

Dear Mr. Steere:

The United States (U.S.) Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District has prepared a draft Environmental Assessment (EA) and draft Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) on behalf of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and the U.S. Border Patrol (USBP). The enclosed draft EA addresses potential impacts of the proposed construction and maintenance of 5.2 miles of pedestrian fence along the U.S. / Mexico International border near Lukeville, Arizona.

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Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and
Construction Support Office



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 11, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

Arizona Game and Fish Department
Habitat Branch
ATTN: Mr. Robert Magill
2221 West Greenway Road
Phoenix, AZ 85023

Dear Mr. Magill:

The United States (U.S.) Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District has prepared a draft Environmental Assessment (EA) and draft Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) on behalf of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and the U.S. Border Patrol (USBP). The enclosed draft EA addresses potential impacts of the proposed construction and maintenance of 5.2 miles of pedestrian fence along the U.S. / Mexico International border near Lukeville, Arizona.

While no final decisions regarding the location of additional fencing along the Southwest Border have been made, the USBP is accessing the operational requirements and land issues along the entire Southwest border. The preparation of this EA does not necessarily mean the proposed pedestrian fence will be constructed. This effort is a prudent part of the planning process needed to access any environmental concerns.

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Director, Engineering and
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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 11, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

Wildlife and Vegetation Management Program
Tohono O'odham Nation
ATTN: Ms. Karen Howe
Building 49, Main Street
Sells, AZ 85634

Dear Ms. Howe:

The United States (U.S.) Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District has prepared a draft Environmental Assessment (EA) and draft Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) on behalf of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and the U.S. Border Patrol (USBP). The enclosed draft EA addresses potential impacts of the proposed construction and maintenance of 5.2 miles of pedestrian fence along the U.S. / Mexico International border near Lukeville, Arizona.

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FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 11, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

Bureau of Indian Affairs
Phoenix Area Office
ATTN: Mr. Bryan Bowker
400 North 5th Street
2 Arizona Center, 12th Floor
Phoenix, AZ 85004

Dear Mr. Bowker:

The United States (U.S.) Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District has prepared a draft Environmental Assessment (EA) and draft Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) on behalf of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and the U.S. Border Patrol (USBP). The enclosed draft EA addresses potential impacts of the proposed construction and maintenance of 5.2 miles of pedestrian fence along the U.S. / Mexico International border near Lukeville, Arizona.

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Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and
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FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 11, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
ATTN: Mr. Steve Spangle
2321 W. Royal Palm Road, Suite 103
Phoenix, AZ 85021-4951

Dear Mr. Spangle:

The United States (U.S.) Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District has prepared a draft Environmental Assessment (EA) and draft Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) on behalf of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and the U.S. Border Patrol (USBP). The enclosed draft EA addresses potential impacts of the proposed construction and maintenance of 5.2 miles of pedestrian fence along the U.S. / Mexico International border near Lukeville, Arizona.

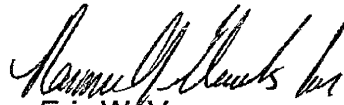
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Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and
Construction Support Office



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 11, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

Arizona Game and Fish Department
Project Evaluation Program Supervisor
Habitat Branch – Project Evaluation Program
ATTN: Ms. Rebecca Davidson
2221 W. Greenway Road WM-HB
Phoenix, AZ 85023-4312

Dear Ms. Davidson:

The United States (U.S.) Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District has prepared a draft Environmental Assessment (EA) and draft Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) on behalf of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and the U.S. Border Patrol (USBP). The enclosed draft EA addresses potential impacts of the proposed construction and maintenance of 5.2 miles of pedestrian fence along the U.S. / Mexico International border near Lukeville, Arizona.

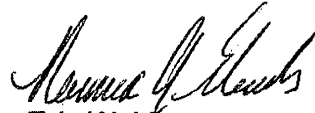
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Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and
Construction Support Office



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 11, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

Defenders of Wildlife Diversity
ATTN: Mr. Brian Segee
1130 Seventeenth Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20036-4604

Dear Mr. Segee:

The United States (U.S.) Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District has prepared a draft Environmental Assessment (EA) and draft Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) on behalf of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and the U.S. Border Patrol (USBP). The enclosed draft EA addresses potential impacts of the proposed construction and maintenance of 5.2 miles of pedestrian fence along the U.S. / Mexico International border near Lukeville, Arizona.

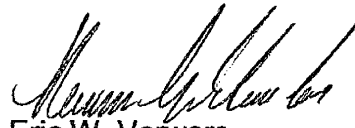
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Director, Engineering and
Construction Support Office



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 11, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

Border Action Network
ATTN: Mr. Bryn Jones
P.O. Box 384
Tucson, AZ 85702

Dear Mr. Jones:

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TX 76102. The deadline for receipt of comments is 30 days after the Notice of Availability has been published. The Notice of Availability is expected to be published on or before September 17, 2007.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Eric W. Verwers". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large initial "E" and "V".

Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and
Construction Support Office



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 11, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

Sky Island Alliance
ATTN: Mr. Matt Skroch
P.O. Box 41165
Tucson, AZ 85717-1165

Dear Mr. Skroch:

The United States (U.S.) Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District has prepared a draft Environmental Assessment (EA) and draft Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) on behalf of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and the U.S. Border Patrol (USBP). The enclosed draft EA addresses potential impacts of the proposed construction and maintenance of 5.2 miles of pedestrian fence along the U.S. / Mexico International border near Lukeville, Arizona.

