

STOP.THINK.CONNECT™

NATIONAL CYBERSECURITY AWARENESS CAMPAIGN

UNDERGRADUATE STUDENT PRESENTATION



Homeland
Security



STOP | THINK | CONNECT™



ABOUT STOP.THINK.CONNECT.

In 2009, President Obama issued the *Cyberspace Policy Review*, which tasked the Department of Homeland Security with creating an ongoing cybersecurity awareness campaign—Stop.Think.Connect.—to help Americans understand the risks that come with being online

Stop.Think.Connect. challenges the American public to be more vigilant about practicing safe online habits and persuades Americans to view Internet safety as a **shared responsibility** at home, in the workplace, and in our communities



YOUNG ADULTS AND THE INTERNET

*A 2011 survey conducted by the Pew Research Center's Internet & American Life Project, found that **83%** of Internet users ages 18 to 29 use social media*

Criminals can use information provided in your social media profile, such as your birthday, routine, hobbies, and interests to guess the answers to the security questions on your account or impersonate a trusted friend. Predators appreciate your help if you post your daily routine and whereabouts online



SOCIAL MEDIA USE

While social media helps us stay more involved, informed, and interconnected than ever before, it comes with risks.

- Many of the crimes that occur in real life are now facilitated through the Internet, including human trafficking, credit card fraud, identity theft, and embezzlement
- Scammers increasingly use social networking sites such as Facebook, Tumblr, Pinterest, and Instagram to gather information and target victims
- While the Internet is a great place to swap pictures and make weekend plans, keep in mind that cyber criminals are lurking; your former and future employers are finding out about you through social media; and even your grandparents may be checking up on you. What you say and do online is visible to others, and it cannot be erased

Did You Know?

- Facebook is the most widely used social network by college students, followed by YouTube and Twitter¹
- Students spend roughly 100 minutes per day on Facebook²

1. Nielsen Media Research, The State of Social Media: The Social Media Report, 2011
2. Johnson & Wales University, The Effects of Social Media on College Students, 2011



YOUR ONLINE IDENTITY

Determine how you will portray yourself online—your personal brand—as information you share on the Internet becomes increasingly accessible to others. What steps are you taking to protect yourself and your identity?

Set Up Privacy Restrictions.

Your social media network has likely expanded to include peers and potential employers who may have access to your photos, comments, check-ins, and status updates. Spend time creating appropriate privacy settings for the various members of your network

Think About Your Future.

Perform a quick search of yourself online. Do your findings represent the identity you would want a potential employer or university admissions officer to see? Consider setting up alerts for searches on different variations of your name with your school(s), place(s) of employment, and other distinguishing details

37% of employers use social networking sites to research potential job candidates¹

1. CareerBuilder.com, Press Room, <http://www.careerbuilder.com/share/aboutus/pressreleasesdetail.aspx?id=pr691&sd=4%2F18%2F2012&ed=4%2F18%2F2009,2012>



CYBER PREDATORS

Cyber predators are people who search online for other people in order to use, control, or harm them in some way

Cyber Tips for Young Adults:

- Keep your personal information private, including the names of your family members, your school, your telephone number, and your address
- Think twice before you post or say anything online; once it's in cyberspace, it's out there forever and can adversely impact your ability to get a job later in life
- If you think someone is contacting you under false pretenses, do not respond or reply



IDENTITY THEFT

***Identity theft** is the illegal use of someone else's personal information in order to obtain money or credit*

Cyber Tips for Young Adults:

- Create strong passwords with eight characters or more that use a combination of numbers, letters, and symbols
- Don't share your passwords with anyone
- Lock your computer and smartphone whenever they are not in use
- Keep social security numbers, account numbers, and passwords private, as well as specific information about yourself, such as your full name and birthday
- Don't open emails from strangers and don't click on links for unfamiliar sites; if you think an offer is too good to be true, then it probably is

Did You Know

- **18 -29 year olds** issue the most identity theft complaints
- **31%** of all identity theft complaints received by the Federal Trade Commission in 2012 were filed by young adults¹

1. Source: Federal Trade Commission, 2012



FRAUD & PHISHING

Fraud is the intentional perversion of truth in order to induce another to part with something of value or to surrender a legal right. **Phishing** is a scam by which a user is duped into revealing personal or confidential information that the scammer can use illicitly or fraudulently

Cyber Tips for Young Adults:

- Most organizations – banks, companies, etc. - don't ask for your personal information over email. Beware of requests to update or confirm your personal information
- Don't open emails from strangers and don't click on unfamiliar sites; if you think an offer is too good to be true, then it probably is
- Make sure you change your passwords often and avoid using the same password on multiple sites
- It's better to enter a new website address by typing it into the browser instead of following the link
- Be wary of messages that encourage you to act immediately, as well as offers that invite you to join an event or group on a social networking website with incentives like free gift cards



CALL TO ACTION

*Cybersecurity is a shared responsibility that all Americans should embrace in their communities in order to keep the Nation secure in the 21st Century. **Become an advocate on your campus** to help us educate and empower undergraduate students to take steps to protect themselves online*

How to get involved:

- Become a *Friend* of the Campaign by visiting www.dhs.gov/stopthinkconnect
- Lead or host a cyber awareness activity for your educational or social groups on campus
- •Blog, tweet, or post about Stop.Think.Connect.
- •Talk to your friends and family about safe online behavior
- •Volunteer within your community to mentor kids and teens on the basics of online safety



CYBER EDUCATION

The Stop.Think.Connect. Campaign also promotes science, technology, engineering, and math (STEM) education among students

- To help keep our computers and our country's networks safe, we need more cybersecurity professionals
- To do that, we need students who have skills in **science, technology, engineering, and math**

To learn more about STEM education and careers, visit the National Initiative for Cyber Careers and Studies (NICCS) Portal at <http://niccs.us-cert.gov/>



YOU CAN HELP KEEP THE INTERNET SAFE



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LEARN MORE

- Email us at: stopthinkconnect@dhs.gov.
- Download student resources at: <http://www.dhs.gov/stopthinkconnect>.

Resources Available to You...

- **StopBullying.gov:** Find out what to do if you or someone you know is being bullied.
- **iSafe.org:** Become an iMentor and promote cyber safety awareness in your home, school, and community.