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Director, Engineering and
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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 11, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

Center for Biological Diversity
ATTN: Mr. Daniel Patterson
P.O. Box 710
Tucson, AZ 85702

Dear Mr. Patterson:

The United States (U.S.) Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District has prepared a draft Environmental Assessment (EA) and draft Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) on behalf of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and the U.S. Border Patrol (USBP). The enclosed draft EA addresses potential impacts of the proposed construction and maintenance of 5.2 miles of pedestrian fence along the U.S. / Mexico International border near Lukeville, Arizona.

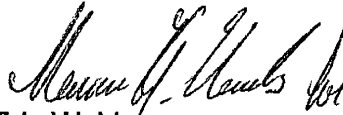
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Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and
Construction Support Office



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 11, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

Defenders of Wildlife
ATTN: Ms. Jenny Neely
110 S. Church
Suite 4292
Tucson, AZ 8570

Dear Ms. Neely:

The United States (U.S.) Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District has prepared a draft Environmental Assessment (EA) and draft Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) on behalf of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and the U.S. Border Patrol (USBP). The enclosed draft EA addresses potential impacts of the proposed construction and maintenance of 5.2 miles of pedestrian fence along the U.S. / Mexico International border near Lukeville, Arizona.


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Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and
Construction Support Office



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 11, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

Defenders of Wildlife
ATTN: Ms. Kara Gillon
824 Gold SW
Albuquerque, NM 87102

Dear Ms. Gillon:

The United States (U.S.) Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District has prepared a draft Environmental Assessment (EA) and draft Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) on behalf of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and the U.S. Border Patrol (USBP). The enclosed draft EA addresses potential impacts of the proposed construction and maintenance of 5.2 miles of pedestrian fence along the U.S. / Mexico International border near Lukeville, Arizona.

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Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and
Construction Support Office



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 11, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

Derechos Humanos
ATTN: Ms. Kat Rodriguez
P.O. Box 1286
Tucson, AZ 85702

Dear Ms. Rodriguez:

The United States (U.S.) Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District has prepared a draft Environmental Assessment (EA) and draft Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) on behalf of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and the U.S. Border Patrol (USBP). The enclosed draft EA addresses potential impacts of the proposed construction and maintenance of 5.2 miles of pedestrian fence along the U.S. / Mexico International border near Lukeville, Arizona.

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Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and
Construction Support Office



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 11, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

U.S. Bureau of Land Management
Tucson Office
ATTN: Ms. Shela McFarland
300 W. Congress
Federal Building CNF-6V3
Tucson, AZ 85701

Dear Ms. McFarland:

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Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and
Construction Support Office



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 13, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region 9
Federal Activities Office "CMD-2"
ATTN: Ms. Lisa Hanf
75 Hawthorne Street
San Francisco, CA 94105

Dear Ms. Hanf:

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for Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and
Construction Support Office



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

September 13, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Subject: Transmittal Letter for Draft Environmental Assessment and Draft Finding of No Significant Impact for the Proposed Installation of 5.2 Miles of Pedestrian Fence, United States Border Patrol, Tucson Sector, Arizona

International Boundary and Water Commission
United States Section
ATTN: Mr. Gilbert Anaya
4171 North Mesa, Suite C-100
El Paso, TX 79902-1441

Dear Mr. Anaya:

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for Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and
Construction Support Office



United States Department of the Interior

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
Arizona Ecological Services Field Office
2321 West Royal Palm Road, Suite 103
Phoenix, Arizona 85021-4951

Telephone: (602) 242-0210 Fax: (602) 242-2513



In Reply Refer to:

AESO/SE
22410-2007-SL-0337

July 10, 2007

Mr. Eric W. Verwers, Director
Engineering and Construction Support Office
Department of the Army
Fort Worth District, Corps of Engineers
Fort Worth, Texas 76102-0300

RE: Environmental Assessment for Installation of 4.2 miles of Pedestrian Fence along the International Border near Lukeville, Arizona, Office of Border Patrol Tucson Sector, Arizona

Dear Mr. Verwers:

Thank you for your correspondence of June 4, 2007, received on June 11, 2007, requesting information on threatened or endangered species, or those that are proposed to be listed as such under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (Act), which may occur in your proposed project area. The endangered Sonoran pronghorn (*Antilocapra americana sonoriensis*), the endangered lesser long-nosed bat (*Leptonycteris curasoae yerbabuenae*), and the endangered Quitobaquito pupfish (*Cyprinodon eremus*) and its critical habitat, occur within the vicinity of the proposed Installation of 4.2 miles of Pedestrian Fence along the International Border near the Lukeville Project. Additionally, the Sonoyta mud turtle (*Kinosternon sonoriense longifemorale*) – a candidate for Federal listing, and the Quitobaquito springsnail (*Tryonia quitobaquitae*) – a sensitive species endemic to Quitobaquito, occur in the area. Quitobaquito is a unique desert oasis that is important for these species as well as a suite of migratory and resident birds.

When preparing your Environmental Assessment, we recommend you provide an analysis of the effects (both direct and indirect, as well as effects of any interrelated or interdependent actions) to all listed species and critical habitat from all components of the proposed project (i.e., installation and maintenance of the fence, roads [if proposed], and lights [if proposed]; patrol associated with the pedestrian fence and roads; etc.). We request you quantify the amount of listed species habitat that will be impacted. For example for the lesser long-nosed bat, quantify the number of forage plants that will be destroyed and salvaged. We do not recommend any groundwater be extracted from the area for project purposes; however, if it is, please quantify the amount that will be used and describe potential effects to the Quitobaquito pupfish from this groundwater use. Water levels at Quitobaquito pond are currently very low, and any

groundwater pumping could result in degradation or loss of critical habitat and mortality of Quitobaquito pupfish and other wetland species. Additionally, please provide an analysis of effects to listed species from potential shifts in illegal traffic and pursuant law enforcement that may occur as a result of the proposed project.

We are concerned about impacts of the proposed project on the aforementioned species, as well as on all native flora and fauna, and we recommend they be avoided and minimized to the greatest extent possible. Where this is not possible, we recommend impacts be offset through implementation of conservation measures to recover listed species. To avoid and minimize species impacts, we generally recommend: 1) the project footprint be minimized; 2) disturbance to all columnar cacti and agave be avoided and where this is not possible, they should be salvaged (or replaced with nursery stock) and placed near or within the project area; 3) any vegetation clearing should occur from September 2 - January 31, to avoid impacts to breeding birds protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (these dates also coincide with the time period when Sonoran pronghorn are less physiologically stressed); 4) night-lighting be avoided; 5) groundwater not be extracted from the project vicinity and no water be drafted or diverted from the pond at Quitobaquito; 6) the fence be designed to allow for natural hydrological processes to occur to the greatest extent possible; 7) biological monitors be on-site during all clearing/construction-related activities of the project to ensure compliance and to ensure project activities are stopped if pronghorn are detected within one mile, and only allowed to resume after pronghorn have moved more than one mile away. We are available to assist you in developing specific measures to avoid, minimize, and offset project impacts.

Additionally, for further information the Arizona Ecological Service Field Office has posted lists of the endangered, threatened, proposed, and candidate species occurring in each of Arizona's 15 counties on the Internet. Please refer to the following web page for species information in the county where your project occurs: <http://www.fws.gov/southwest/es/arizona/>. If you do not have access to the Internet or have difficulty obtaining a list, please contact our office and we will mail or fax you a list as soon as possible.

After opening the web page, find County Species Lists on the main page. Then click on the county of interest. The arrows on the left will guide you through information on species that are listed, proposed, candidates, or have conservation agreements. Here you will find information on the species' status, a physical description, all counties where the species occurs, habitat, elevation, and some general comments. Additional information can be obtained by going back to the main page. On the left side of the screen, click on Document Library, then click on Documents by Species, then click on the name of the species of interest to obtain General Species Information, or other documents that may be available. Click on the "Cactus" icon to view the desired document.

Endangered and threatened species are protected by Federal law and must be considered prior to project development. If the action agency determines that listed species or critical habitat may be adversely affected by a federally funded, permitted, or authorized activity, the action agency will

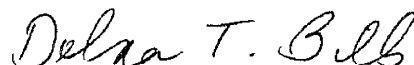
need to request formal consultation with us. If the action agency determines that the planned action may jeopardize a proposed species or destroy or adversely modify proposed critical habitat, the action agency will need to enter into a section 7 conference. The county list may also contain candidate or conservation agreement species. As mentioned, the Sonoyta mud turtle, a candidate species, occurs within the vicinity of your proposed project. Candidate species are those for which there is sufficient information to support a proposal for listing; conservation agreement species are those for which we have entered into an agreement to protect the species and its habitat. Although candidate and conservation agreement species have no legal protection under the Act, we recommend that they be considered in the planning process in the event that they become listed or proposed for listing prior to project completion.

If any proposed action occurs in or near areas with trees and shrubs growing along watercourses, known as riparian habitat (i.e., at Quitobaquito pond), we recommend the protection of these areas. Riparian areas are critical to biological community diversity and provide linear corridors important to migratory species. In addition, if the project will result in the deposition of dredged or fill materials into waterways, we recommend you contact the Army Corps of Engineers, which regulates these activities under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

The State of Arizona and some of the Native American Tribes protect some plant and animal species not protected by Federal law. We recommend you contact the Arizona Game and Fish Department and the Arizona Department of Agriculture for State-listed or sensitive species, or contact the appropriate Native American Tribe to determine if sensitive species are protected by Tribal governments in your project area. We further recommend that you invite the Arizona Game and Fish Department, any Native American Tribes in or near your project area, and the Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument to participate in your informal or formal Section 7 Consultation process. We are providing this letter to the Arizona Game and Fish Department, the Tohono O'odham Tribe, and the Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument for their information.

For additional communications regarding this project, please refer to consultation number 22410-2007-SL-0337. We appreciate your efforts to identify and avoid impacts to listed and sensitive species in your project area. If we may be of further assistance, please feel free to contact Erin Fernandez (x238) or Jim Rorabaugh (x230) at (520) 670-6150.

Sincerely,



for Steven L. Spangle
Field Supervisor

Mr. Eric W. Verwers

4

cc: Chief, Habitat Branch, Arizona Game and Fish Department, Phoenix, AZ
Regional Supervisor, Arizona Game and Fish Department, Yuma, AZ
Regional Supervisor, Arizona Game and Fish Department, Tucson, AZ
Assistant Field Supervisor, Fish and Wildlife Service, Tucson, AZ
Superintendent, Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument, Ajo, AZ
George Hutchinson, Customs and Border Protection, Washington, DC
Sector Chief, Border Patrol, Tucson, AZ
Chairperson, Tohono O'Odham Nation, Sells, AZ
Manager, Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge, Ajo, AZ

W:\Erin Fernandez\Lukeville Fence SL July 07.doc: jkey



THE STATE OF ARIZONA
GAME AND FISH DEPARTMENT

2221 WEST GREENWAY ROAD
PHOENIX, AZ 85023-4399
(602) 942-3000 • AZGFD.GOV

REGION IV, 9140 E. 28TH ST., YUMA, AZ 85365

GOVERNOR
JANET NAPOLITANO
COMMISSIONERS
CHAIRMAN, MICHAEL M. GOLIGHTLY, FLAGSTAFF
WILLIAM H. MCLEAN, GOLD CANYON
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DIRECTOR
DUANE L. SHROUFE
DEPUTY DIRECTOR
STEVE K. FERRELL



July 5, 2007

Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and Construction Support Office
Department of the Army
Corps of Engineers, Forth Worth District Office
P.O. Box 17300
Fort Worth, TX 76102-0300

Re: Scoping Comments Draft Environmental Assessment for Installation of 4.2 Miles of
Pedestrian Fence along the International Border near Lukeville, Pima County:

The Arizona Game and Fish Department (Department) has reviewed the request for scoping information for the above-referenced Draft Environmental Assessment (DEA) for the installation of 4.2 miles of pedestrian fence along the International Border near Lukeville, AZ in a letter dated June 4, 2007. The following comments are provided for your consideration.

The Department's online toll has been accessed and the attached document includes a list of special status species recorded in the vicinity of the project area. The document includes the Department's recommendations for minimizing impacts to and fulfilling regulatory compliance for the listed special status species

The Department notes that this fence is a potential barrier to north-south movement by reptiles, amphibians and small mammals in the project area. We recommend considering fence designs that would allow movement through the fence by these species. If this is not possible, we recommend analyzing the impacts to these species and proposing appropriate mitigation.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide these preliminary comments. The Department appreciates the opportunity to participate in this process. If you have any questions, please contact me at 928-341-4047.

Sincerely,

William C. Knowles
Habitat Specialist
Region IV, Yuma

Eric W. Verwers

July 5, 2007

2

cc: Russell Engel, Habitat Program Manager, Region IV
Rebecca Davidson, Proj. Eval. Prog. Supervisor, Habitat Branch

Attachment

AGFD # M07-06145520

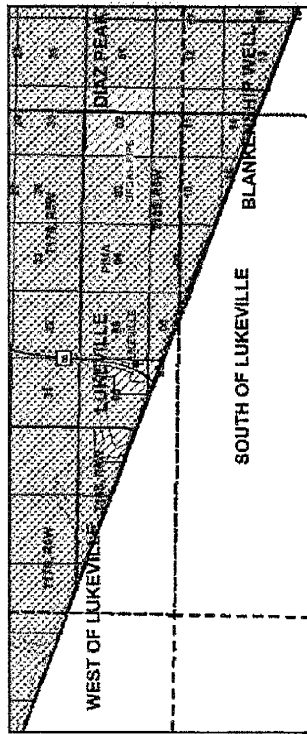
Arizona's On-line Environmental Review Tool

Search ID: 20070705003240

Project Name: Lukeville Border Fence

Date: 7/5/2007 10:58:02 AM

Project Location



Project Name: Lukeville Border Fence

Submitted By: Troy Smith

On behalf of: AZGFD

Project Search ID: 20070705003240

Date: 7/5/2007 10:57:53 AM

Project Category: Law Enforcement Activities Associated with the

Border, Fencing

Project Coordinates (UTM Zone 12-NAD 83): 328239.389, 3528543.522 meter

Project Length: 7090.034 meter

County: PIMA

USGS 7.5 Minute Quadrangle ID: 1810

Quadrangle Name: LUKEVILLE

Project locality is currently being scoped

Location Accuracy Disclaimer

Project locations are assumed to be both precise and accurate for the purposes of environmental review. The creator/owner of the Project Review Receipt is solely responsible for the project location and thus the correctness of the Project Review Receipt content.

The Department appreciates the opportunity to provide in-depth comments and project review when additional information or environmental documentation becomes available.

Special Status Species Occurrences/Critical Habitat/Tribal Lands within 3 miles of Project Vicinity:

Name	Common Name	ESA	USFS	BLM	State
Anthracis celtura	Felder's Orange Tip		S		
Antilocapra americana sonoriensis	Sonoran Pronghorn	LE	S		WSC
Bat Colony					
Charina trivirgata trivirgata	Mexican Rosy Boa	SC		S	
Ferocactus emoryi	Emory's Barrel-cactus				SR
Gastrophysa clivacea	Great Plains Narrow-mouthed Toad				WSC
Gopherus agassizii (Sonoran Population)	Sonoran Desert Tortoise	SC			WSC
Lophocareus schottii	Sentia				SR
Myotis velifer	Cave Myotis	SC		S	
Pericocereus striatus	Dahlia Rooted Cereus				SR
Stenocereus thurberi	Organ Pipe Cactus				SR
Tumamoca macdougalii	Tumamoc Globeberry		S	S	SR

Arizona's On-line Environmental Review Tool

Search ID: 20070705003240

Project Name: Lukeville Border Fence

Date: 7/5/2007 10:58:02 AM

Please review the entire receipt for project type recommendations and/or species or location information and retain a copy for future reference. If any of the information you provided did not accurately reflect this project, or if project plans change, another review should be conducted, as this determination may not be valid.

Arizona's On-line Environmental Review Tool:

1. This On-line Environmental Review Tool inquiry has generated recommendations regarding the potential impacts of your project on Special Status Species (SSS) and other wildlife of Arizona. SSS include all U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service federally listed, U.S. Bureau of Land Management sensitive, U.S. Forest Service sensitive, and Arizona Game and Fish Department (Department) recognized species of concern.
2. These recommendations have been made by the Department, under authority of Arizona Revised Statutes Title 5 (Amusements and Sports), 17 (Game and Fish), and 28 (Transportation). These recommendations are preliminary in scope, designed to provide early considerations for all species of wildlife, pertinent to the project type you entered.
3. This receipt, generated by the automated On-line Environmental Review Tool does not constitute an official project review by Department biologists and planners. Further coordination may be necessary as appropriate under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and/or the Endangered Species Act (ESA).

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) has regulatory authority over all federally listed species under the ESA. Contact USFWS Ecological Services Offices: <http://arizonaes.fws.gov/>.

Phoenix Main Office
2321 W. Royal Palm Road, Suite 103
Phoenix, AZ 85021
Phone 602-242-0210
Fax 602-242-2513

Tucson Sub-Office
201 North Bonita, Suite 141
Tucson, AZ 85745
Phone 520-670-6144
Fax 520-670-6154

Flagstaff Sub-Office
323 N. Leroux Street, Suite 101
Flagstaff, AZ 86001
Phone 928-226-0614
Fax 928-226-1099

Disclaimer:

1. This is a preliminary environmental screening tool. It is not a substitute for the potential knowledge gained by having a biologist conduct a field survey of the project area.
2. The Department's Heritage Data Management System (HDMS) data is not intended to include potential distribution of special status species. Arizona is large and diverse with plants, animals, and environmental conditions that are ever changing. Consequently, many areas may contain species that biologists do not know about or species previously noted in a particular area may no longer occur there.
3. Not all of Arizona has been surveyed for special status species, and surveys that have been conducted have varied greatly in scope and intensity. Such surveys may reveal previously undocumented population of species of special concern.
4. HDMS data contains information about species occurrences that have actually been reported to the Department.

Arizona Game and Fish Department Mission

To conserve, enhance, and restore Arizona's diverse wildlife resources and habitats through aggressive protection and

Arizona's On-line Environmental Review Tool

Search ID: 20070705003240

Project Name: Lukeville Border Fence

Date: 7/5/2007 10:58:02 AM

management programs, and to provide wildlife resources and safe watercraft and off-highway vehicle recreation for the enjoyment, appreciation, and use by present and future generations.

Project Category: Law Enforcement Activities Associated with the Border, Fencing

Project Type Recommendations:

Based on the project type entered; coordination with State Historic Preservation Office may be required
<http://www.pr.state.az.us/partnerships/shpo/shpo.html#anchor561695>

During the planning stages of your project, please consider the local or regional needs of wildlife in regards to movement, connectivity, and access to habitat needs. Loss of this permeability prevents wildlife from accessing resources, finding mates, reduces gene flow, prevents wildlife from re-colonizing areas where local extirpations may have occurred, and ultimately prevents wildlife from contributing to ecosystem functions, such as pollination, seed dispersal, control of prey numbers, and resistance to invasive species. In many cases, streams and washes provide natural movement corridors for wildlife and should be maintained in their natural state. Uplands also support a large diversity of species, and should be contained within important wildlife movement corridors. In addition, maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem functions can be facilitated through improving designs of structures, fences, roadways, and culverts to promote passage for a variety of wildlife.

Recommendations will be dependant upon goals of the fence project and the wildlife species expected to be impacted by the project. Please

contact the Project Evaluation Program for further fencing recommendations and specifications.

Project Location and/or Species recommendations:

HDMS records indicate that one or more listed, proposed, or candidate species or Critical Habitat (Designated or Proposed) have been documented in the vicinity of your project (refer to page 1 of the receipt). Please contact:

Ecological Services Office
US Fish and Wildlife Service

2321 W. Royal Palm Rd.
Phoenix, AZ 85021-4951
Phone: 602-242-0210
Fax: 602-242-2513

HDMS records indicate that one or more native plants listed on the Arizona Native Plant Law and Antiquities Act have been documented within the vicinity of your project area (refer to page 1 of the receipt). Please contact:

Arizona Department of Agriculture

1688 W Adams
Phoenix, AZ 85007
Phone: 602-542-4373

HDMS records indicate that Sonoran desert tortoise have been documented within the vicinity of your project area (refer to the species list on page 1 of the receipt). Please review the Tortoise Handling Guidelines found on the Environmental Review Home Page.

<http://www.azgfd.gov/hgis/guidelines.azpx>

Arizona's On-line Environmental Review Tool

Search ID: 20070705003240

Project Name: Lukeville Border Fence

Date: 7/5/2007 10:58:02 AM

Phone Number: (602) 789-3600
Fax Number: (602) 789-3928

Terms of Use

By using this site, you acknowledge that you have read and understand the terms of use. Department staff may revise these terms periodically. If you continue to use our website after we post changes to these terms, it will mean that you accept such changes. If at any time you do not wish to accept the Terms, you may choose not to use the website.

1. This Environmental Review and project planning website was developed and intended for the purpose of screening projects for potential impacts on resources of special concern. By indicating your agreement to the terms of use for this website, you warrant that you will not use this website for any other purpose.
2. Unauthorized attempts to upload information or change information on this website are strictly prohibited and may be punishable under the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act of 1986 and/or the National Information Infrastructure Protection Act.
3. The Department reserves the right at any time, without notice, to enhance, modify, alter, or suspend the website and to terminate or restrict your access to the website.
4. This Environmental Review is based on the project study area that was entered. The review must be redone if the project study area, location, or the type of project changes. If additional information becomes available, this review may need to be reconsidered.

Security:

The Environmental Review and project planning web application operates on a complex State computer system. This system is monitored to ensure proper operation, to verify the functioning of applicable security features, and for other like purposes. Anyone using

Recommendations Disclaimer:

1. Potential impacts to fish and wildlife resources may be minimized or avoided by the recommendations generated from information submitted for your proposed project.
2. These recommendations are proposed actions or guidelines to be considered during **preliminary project development**.
3. Additional site specific recommendations may be proposed during further NEPA/ESA analysis or through coordination with affected agencies.
4. Making this information directly available does not substitute for the Department's review of project proposals, and should not decrease our opportunity to review and evaluate additional project information and/or new project proposals.
5. The Department is interested in the conservation of all fish and wildlife resources, including those Special Status Species listed on this receipt, and those that may have not been documented within the project vicinity as well as other game and nongame wildlife.
6. **Further coordination requires the submittal of this Environmental Review Receipt with a cover letter and project plans or documentation that includes project narrative, acreage to be impacted, how construction or project activity(s) are to be accomplished, and project locality information (including site map).**
7. Upon receiving information by AZGFD, please allow 30 days for completion of project reviews. Mail requests to:

Project Evaluation Program, Habitat Branch
Arizona Game and Fish Department
2221 West Greenway Road
Phoenix, Arizona 85023-4312

Arizona's On-line Environmental Review Tool

Search ID: 20070705003240

Project Name: Lukeville Border Fence

Date: 7/5/2007 10:58:02 AM

this system expressly consents to such monitoring and is advised that if such monitoring reveals possible evidence of criminal activity, system personnel may provide the evidence of such monitoring to law enforcement officials. Unauthorized attempts to upload or change information; to defeat or circumvent security measures; or to utilize this system for other than its intended purposes are prohibited.

This website maintains a record of each environmental review search result as well as all contact information. This information is maintained for internal tracking purposes. Information collected in this application will not be shared outside of the purposes of the Department.

If the Environmental Review Receipt and supporting material are not mailed to the Department or other appropriate agencies within six (6) months of the Project Review Receipt date, the receipt is considered to be null and void, and a new review must be initiated.

Print this Environmental Review Receipt using your Internet browser's print function and keep it for your records. Further coordination requires the submittal of this Environmental Review Receipt with a cover letter and project plans or documentation that includes project narrative, acreage to be impacted, how construction or project activity(s) are to be accomplished, and project locality information (including site map).

Please provide point of contact information regarding this Environmental Review.

Application or organization responsible for project implementation

Agency/organization: _____

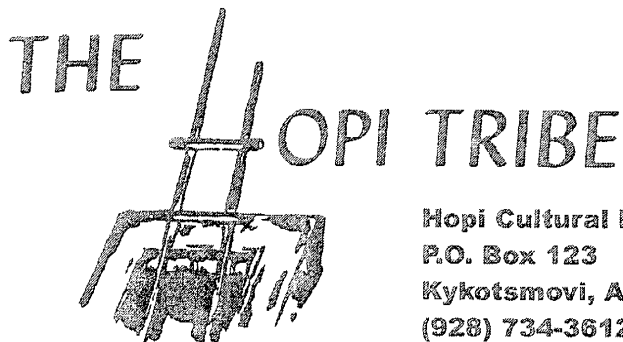
Contact Name: _____

Address: _____

City, State, Zip: _____

Phone: _____

E-mail: _____



Hopi Cultural Preservation Office
P.O. Box 123
Kykotsmovi, AZ 86039
(928) 734-3612

Benjamin H. Nuvamsa
CHAIRMAN

Todd Honyaoma, Sr.
VICE-CHAIRMAN

July 2, 2007

Eric W. Verwers, Director, Engineering and Construction Support Office
Attention: Patience Patterson
Department of the Army, Fort Worth District, Corps of Engineers
P.O. Box 17300, 819 Taylor Street
Fort Worth, Texas 76102-0300

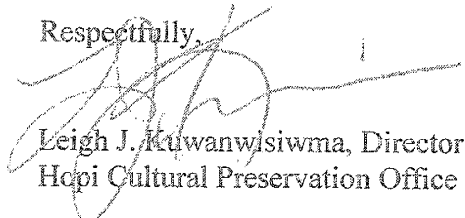
Dear Mr. Verwers,

Thank you for your letter on behalf of Customs and Border Protection dated June 8, 2007, regarding the installation of 4.2 miles of pedestrian fence along the international border near Lukeville, Arizona. The Hopi Cultural Preservation Office understands this proposal constitutes a federal undertaking and the Corps of Engineers will be preparing an environmental analysis.

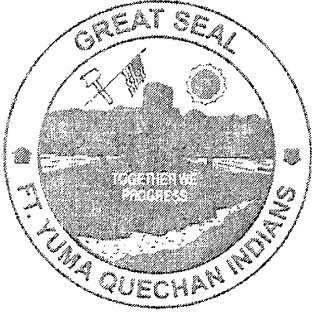
The Hopi Tribe claims cultural affiliation to prehistoric cultural groups in Arizona, and supports the identification and avoidance of archaeological sites and Traditional Cultural Properties. We understand previous cultural resources survey of the area of potential effect for this proposal identified no prehistoric cultural resources. We are not aware of any Hopi Traditional Cultural Properties in this project area. Therefore, we have determined that this proposal is unlikely to effect cultural resources significant to the Hopi Tribe.

We appreciate your continuing solicitation of our input and your efforts to address our concerns. Should you have any questions or need additional information, please contact Terry Morgart at the Hopi Cultural Preservation Office. Thank you again for your consideration.

Respectfully,



Leigh J. Kuwanwisiwma, Director
Hopi Cultural Preservation Office



QUECHAN INDIAN TRIBE
Ft. Yuma Indian Reservation

P.O. Box 1899
Yuma, Arizona 85366-1899
Phone (760) 572-0213
Fax (760) 572-2102

June 25, 2007

Department of the Army
Mr. Eric Verwers
PO Box 17300
Fort Worth, TX 76102-0300

Dear Mr. Verwers,

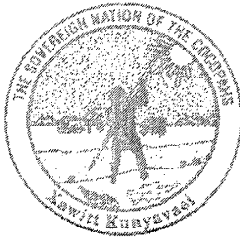
Thank you for updating us on the proposed installation of 4.2 miles of border barrier fence near the Lukeville Port of Entry.

We have reviewed the area in which the proposal takes place and have determined that there is no potential for impact on cultural resources affiliated with the Quechan Tribe. However, given the area of the project, there may be a potential impact on cultural resources affiliated with the Tohono O'odham. We support any decisions made by the tribe.

Again, thank you for your continued updates on this project. If you need any further information or have any questions, please contact me at (760) 572-2423.

Sincerely,

Bridget R. Nash-Chrabasz
Historic Preservation Officer



THE COCOPAH INDIAN TRIBE

Cultural Resource Department

County 15th & Avenue G

Somerton, Arizona 85350

Telephone (928) 627-2102

Fax (928) 627-3173

June 19, 2007

H. Jill McCormick
Cocopah Tribe
County 15 & Avenue G
Somerton, AZ 85350
928-503-2291

Eric W. Verwers
Department of the Army
Fort Worth District, Corps of Engineers
P.O. Box 17300, 819 Taylor Street
Fort Worth, Texas 76102-0300

RE: Environmental Assessment for the installation of 4.2 miles of Pedestrian Fence
along the International Border near Lukeville, Arizona

The Cultural Resources Department of the Cocopah Indian Tribe appreciates your consultation efforts on this project. We are pleased that you contacted the Cocopah Tribe on this cultural resource issue for the purpose of solicitation of our input and to address our concerns on this matter. However, at this time we wish to make no comments on the development of the project, although we would like to continue to be a part of any consultation process in the future.

If you have any questions or need additional information please feel free to contact the cultural resource department. We will be happy to assist you with any and all future concerns or questions.

Sincerely,

H. Jill McCormick

Cultural Resource Manager



REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF

SHPO-2007-1173 (33482)
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P.O. BOX 17300, 819 TAYLOR STREET
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

JUN 19 2007
6:12:57 PM

June 8, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

SUBJECT: Environmental Assessment for the Installation of 4.2 miles of Pedestrian Fence along the International Border near Lukeville, Arizona, Office of Border Patrol Tucson Sector, Arizona

Mr. James Garrison, State Historic Preservation Officer
ATTN: Ms. JoAnne Medley
Arizona State Parks
1300 West Washington
Phoenix, Arizona 85007

Dear Mr. Garrison:

While no final decisions on the fence locations have been made, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District (USACE) on behalf of Customs and Border Protection (CBP) intends to prepare an Environmental Assessment (EA) to address the feasibility of installing and maintaining approximately 4.2 miles of border barrier fence.

Based on congressional and executive mandates, CBP is assessing operational requirements and land issues along the entire Southwest border. Preparing the EA does not necessarily mean the 4.2 miles of barrier fence will be installed. This effort is a prudent part of the planning process needed to assess any environmental concerns.

The potential project would consist of replacing 4.2 miles of vehicle barriers with border fence. The construction foot print for this potential project would encompass the entire Roosevelt Reservation (60 feet from the U.S.-Mexico border north). The proposed border fence would begin 2.1 miles west of the Lukeville Port of Entry (POE) and extend eastward along the U.S.-Mexico border for 4.2 miles. Attached is a portion of the Lukeville 7.5 minute USGS quadrangle, which identifies the possible project site.

Previous cultural resource investigations and their Section 106 compliance have been accomplished by the Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument for their permanent vehicle barrier project. Therefore, no cultural resources surveys will be conducted, as the potential areas of impact are replacement and will be situated in the cleared area.


If you have any questions, please feel free to contact Ms. Patience Patterson, RPA (817) 886-1723 or Assistant Chief Patrol Agent Craig Weinbrenner at the Office of Border Patrol, Tucson Sector (520) 748-3000.

Sincerely,



Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and Construction
Support Office

Enclosures

for 
No Historic Properties Affected
Arizona State Historic Preservation Officer
Arizona State Parks Board
July 5, 2007



REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P.O. BOX 17300, 819 TAYLOR STREET
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

June 8, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

SUBJECT: Environmental Assessment for the Installation of 4.2 miles of Pedestrian Fence along the International Border near Lukeville, Arizona, Office of Border Patrol Tucson Sector, Arizona

Honorable Delia Carlisle, Chairperson
ATTN: Ms. Nancy Nelson, Cultural Resources Manager
Ak Chin Indian Community
47685 N Eco Museum Rd
Maricopa, AZ 85239

Dear Chairperson Carlisle:

While no final decisions on the fence locations have been made, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District (USACE) on behalf of Customs and Border Protection (CBP) intends to prepare an Environmental Assessment (EA) to address the feasibility of installing and maintaining approximately 4.2 miles of border barrier fence.

Based on congressional and executive mandates, CBP is assessing operational requirements and land issues along the entire Southwest border. Preparing the EA does not necessarily mean the 4.2 miles of barrier fence will be installed. This effort is a prudent part of the planning process needed to assess any environmental concerns.

The potential project would consist of replacing 4.2 miles of vehicle barriers with border fence. The construction foot print for this potential project would encompass the entire Roosevelt Reservation (60 feet from the U.S.-Mexico border north). The proposed border fence would begin 2.1 miles west of the Lukeville Port of Entry (POE) and extend eastward along the U.S.-Mexico border for 4.2 miles. Attached is a portion of the Lukeville 7.5 minute USGS quadrangle, which identifies the possible project site.

Previous cultural resource investigations and their Section 106 compliance have been accomplished by the Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument for their permanent vehicle barrier project. Therefore, no cultural resources surveys will be conducted, as the potential areas of impact are replacement and will be situated in the cleared area.

If you have any questions or comments regarding Traditional Cultural Places or Sacred Sites in or very near the project area, please call Ms. Patience Patterson, RPA at 817-886-1723 or Assistant Chief Patrol Agent Craig Weinbrenner at the Office of Border Patrol, Tucson Sector (520) 748-3000.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Eric W. Verwers". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Eric" being more prominent.

Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and Construction
Support Office

Enclosures

Copy Furnished w/ enclosure

Mr. James Garrison, State Historic Preservation Officer
ATTN: Ms. JoAnne Medley
Arizona State Parks
1300 West Washington
Phoenix, Arizona 85007

Distribution List for Tribal Consultation on the Lukeville fence Project

Honorable Delia Carlisle, Chairperson

ATTN: Ms. Nancy Nelson, Cultural Resources Manager (Acting)

Ak Chin Indian Community

47685 N Eco Museum Rd

Maricopa, AZ 85239

520-568-1369

Honorable Sherry Cordova, Chairperson

ATTN: Ms Jill McCormick

Cocopah Tribe

County 15th & Avenue G

Somerton, AZ 85350

Honorable Daniel Eddy, Jr., Chairman

ATTN: Mr. E. George Ray, Director Museum

Colorado River Indian Tribes

Route 1, Box 23-B

Parker, AZ 85344

Honorable William Rhodes, Governor

ATTN: Mr. Barnaby Lewis

Gila River Indian Community

Cultural Resources Management Program

P.O. Box 2140

Sacaton, AZ 85247

Honorable Benjamin H. Nuvamsa, Chairman

ATTN: Leigh Kuwanwisiwma

The Hopi Tribe

Main Street

Kykotsmovi, AZ 86039

(928) 734-3612

Honorable Hermnia Frias, Chairperson

ATTN: Ms. Amalia A.M. Reyes, Cultural Resources

Pascua Yaqui Tribe

7474 S Camino de Oeste

Tucson, AZ 85746

Honorable Mike Jackson, Jr., President

Quechan Tribe

ATTN: Ms. Pauline Jose

Fort Yuma-Quechan Tribal Museum

350 Pichcho Rd

Winterhaven, CA

Distribution List for Tribal Consultation on the Lukeville-Ajo Fence Project

Honorable Joni Ramos, President

ATTN: Ms. Dezbah Hatathli, Cultural Programs Supervisor

Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community

Cultural and Environmental Services Department

10005 E. Osborn

Scottsdale, AZ 85256

Honorable Wendsler Nosie, Sr., Chairperson

ATTN: Ms. Vernelda Grant, THPO

San Carlos Apache Tribe

P.O. Box 0

San Carlos, AZ 85550

Honorable Ned Norris, Jr., Chairman

ATTN: Mr. Peter Steere, Cultural Resources Manager

Tohono O'odham Nation

Cultural Affairs Department

Main Street

Sells, AZ 85634

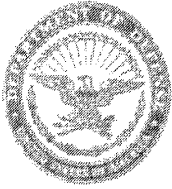
Honorable Ronnie Lupe, Chairman

ATTN: Mr. Mark Atalha, THPO

White Mountain Apache Tribe

P.O. Box 507

Fort Apache, AZ 85926



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P. O. BOX 17300
FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

June 4, 2007

Engineering and Construction Support Office

Environmental Assessment for the Installation of 4.2 miles of Pedestrian Fence along the International Border near Lukeville, Arizona, Office of Border Patrol Tucson Sector, Arizona

Arizona Game and Fish
Habitat Branch-Project Evaluation Program
Attn: Mr. Bob Broscheid, Project Evaluation Program Supervisor
2221 West Greenway Road
Phoenix, Arizona 85023

Dear Mr. Broscheid:

While no final decisions on the fence locations have been made, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District (USACE) on behalf of Customs and Border Protection (CBP) intends to prepare an Environmental Assessment (EA) to address the feasibility of installing and maintaining 4.2 miles of border barrier fence.

Based on congressional and executive mandates, CBP is assessing operational requirements and land issues along the entire Southwest border. Preparing the EA does not necessarily mean the 4.2 miles of barrier fence will be installed. This effort is a prudent part of the planning process needed to assess any environmental concerns.

This potential project would consist of replacing 4.2 miles of vehicle barriers with border fence. The construction footprint for this potential project would encompass the entire Roosevelt Reservation (60 feet from the U.S.-Mexico border north). The proposed border fence would begin 2.1 miles west of the Lukeville Port of Entry and extend eastward along the U.S. - Mexico border for 4.2 miles. Attached is a portion of the Lukeville 7.5 minute U.S.G.S. quadrangle, which identifies the possible project site.

We are currently in the process of gathering the most current information available regarding Federally and state listed species, cultural resources, and sensitive and unique areas occurring within the potential project area. We respectfully request that your agency provide any information regarding those resources and/or issues that you believe may be affected.

Your prompt attention to this request would be greatly appreciated. If you have any

-2-

questions, please call Mr. Charles McGregor of my staff at (817) 886-1585 or Assistant Chief Patrol Agent Craig L. Weinbrenner at the Office of Border Patrol Tucson Sector at (520) 748-3000

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Eric W. Verwers". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a long horizontal stroke at the end.

Eric W. Verwers
Director, Engineering and
Construction Support Office

